The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 16—No 37 FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1856. WHOLE No 1188

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser's.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, on most reasonable terms.

LIFE INSURANCE.

U. States Life Insurance Annuity & Trust Company of Philadelphia.

OFFICES—S. E. corner Third and Chesnut sts., Philad'a
5 Nassau street, New York,
48 Camp street, New Orleans,
59 Second street, Baltimore;
18 Congress street, Boston,
80 Third Street, Cincinnati

Assets liable for Losses, Jan. 1, 1853, $306,029.004.

The Cash System, the only safe, sound and sensible one for either a Company or its insured members, and a perseverance in rigid application of correct Life Assurance business, have resulted in the most eminent success of this Company.

CINCINNATI BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

John L. Vattier, President.
Richard Cockling, John W. Messick,
S. S. W. McLean, I. P. Williams,
W. M. Cameron, Richard Gates,
James Mathews, Robert Co[illegible]ron,
A. Taft, Robert Mo[illegible],
John Evans, William Carey, Secretary.
S. C. [illegible] Agent [illegible]

A. P. Ayres, M.D., Ex. Physician.
Aug. 6th, 1853. y—8

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Trinity Building, 111 Broadway.

Not accumulating Cash Funds July 31st, 1853.

$2,193 802.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital and Surplus, over $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and responsible Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and information on the subject of Life Insurance, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more the the moral duty of man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 20, 1851. y17

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.

One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.

THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for this Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent,*
FORT WAYNE, IND.,
[Is also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*]
December 15, 1854. 24

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Etna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000.
MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital $400 000.
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N.Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*
May 17th, 1855. y46

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

L. M. NINDE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.
Office—corner of Main & Calhoun streets

DE HOUEN, JR. WILLIAM K. JONES
HOUGH & JONES,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
FORT WAYNE, IND.,

WILL attend to all Legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

REFERENCES.

Hon. Hamilton Fort Wayne. Jeffers, Chisolm & Co. N.Y.
J. W. Townley & Co. " David Leavitt, "
Comp & Wallis, Shawnee. " Taylor & Hogg, "
W. A. Otis & Co., Cleveland. " Halstead, Haines & Co. "
Hancock, Wilson & Wade, " Halstead & Binkaw, "
W. S. Rossins, Cincinnati " Edward Kellogg, Esq. "
Fox & French, " Loring, Fisk & Co., Boston.
Giser, Andrews & Co. " Stedland & Lovering "
Jerom, Tweed & Co. " McDowell & Day, Philadelp.
Hitkeson & Co., Buffalo. " Wood & Abbot, "
Wyward & Noyes, " Bullitt & Fairthorne, "

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 18th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald, } *Professor of Law*
William T. Otto, } *Indiana University*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur*

OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of Bank. y38

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. HACKENBRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis*
" Richard Snydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio*

Office west of Clinton and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

M. J. ATKINSON,
Attorney-at-Law:
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WILL attend promptly to the collection of Claims, payment of taxes, redemption of lands, &c., in this State and north-western Ohio.

Refers to Hon. S. P. CHASE, Cincinnati, Ohio.
RICHARD STONE, Esq. "
RUBEN WOOD, Esq., Cleveland, O.
Gen S ROSS, "
Hon. WM TWEED, New York.
McSPEDON & BAKER, "
ROBT. STEN & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
ROBT. McKELLY, Esq, Fort Wayne, Ind.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. CARPENTER

HAS taken an office on Calhoun street, over T. Stapleford & Co's Store, and takes pleasure in announcing to the public that he is prepared to examine and treat

Chronic Diseases,

of every variety and character,

Consumption, Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Scrofula Diseases of the Eyes, Deafness, &c.

FEVER AND AGUE PERMANENTLY CURED!

Dr. Carpenter's
Great American Vegetable Extract

is now ready for use, give him a call and satisfy yourselves, do not suffer yourselves to have another shake while Dr. Carpenter's Great American Vegetable Extract is in circulation. No cure no pay. This remedy is warranted free from Quinine or Arsenic

Fort Wayne, February 16, 1856 u—33

Dr. C. S. Smith,
Fort Wayne.

Office on Calhoun street, recently occupied by Drs. Sturgis and Woodworth, under the Sentinel office

Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

Dr. ROGERS

Office on Corner Main and Calhoun streets Over R. Evans & Co's Store.

Fort Wayne, Sept 19, 1853. p6md21

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his Office to his house, on the corner of Clinton and Wayne sts. directly back of the 1st Presbyterian Church, where he may be found when not professionally engaged.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 23th, 1854. 34

Medicated Inhalation!

BY THIS SYSTEM

Thousands have been Cured

OF

CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, AND KINDRED DISEASES.

A SYSTEM of treatment which originated at the BROMPTON HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION, LONDON, and successfully practiced by Dr. T. R. KINGET of Fort Wayne, late of Sandusky, Ohio, and formerly Assistant Physician to the above Hospital.

All those afflicted with the above named diseases are invited to call at my office, on CALHOUN ST., CORNER OF PEARL, Fort Wayne, Indiana, or apply by letter and obtain a circular (free), and I will give the most convincing evidence that diseases of the Throat and Lungs are no longer incurable.

T. R. KINGET, OCULIST,
6m45 *and* PHYSICIAN *for Diseases of the Lungs*

To Those Suffering

FROM

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs!

BY the direct application of Medicated Vapor to the seat of the disease,

Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis,

etc., are quickly and permanently removed. Thousands have been restored to their families and to health, after eminent physicians had left them to die.

T. R. KINGET, M. D.,
OCULIST, and PHYSICIAN for Diseases of the Lungs.

OFFICE, Corner of Calhoun and Pearl Streets, FORT WAYNE Ind.

REFER to B. Saunders Esq., and C. Whitmore Esq. 6m45

MEDICAL NOTICE.
DR. T. R. KINGET,
Eclectic Practitioner, Oculist, and
Physician for Diseases of the Lungs

DR. K. having permanently located himself in the city of Fort Wayne, for the practice of *Medicine in* EVERY *department* of the profession, particularly

Diseases of the Eye and Chest

he is prepared to treat all cases committed to his charge upon improved scientific principles, without the use of deleterious agents.

Four years ago Dr. K. became a convert to

Reformed System of Medicin

having previously been an Allopathic practitioner during a period of ten years.

As he condemns the Allopathic principle of creating one disease to cure another, by the use of *Mercury Arsenic, &c*, so he discards the practice of exhausting the vital organs in order to strengthen them by *Bleeding*. Yet he is not a Thomsonian.

Having abandoned, therefore, what is erroneous in *principle*, and injurious in the *practice* of Allopathy; so he has abandoned the name of "Allopath." And having made a *choice of the most Philosophical Principles* of, as well as the *best and safest Remedies for disease*, Dr. K. is called an

ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN.

☞ Office corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets. Fort Wayne. y48

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the Office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

C. L. HILL has received his Spring and Summer's supply of Books and Stationery, and has now on hand the *best stock* ever offered for sale in this market. It consists of

SCHOOL BOOKS

of every description used in this vicinity, and offers them at Wholesale or Retail. Country merchants will do as well to buy of him as to go East.

LAW BOOKS.—He keeps a general assortment of Standard Law Books, and has facilities for ordering anything in this line that may be wanted.

MEDICAL BOOKS—Every thing in the medical line of a standard character can be had at Hill's Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.—A full supply of all standards works, together with all the standard poets, are kept constantly on hand, and new miscellaneous books are received as soon as published.

PAPER.

French, English and American Cap and Letter Paper, worth from one dollar and fifty cents to five dollars per ream. Bill paper, Wrapping paper, Printing and Hardware Paper, he has always for sale.

Fancy Articles.

He has also just received a large lot of fancy articles such as fine Rosewood and Mahogany writing desks, Portfolios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonnies and Gent's Traveling Cases, together with the most beautiful articles of all, which the Ladies are requested to take particular notice of, viz:—a splendid lot of Ladies' Cabas of the latest and most fashionable style.

PAPER HANGINGS.

He keeps the best stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fire Board prints in the place.

May 12th.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail dealers in
DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Crockery & Hardware
Fort Wayne, March 18, 1854.

North-Eastern Indiana.

Some of the finest land, and the most highly cultivated farms in the State, lie in the North-eastern corner, in the counties of Dekalb, Steuben, Lagrange, Noble, Whitley and Kosciusko. In Dekalb, in Whitley, and in a part of Noble, and a part of Kosciusko, the country is heavily timbered, and the soil a fruitful clayey loam.—In Steuben and Lagrange, and the most of Kosciusko, the country consists generally of what is called *barrens* and prairies. We must not, however, suppose that what is called barrens is really a barren soil. The term *barrens* is applied to the country abounding in groves of oak, either large, spreading, and beautiful trees, giving the scene the apperance of some old English park, or small saplings and shrubs. The labor of clearing these barens is considerable, though not equal to that of clearing off the heavy timbered lands of the central portions of the State. The soil is a light, sandy loam, easily cultivated and extremely fertile, producing luxuriant crops of wheat. The prairies in this part of the State are very beautiful, and form most valuable farms.

There is one feature of the scenery of this part of the State, contributing greatly to the beauty of the country, not seen, at least in so great perfection, in any other part. We refer to the pure, clear, well defined lakes of living water. They lie scattered all over Noble, Kosciusko, and the neighboring counties. No more beautiful sheets of water can be found anywhere, than you will see in these northern counties. Indeed, the variety of dense forest, open grove, prairie, and lake, with highly cultivated farms, renders the whole region one of the most beautiful in America. While traveling over it, a year or two ago, we could but often stop, look around and exclaim, all alone to ourselves, how surpassingly beautiful is this whole country.

The towns in these counties, though yet small, are well laid out, well built, and appear flourishing. Auburn, Albion and Columbia are situated in timbered regions, where the grand old forests are hardly yet cleared away. Angola is built among the oak barrens; Ontario and Lima in the midst of the prairies; Lagrange in the edge of the forest; and Warsaw on the shore of a fine lake. The houses in the towns, as well as the farm houses, are better built, in more permanent style and in better taste than are the dwellings generally in the central and southern parts of the State.

The means of access to market in this part of the State are becoming convenient. The farmers can easily reach the Michigan Southern Railroad on the North, and the Wabash and Erie canal on the South. The Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, a connection of the Ohio and Indiana, and of the Pennsylvania and Ohio, now completed to Columbia, twenty miles west of Fort Wayne, will soon be opened through the counties of Whitley and Kosciusko, on its way to Chicago. The Lake Erie, Wabash, and St. Louis Road, now in operation from Toledo to the town of Wabash, furnishes already an outlet to the East, and now will to the South and West. A branch of the Michigan Southern Road was to run through the centre of these North-eastern counties, but we are not informed of its present condition and progress.

The people of this portion of the State evidently belong to the live genius. They are industrious, enterprising, and wide awake. They go ahead in improving their farms, school houses, churches and towns. They have a fine country, and they know it. They are also smart people, and that too they know, and they evidently intend that the world shall in due season hear from them.—*State Sentinel.*

Lynch Law at Illinois—Monroe Hung by a Mob.—The Governor having granted a respite in the case of A. M. Monroe, sentenced to be hung at Charleston, Coles Co., Illinois, on Friday last, for the murder of his father-in-law, Mr Ellington, a very great excitement was caused among the people in the town and the surrounding country. The crime of which Monroe stood convicted was generally regarded as of a peculiarly aggravated character, and the respite of the Governor having for the time robbed the gallows of its victim, the people determined to take justice into their own hands. On the day appointed for the execution, an excited crowd of many thousand persons had assembled. A mob proceeded to the jail, and despite the efforts of the Sheriff to prevent them, broke it open, seized and bound the prisoner, and taking him to a tree in the vicinity, hung him thereon.

One account states that there was a guard of twelve men stationed at the jail, but they allowed themselves to be driven away, when the mob demanded entrance to the building. The jailor's wife, however, locked and bolted the door and bade them defiance. The mob became infuriated and attacked the window of the cell in which Monroe was confined, with crow-bars, axes and sledges, and after three hours hard work removed a bar, and made a hole large enough for one man to crawl through. An individual was sent in to toke the prisoner, but it was like bearding the lion in his den, for a terrible fight ensued, in which the invader was worsted. But reinforcements crept in, and Monroe was dragged out.

It is said that six or eight of the leaders in the affair have been arrested, and are now in jail at Charleston to await an examination.

The Scientific Value of Snow.

The snow was proverbially the "poor man's manure" before scientific analysis had shown that it contained a larger per centage of ammonia than rain. The snow serves as a protecting mantle to the tender herbage and the roots of all plants against the fierce blasts and cold winter. An examination of snow in Siberia showed that when the temperature of the air was seventy-two degrees below zero the temperature of the snow a little below the surface was 29 degrees above zero—over one hundred degrees difference. The snow keeps the earth just below its surface in a condition to take on chemical changes which would not happen if the earth were bare and frozen to a great depth.

The snow prevents exhalations from the earth and it is a powerful absorbent, retaining and returning to the earth gases arising from vegetable and animal decomposition. The snow, though it falls heavily at the door of the poor and brings death and starvation to the fowls of the air and beasts of the field, is yet of incalculable benefit in a climate like ours, and especially at this time, when the deep springs of the earth were failing, and the mill streams were refusing their motive powers to the craving appetite of man. If, during the last month, the clouds had dropped rain instead of snow we might have pumped and bored the earth in vain for water; but, with a foot of snow upon the earth and many feet upon the mountains, the hum of the mill stones and the harsh notes of the saw, will soon and long testify to its beneficence. Bridges, earth-works and the fruits of engineering skill and toil may be swept away, and man will still rejoice in the general good and adore the benevolence of Him who orders all things aright.

The snow is a great purifier of the atmosphere. The absorbent power or capillary action of snow is like that of a sponge or charcoal. Immediately after snow has fallen, melt it in a clean vessel and taste it and you will find immediately evidences of impurity. Try some a day or two old and it becomes nauseous, especially in cities.—Snow water makes the mouth harsh and dry.—It has the same effect on the skin, and on the hands and feet produces the painful malady of chilblains. In Alpine countries, snow water has been thought to be productive of the disease called *goitre*. The following easy experiment illustrates beautifully the absorbent property of snow: Take a lump of snow (a peice of snow crust answers well) of three or four inches in length and hold it in the flame of a lamp; not a drop of water will fall from the snow, but the water as fast as formed, will penetrate or be drawn up into the mass of snow by capillary attraction. It is by virtue of this attraction that the snow purifies the atmosphere by absorbing and retaining its noxious and noisome gases and odors.

Income and Expenditure of the Principal Nations.

GREAT BRITAIN.	
Income, 1854.	$272.338,233
Expenditure, 1854	287.741,721
FRANCE.	
Income, 1854	$291,895.300
Expenditure, 1854	291,220,326
UNITED STATES.	
Income	$73.549.705
Expenditure	75,354,630
AUSTRIA.	
Income	$113.825.755
Expenditure	141,101,097
PRUSSIA.	
Income	$77.752.848
Expenditure	77,752,848

The Armies of the principal Nations.

Great Britain, 1824	127.977
France, "	570.000
Austria, "	406.000
United States, "	11.000
Russia, "	699.000
Prussia, "	129,110
Turkey, "	178,680
Spain, "	99,480
Switzerland, "	72.000
Sweden, "	48.000
Sardinia, "	47,310

Navies of the principal Nations.

	Ships.	Guns.
Great Britain,	481	15,243
France,	290	11,773
Austria,	104	742
United States,	74	2,026
Russia,	207	9,000
Prussia,	54	288
Turkey,	70	2,636
Spain,	99	
Sardinia,	40	900
Denmark	120	833
Holland,	88	2,000
Sweden,	330	660

[*From the New York Day Book.*]

Renewal of the War in Kansas.

News of the re-opening of hostilities in Kansas reached us again on Saturday, by telegraph from St. Louis, and this time it is acknowledged by the Fresoil press that the "Free State" men were the assailants. It is evident, from all the we get, that these Free State men are not what are called here Abolitionists. We do not believe there are a dozen genuine Abolitionists in Kansas. They are, we do not hesitate to say, as free from any sympathy with the slaves or the anti-slavery people of the East as any man in this or any other northern State. What are they, then? Simply political adventurers, vagabonds, negro thieves and wandering paupers, who have gone to Kansas, at the instigation of a set of dishonest and corrupt politicians in this State and New England, called the "Emigrant Aid Society," who desire to obtain and hold power in the United States government by creating excitement and disturbance on this interminable nigger question.

Your genuine Abolitionists never fight. They would not go to war no sooner than women.—Just think of such men as Greeley, and Tappan, and Garrison going to war. Why, our corps of news boys would drive the whole kit and *posse* of them out of the United States with snow balls! No, no—it is not the Abolitionists that fight in Kansas, it is a worse (if there can be a worse) set of fellows than the psalm-singing, anti-slavery people we have amongst us here.

The Free State men of Kansas are the old disappointed office-seeking Whigs, bankrupt and renegade Democrats, of the Evening Post school, who have gone to Kansas to better their fortunes and draw around them the paupers and vagabonds of Massachusetts who have been pushed off by the "Aid Society" and told that they must fight for the "cause of freedom." The dishonest and corrupt leaders, who care no more for the well being of Kansas than Kamschatka, are diligently at work the whole time to stir up strife and war on the Missouri borders in order to become conspicions and get office. Or, in other words, to help the Black Republican party gain the next election.

We have no means of knowing how strong "Free State party" of black vagabonds is in Kansas, but we hope and trust that the "border ruffians" will be left to make a finish of them this time. We want no more truces with the rascals; and if Col. Lane and his fellow officers who pretend that they are fighting for the "freedom of Kansas," when they know that they are fighting for office, do not quiet their blind followers, they must take with them the consequences of their rash folly.

The Tribune tells us that they have sent on more of Sharp's rifles. We do not believe a word of it. This is all a sham, published on purpose to frighten off the "border ruffians," but it will not do. Sharp's rifles in the hands of unexperienced men are not as good as a common fowling-piece, and if the "ruffians" once get within game shot of these "Emigrant Aid" vagabonds, they will make short work of them.

Only think of it—all this hubbub, this rebellion, this *civil war* for the prospective liberty of a (we were going to say) few dozen negroes, but there is not even that much in view. They call it the "cause of freedom," whereas there is no such cause at stake any way they can fix it. No body's freedom is going to be taken away from them now, nor for the next thousand years to come, and on no pretense can that contingency ever be brought about. It is simply the "cause" of a few office seeking scoundrels, and nothing else; and if the "Emigrant Aid Society" had let Kansas alone and let emigration taken its natural course, we should have had no trouble, no excitement and no war, every white man and negro would have been precisely as well off and enjoyed the same next year and the year after, and fifty or a hundred years after as he will now.

What egregious folly, then, to pretend that the "free State" men in Kansas are patriots and fighting for the "cause of freedom!" While folks killing each other off by the thousands for the sake of some half dozen runaway negroes, who may get into Kansas some time during the next century! Who'll go and fight the "border ruffians," for some Quashy of 1856? If any, speak or go to the Tribune office and enlist.

Bogus Benevolence.—According to the Tribune, sham Sunday schools form a favorite and successful means of swindling in New York, and that paper says that in one part of the city no less than four of these bogus establishments are in operation with a long list of collectors, who raise for each school from $1,000 to $1.500 a year. Of this sum ten per cent. goes to the support of the school, and the rest into the pockets of the hangers-on. The New York Express says that the sham philanthropists cost the city about $50,000 annually, while their so-called schools are at best but a mere farce.

Important from Nicaragua.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.

The steamer Star of the West, from San Juan, arrived this morning. She left Key West on the 23d inst. She bring $330.000 in treasure, $130,000 of which is consigned to Drexel & Co., Philadelphia.

On the 10th inst. a decree was promulgated in the city of Granada, claiming and annexing the whole of the Mosquito Territory as the integral portion of Nicaragua. Shortly after, the diplomatic corps, headed by Colonel Kinney, arrived at Granada from San Juan, and had an audience with General Walker.

On the following day Colonel Kinney was placed under arrest, and subsequently banished from the Territory of Nicaragua. He was sent under the charge of Major Martin to the Atlantic seaboard.

By this arrival we have the following additional particulars of the intelligence from Nicaragua.

A decree of President Rivas of Walker's government, dated Granada, February 10, declared that the title of the Republic of Nicaragua to the Mosquito territory is notorious and incontestible. It declares, also, that Colonel Kinney, Shepherd Hale, and all other claiming under them, are guilty of an attempt against Central America and Nicaragua.

Colonel Louis Schessinger had gone to San Jose as a Commissioner of Nicaragua, to demand explanations from the Government of Costa Rica regarding its refusal to hold intercourse with the new Republic.

Advices had been received from San Salvador that General Cabbennas was there endeavoring to excite the inhabitants to hostilities against Nicaragua, the people being greatly incensed against Walker, and it was feared they would adopt measures to provoke a war.

It was rumored that a league, offensive and defensive, was being entered into by the Governments of Costa Rica, Guatamela, Honduras and Salvador, which caused considerable uneasiness to Walker's Government, and his official organ has a long article on the matter.

Important from Mexico.

The New Orleans Bulletin of the 26th says:

"Mr. DaCosta, purser of the steamship Texas, which arrived last evening from Vera Cruz, has furnished us with the following memoranda:

"The Texas arrived at Vera Cruz, on the 20th and left on the 22d. Reports that the Castle of San Jean de Ulloa pronounced in favor Hero y Tamaris on the night of the 12th, and on the 13th notified the city that if they did not surrender by twelve o'clock M., it would be bombarded. At half-past twelve the Castle opened on the city, continuing it for an hour. Two persons were wounded, and some damage done to the houses.

"On the 14th the French frigate Penelope came up from Sagrificios and anchored between the Castle and the city. Nothing further occurred until the 19th. The war steamer Guererro came in to tow out the national ship Guadalupe, when the Castle fired into her for fifteen minutes, five shots taking effect, killing the First Lieutenant and four men, and wounding seven. In the meantime a bomb from Fort St. Jago fell on the Castle, blowing up an ammunition chest, killing and wounding sixteen men. On the 20th, at half-past five P. M. the Castle surrendered to the city. Before the commencement of the firing the shiping took refuge at Sacrificios, returning to their anchorage on the 21st. The national ship Guadalupe and steamship Ben Franklin remained at their moorings. Most of the families left for the neighboring villages during the difficulty."

Riot Between American and Greek Sailors at Cardiff.—Among the numerous vessels at present lying in the Pute Docks, Cardiff, are some sailing under the American flag and manned by Yankee crews, and others manned by Greek seamen. A misunderstanding having arisen between some men of the two parties, it was taken up by their companions and countrymen on either side. The Greeks had located themselves inside the Liverpool Tavern, when the Americans, whose numbers were much greater, drew up in force on the outside of the entrance-door, making use, the while, of the most violent threats. A peace officer, seeing that a riot was likely to ensue, collected all the constables he could find in the neighborhood, and attempted to disperse the crowd, which had grown to there of some two thousand persons. The Americans defied the the police, saying they were strong enough to clear the town, and would do so if interfered with. One man in the crowd swore he would rip the officer up. The Greeks, meanwhile, drew themselves up in a compact body on the staircase of the house, each man having his long knife grasped firmly by the hilt, awaiting an attack. The Greeks made no attempt to come into the street, and the Americans at length rushed in upon them with a savage yell. A fearful conflict ensued. One or two of the combatants were stabbed, and had to be carried off; several others received severe wounds from kicks, blows, &c. The police were unable to do more than protect the Greeks to the best of their power, until a strong reinforcement arriving, they succeeded in arresting several of the ringleaders, and finally inclearing the street.—*London News*

Books for Children.—I wish I could feel now, in reading the book that ever was written, the same intense enjoyment and pleasure as I did when I read Bluebeard, and Beauty and the Beast, Jack and Bean Stalk, and Jack the Giant Killer. The other day I began to read them again, and I was delighted with them. I wanted to give them dramatically to my children. I wanted them to enjoy what I enjoyed when I was young. What are you frightened for in given these books to our children? I don't believe there is a man or woman here who remebers any book they read in youth, and who does not recollect the pleasure with wich these books were read. Very well; do you find they have done you harm? Do you look back with a grave face upon any injury they have done you? I know they come into my soul like sunbeams. I have the deepes thankfulness that a have these books. Then give them to your ragged boys as well.—Give them your good books; but if you will have them interested, you must have a broader and more manly view about the books they ought to read. As to the difficulty of getting people to read, he advised any who were good readers to embrace opportunities of reading to persons who did not themselves read, good, useful interesting books, and they would thus do a vast amount of good. Many a man would rejoice to hear a book read, who would get little good if the book were left to him to read it himself.—*Dicken.*

Riot at Columbia, South Carolina.—The South Carolina papers contain details of the recent terrible riot at Columbia College, in that State, which took place on the night of the 17th ult.—A party of students who had a grudge against the Chief of Police made a murderous assault upon him in the street, badly injuring him. One of the students had his skull split open. The Chief of Police was conveyed by some of his friend to the guard-house, upon which an attack was made by about one hundred and fifty students, armed with knives clubs and pistols, again badly beating the Chief and stabbing him, after which they threw him out of the second-story window. The alarm bells were then rung and the citizens came together, when another conflict ensued, but without much serious result. Six military companies were then called out and stationed as guards around the guard-house and jail. The excitement was kept up until the 21st, the students still threatening revenge, and were very active in procuring arms and ammunition. The Governor went to the college and demanded their arms, threatening to fire upon them if they refused to deliver them up. The students finally yielded, and quiet was restored.

Another accouns says the scene present was such as was never before witnessed in Columbia. Two hundred armed citizens, with guns loaded with ball cartridge, opposed to more than one hundred enraged young men with rifles in their hands. The order had been given to take aim, and a fire would have followed had not Colonel Goodwin and others thrown themselves between the parties and called on the citizens not to fire, and by much persuasion the students were induce to return to the college.

One of the students has since died, and others are not expected to recover in consequence of injuries received. The Chief of Police is also reported dead. Some of the students have since been expelled.

Letters from Columbia, S. C., March 3d, published in the Charleston papers stated that the troubles at the Colledge in that place, are not over yet and the exercises have been temporarily suspended.

On Thursday, the students threatened to rebel, unless the Trustees returned the arms to the College cadets. The Governor interposed and partially quieted them, but a few still held out. A large number of students had left the College, and the rest had been suspended, so that 30 or 40 only retained their connection.

Fruits of Know-Nothingism.

Whilst our know-nothings, by their illiberal and unwise police, are driving away the useful and laborious immigrant, other governments are offering the most favorable terms in order to induce him to settle in their respective countries. So we read in our German papers that the government of the sovereign State of New Leon, in Mexico, has concluded a contract with Messrs. C. R. Riotte and G. Frauenstein, of Texas, in behalf of transplating a number of Germans from the United States to Mexico. The principal conditions of this contract are as follows:

1. The government of the State cedes for the colonization of Germans 29 square leagues, situated in the district of the city of Lampazos, which have been presented for this purpose by M. Gregorio de Mierry Teran.

2. Five of these leagues are exclusively set out for a city. A surveyor appointed by the government, has to point them out, and to provide that the blocks have 100 varas in cubit, and that the streets are not less than 20 varas broad.

3. The same surveyor has to select one large and one small place for public use; to point out the fitting spots for the erection of churches, city hall, public schools, and other public buildings.

4. Of the four lots (each to 50 square varas) which each block contains, three are to be given to German and one to Mexican settlers.

* * * * * * *

17. The Germans become Mexican citizens from the moment they touch the soil of the republic, provided that, before the first magistrate they meet with, they abjure every allegiance to other countries, and swear fidelity to the republic of Mexico.

18. The German and Mexican settlers remain for the first three years (reckoned from the foundation of the colony) free from all kinds of taxes. For the same period they are also exempted from military service, except in cases of a hostile invasion, or an attack by Indians, when they will form immediately their national guard, (militia,) under their own commanders, who may, in giving orders, use their own language.

20. The land of the settlers, their improvements, moveable property, of their cattle four cows, two yoke of oxen, one horse, and also provisions necessary for one year, can never be seized for debt, whether due to the government for taxes or to private persons.

20. Machines, tools, cattle, utensils, and wearing apparel with the German settlers carry with them, are free from import duty.

21. They shall not be molested in the free exercise of their religious creed.

What say our know-nothings hereto? Mexico is a beautiful and a fertile country, and nothing is wanting but a good number of the migrating Indo-Germanic settlers, who, by their hard labor, industry, and social qualifications, open her rich, slumbering resources to civilization and the commerce of the world; and such have our Germans proved themselves to be. Four years of know-nothing reign in the United States will help Mexico more than the profits accrued from the sales of twenty Mesilla valleys.

The Hindoo Platform.—The principal feature of the platform is its intense nativeism—old fashione, true-blue native Americanism. The Catholic feature is stricken out, and the party now fraternizes with Catholics as lovingly as if they had never assailed the Pope and his satellites.—The Catholics of Louisiana were admitted into the Convention, and the *Protestants were refused admission!* The whole creed of the party has dwindled down to this, unrelenting opposition to Foraigners, whether Protestants or Catholics.

There is one thing, however, which needs explanation. The 8th section of the platform is published in three different ways, as follows:

(1) An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory can admit others than native born citizens to the right of suffrage, or of holding political office, unless such persons shall have been naturalized according to the laws of the United States.

(2) An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory ought to admit others than native born citizens of the United States to the right of suffrage, or of holding political office.

(3) An enforcement of the principln that no State or Territory ought to admit others than native born citizens of the United States to the right of suffrage or of holding political office.

Which is the proper reading? The last one no doubt, is the sentiment of the party if candidly acknowledged.—*Pittsburgh Gazette (whig)*

From the Lancaster (Pa) Examiner, old line whig

The K. N. National Convention on Monday nominated Millard Fillmore for President and A. J. Donelson of Tennessee, for Vice President.

The true friends of Mr. Fillmore—those who boldly stood by him when he needed friends, and breasted in his behalf the tide of obloquy and fanaticism—will deeply regret to see his name used in this connection. There is not the slightest ground for resting a hope upon that more than two States can be carried for him nor will he even be second highest in the contest. The abolitionists will get more electoral votes for their candidate.

The reputation gained by this firm, patriotic and judicious administration, which time has but brightened and strengthened, will be forever dimmed by the disastrous and overwhelming defeat which now surely awaits him. He may in after years truly say—"surely some enemy has done this thing."

"Those horrid foreigners."—A New York paper says:

"An exclusively 'native' comic paper was started in this city a short time ago, called 'Young Sam.' Yesterday three gentlemen, *all of the Englishmen*, through their assignee, sued the proprietors of 'Young Sam' for literary services in editing this specimen of an unadulterated know nothing sheet."

Old Bible Doctrine.

William Wall, Esq., formerly one of the Board of Canal Commissioners of Ohio, and a Democrat of the older time, has become editor of the Brown County (Ohio.) Democrat. Among the old doctrines he is preaching weekly for the benefit of his readers, we find the following:

The Church.—My religious notions are rather peculiar. The great commandment is, "six days shalt thou labor and do all thy work; but the seventh is the Sabath of the Lord thy God; in it thou shalt not do any work." According to the commentment a Christian is just as much bound to labor diligently six day of the week in his profession or calling for the comfortable support and maintenance of himself or family, and for the benefit of his creditors, if he has any, as he is bound to abstain from labor on the seventh day; and to "remember to keep it holy" unto the Lord. And no man or woman can be running day and night to meeting or elsewhere without neglecting their duty to themselves, to their families, or creditors, and endangering their health. And St. Paul says "if any provide not for his own and especialy for those of his own house, he hath denied the faith and is worse than an infidel." If a person instead of laboring diligently in his business during six days of the week, and going to bed early in order to rest his body and mind by refreshing sleep and quietness, so that he may be prepared for the duties of the coming day, should attent church every day and every night, he must soon become exhausted in strength and must neglect his business, and if he owes a dollar in the world, he is a dishonest man and no Christian. If he owes money his time honestly belongs to his creditors till the debt is paid; and after that his family and friends have a just claim upon him.

Besides this, going into a crowded, heated room, becoming excited, shouting, singing loud and praying long, and then going out into the cold air, is ruinous to health. My doctrine then is, to attend to your secular duties faithfully and diligently during week days—go to no night meetings, but be zealous and faithful on the Sabbath, and give to Lord all the time. By this I do not recommend a man to become a mere Sabbath Christian, for a person can be just as religious, and just as good a Christain when engaged in his daily labor, as when on his knees engaged in prayer; and I cannot approve loud, boisterous worship, for the Lord was not in the wind, nor in the earthquake, nor in the fire, but in the still small voice. So religion is not in word, nor in violent gestures, but in the heart.

An Item for Everybody.—It would seem as if the K. N. and Republican coalition ripened the seeds of decay as it waxed in volume, and was rotten at the core, as soon as ripe. Thus of Mr.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1856.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS

For Governor,
ASHBEL P. WILLARD, of White.

For Lieut. Governor,
JOHN C. WALKER, of Laporte.

For Secretary of State,
DANIEL McCLURE, of Morgan.

For Auditor of State,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.

For Treasurer of State,
AQUILLA JONES, of Bartholomew.

For Attorney General,
JOS. E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
WILLIAM C. LARRABEE, of Putnam.

For Clerk of Supreme Court,
WILLIAM B. BEACH, of Boone.

For Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court,
GORDON TANNER, of Jackson.

Mr. Willard's Speech.

Mr. Willard, our candidate for Governor made a noble speech here last night, which was listened to with marked attention, interrupted only by bursts of applause, by a large and intelligent audience. Mr. W. is undoubtedly one of the best and most effective speakers in Indiana and will do good service in some of the more benighted regions of the state, in dispelling the darkness and ignorance with which know nothingism and fusionism have enshrouded them.

We regret we have not space to dwell more in detail upon the merits of this glorious speech. It was a noble defence of the democratic party and democratic principles from the calumnies heaped upon them; the Kansas Nebraska bill was explained and triumphantly vindicated, and we should think even a fusionist would hereafter blush whenever he opened his mouth on Anti Nebraskaism. Know Nothingism and political preaching were also held up in their proper light as objects of scorn and contempt for every good citizen and reasonable man.

The conclusion of the speech was addressed to the Old Line Whigs, who were shown that the principles of tariff, bank, &c., were not now in issue—that they were settled by common consent upon Democratic principles—but that a question of far greater magnitude than any and all these, now presented itself, and they must take sides: they cannot stand aloof. That question was the dissolution of the Union. Upon this point Whigs and Democrats had always entertained the same opinion. They were always for the Union—one and inseparable. Now there was but one Union and one national party, and that one was the Democratic party. If they did not wish to be passive lookers-on, and witness the destruction of our political fabric, they must unite with the Democratic party; or at least take shelter under the democratic roof till the present storm of faction should subside.

This speech was fully equal to the high expectations which Mr. W.'s reputation had inspired—all that could be expected—all that the occasion called for. It was truthful, frank, manly, and eloquent, and has made the gifted speaker many warm and devoted friends and admirers among the unflinching democracy of Allen Co.

ORGANIZE!—In view of of approaching Presidential Campaign, we would call upon the democrats to organize and prepare for the conflict. We should have democratic associations formed in every county and every township, the necessary committees appointed, and means taken for a general circulation of democratic papers and documents: public meetings should be held and competent speakers engaged: the luke-warm should be stimulated to vigorous action: the wavering should be convinced of the justice of our cause, and those who have been misled brought back to the democratic fold. Errors should be corrected in honest but mistaken minds, darkness dispelled by the lights of democracy. This is all that is needed to ensure our sucess in this state. The democracy of Indiana, when united and organized, are invincible, and can only be defeated when they allow themselves to be caught unprepared and unorganized.

The township elections on the 1st Monday in March next, would be a suitable time for the democrats in each township to get together, and make arrangements for a thorough organization. We trust the opportunity may be improved. It is time we were beginning to marshal our forces.

Strange Bedfellows.—The K. N. nomination of Fillmore and Donelson is rather an incongruous affair. When Fillmore was President, Donelson was editing the Washington Union, and was unsparing in his abuse of the man with whom he is now running on the same ticket. Fillmore's actions were denounced, his motives impugned, and himself held up as the weakest, most unprincipled, and corrupt man that ever occupied that elevated position. We are not aware of any particular change in Mr. Fillmore since that time, except that he has joined the Know Nothings—a fact that is not calculated to raise him much in the estimation of right-thinking men; and yet Mr. Donelson is now playing second fiddle to this newly-made friend, and seeking to reinstate him in the very position he formerly contended he had so signally disgraced! What will Mr. Fillmore himself think when he sees whose name is coupled with his on the K. N. ticket?—Know Nothingism, like misery, makes a man acquainted with strange bedfellows.

The Union is going to reproduce a few of the gems from its old files, written by Donelson, showing up Mr. Fillmore. It will be good authority, and cannot be gainsaid by those who sustain Donelson for the Vice Presidency.

New Hampshire Election.—The election in New Hampshire was held on Tuesday last, and the returns so far show a large democratic gain. It is probable, however, the K. N's. and Fusionists will have a small majority in the Legislature, although the towns heard from show a net democratic gain of 55 Representatives. The race for Governor is close; Wells, our candidate, gains 7000, so far, over last year's vote. It is probable there will be no choice by the people. "One fire more, boys, and the day is won." New Hampshire will be all right at the Presidential Election.

LEW. CAMPBELL of Ohio has given in his adhesion to Fillmore, and ignores the "nigger in the wood-pile" which has been his great staple of some time back Cayenneism, he thinks, is the greatest humbug of the two, and hence he drops Sambo and attaches himself to Sam.

Niggerism must be getting into *bad odor*, when such woolly-heads as Lew. Campbell turn up their dainty noses and leave it in disgust.

Another Fusion Fizzle.—The Ohio Fusion Legislature has got into such a snarl that there is a strong feeling among the members for an early adjournment. They find themselves incapable of combining the Maine elements with satisfaction, and the whole concern is out and five of the democrats bad jobs. Many and loud were the promises of reform these men made before their election, not one of which has been redeemed, or is likely to be; and now all they seem to desire is, to get out of the stations they so importunately craved for, and slink back to the obscurity and insignificance from which they ought never to have been raised.

Fusionism is mighty in opposition, and loud in promises; but when in power it becomes helpless—it has no unity of purpose or well-defined principle of action; and hence it is barren of results, and its promises are never redeemed. The miserable and almost farcical attempt at Legislation made by the fusionists of Indiana proves this fact. The inability of Congress,—in which they have a nominal majority of two to one—to elect a Speaker until nine weeks of the session was spent, is further evidence of the incapacity of this party for usefulness or for successfully carrying on the public affairs; and now the failure of the Ohio Legislature is another confirmation of the same fact. We should think by this time the American people had seen enough of fusionism to satisfy them for one generation at least.

The Happy Family.—The Cayennes, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch, (fusion) seem to be unanimous in their repudiation of the action of the recent Philadelphia Convention. On Wednesday afternoon a meeting of the American Executive Committee of Allegheny county was held at American Hall, in this city. About thirty members were present. Thomas M. Howard, Esq., presided, and A. M. Brown Esq., acted as Secretary. The following resolution was offered by Mr. N. P. Sawyer and adopted:

Resolved, That we approve of the course pursued by our Senatorial and Congressional delegates at the National Council and National Nominating Convention lately held in Philadelphia, and we utterly repudiate the action taken and the nomination made therein and thereby.

Voice of the Old Dominion.—Ion, the usually well informed Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, says that "accounts from the Democratic State Convention lately held at Richmond state that in the event of the failure of Mr. Pierce to obtain two-thirds, the Virginia delegation will propose Senator Hunter as a candidate for the Presidency. It is supposed that Mr. Pierce will have a majority on the first ballot at the Cincinnati convention, and may obtain a vote of two-thirds. In that case the struggle in the election will be between those who are *in* and those who are out."

Commencement of Work on the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad!—We are gratified to be able to announce to our readers that the work of constructing this important link in the great national east and west thoroughfare, the American Central Railway, has been commenced.—Ground was broken and a portion of the grading done on Monday last, near the crossing of the Aboite River. In about a month it is expected that a full force of hands will be employed, and the work pushed on in good earnest.

This will be good news to many of our citizens, who have expressed a lively interest in this great work, but have not been able to convince themselves that it could be constructed. They may now banish their fears; the good work is begun, and will be steadily pushed to completion. All that is now necessary is a little "material aid" in the shape of subscriptions of stock. This will hasten matters, and enable the directors to press forward more vigorously. With such a subscription as Fort Wayne ought to make to a work which will add so much to its prosperity, the cars might be running to Liberty Mills in one year from this time, and to the Illinois line in one year thereafter; by which time the whole line west to the Mississippi, if not the Missouri would be done, and we should find ourselves within a day's travel of the Father of Waters.

Sympathy and good wishes are all very well in their place: but the time for action has now arrived, and we all know that something tangible is necessary to build such a railroad. One liberal subscription would do more to hasten this work than all the kind wishes that could be uttered: and we hope our citizens will no longer hold back, but come forward and subscribe liberally.

☞ The claim of Judge Trumbull of Illinois to a seat in the United States Senate has been decided by that body in his favor.

A Respectable Man.—Col. Garland, city treasurer of New Orleans, is a defaulter to the amount of $200,000. He left the city bound for Havana, but was captured at the Balize and brought back. He is evidently none of your petty larcency scoundrels, who get sent to the Penitentiary. He does up his rascality on a magnificent scale that rather adds to his respectability, and secures him an immunity from the pains and penalties which befall those who are foolish enough to commit depredations on a smaller scale.

☞ There remains scarcely a doubt but the Collins steamer Pacific has been crushed and sank by the ice. The steamer Edinburgh, arrived at Glasgow from New York, reports having passed large quantities of ice, on which was to be seen broken cabin furniture, doors, &c., &c., evidently from the cabin of some steamer. These were probably from the Pacific, and may be the only relics ever seen to testify to the melancholy fate of the steamer and her living freight.

Laugh and Grow Fat!—We are indebted to the publisher for a copy of a most amusing and laughable work entitled "MAJOR JONES'S COURTSHIP; detailed, with other scenes, incidents and adventures, in a series of letters, by himself, with additional letters; and thirteen beautiful and spirited illustrations from original designs by Darley."

It will be found to be the drollest of the droll books of the season. It is a strange production, but so brimful of fun, that half a drop would make it run over. It is an exceedingly funny book, the comicality of which will never grow stale. It is just the book to smooth away business wrinkles, and provoke a little wholesome, healthful laughter.

This is the first volume of a series of Humorous American Books, and will be followed in rapid succession by other equally droll works, illustrative of American humor and peculiarities.

Published by T. B. Peterson, 102 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Steamboat Sunk.—25 Lives lost.—The steamboat Henry Lewis, with a full cargo and 40 passengers for New Orleans, was run into by the Howard which was coming up the river, and sunk in about three minutes. From 20 to 25 of the crew and passengers were drowned. The catastrophe occurred about 4 o'clock on the morning of last Saturday, a little below Troy, on the Ohio River. The passengers were in their berths at the time, and had barely time to reach the hurricane deck, in their night clothes, before the boat sank. The Howard was not much injured, and remained by the wreck long enough to take off all the survivors. Four of the fugitive slaves of Mr. Gaines were on the boat, including Margaret and her child. The child was drowned and the others saved. They were taken on the boat last Friday from this city, and were on their way to Gaines' Landing, Arkansas. The mother exhibited no other feeling than joy at the loss of her child. She was accompanied by the two Simons, father and son, all in charge of Marshal Butts, of Covington. He had a narrow escape from drowning, having entered his room after the collision to get something, and was got out by a hole cut through the roof.

Great Improvement in Daguerreotypes.—A method has been discovered of taking likenesses on glass, by the Daguerrian process, instead of on a metallic plate as heretofore. The process is called Ambrotyping. The Ambrotypes far exceed in beauty and distinctness the daguerreotypes: they can be seen in any position or shade of light, and look far better and more natural. McDONALD has, of course, made himself acquainted with the new process, and is taking splendid likenesses by it. It is worth any one's while to visit his gallery for the sake of examining his beautiful specimens of this new art. They are unequalled, unrivalled, and unapproachable. No person having the least pretension to good looks will examine these specimens without wishing to see his (or her) own features delineated in the same style.

☞ BULLARD'S *Panorama of New York City* will be exhibited at Colerick's Hall every evening next week, at half past 7 o'clock; and on Friday and Saturday afternoons at 3 o'clock.

NEW YORK, March 12.

The Tribune's Washington correspondent telegraphs:—The Senate Territorial Committee will report to morrow on the President's Kansas message.

Mr. Douglas, from the majority, will bring in a bill authorizing the formation of a State Government.

The President is disinclined to submit the Central American question to arbitration and decidedly inclines to an abrogation of the Treaty.

One or more members of the Cabinet lean to the former mode by chosing two distinguished Americans and two Englishmen to constitute umpires.

These plans of arbitration will depend mainly on the manner of Lord Clarendon's answer to the request of the recall of Mr. Crampton.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 11.

Senate.—The Senate Resumed the consideration of the bill appropriating $3,000,000 for increasing the armament and munitions of war, &c., and after some discussion the Senate adjourned.

House.—On motion, twenty thousand copies of the majority and minority reports of the Committee in reference to the Kansas election case were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Dunn introduced a bill enabling the States of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, and Illinois to improve the navigation of the Ohio River, and granting bonds in aid thereof. It was refered to a select committee of seven.

Mr. Washburn of Me. gave notice that he will endeavore to bring the House to a vote on Thursday on a resolution from the Committee on Elections, granting it power to send for person and papers in the Kansas election matter.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of that subject.

Mr. Stephens argued against the power being given to the committee, as the House had no right to inquire into Mr. Reeder's allegation that the members of the Kansas Legislature who passed the law under which Mr. Whitefield was chosen were illegally chosen. To inquire into the return of members of a State or Territorial Legislature would be a dangerous assumption of the House.

The Stuart said Mr. Reeder's object was revolutionary, and that Sharp's rifles and the sinews of war had been prepared by his party to resist the legally-constituted power of the Government, and he trusted the good sense of the people will return, and that peace will prevail, and that he never should set his eyes upon a traitor on American soil

Mr. Dunn argued that there should be a full investigation of the whole affair, not especially for the purpose of ascertaining who shall occupy the seat, but that the whole truth relative to the Kansas affairs may be laid before the public.

Mr. Dunn proposed a resolution, which the Speaker declared out of order, that the Speaker appointed three members of the House to proceed to Kansas, with full power to investigate all the troubles in that Territory.

Pending the discusion the House adjourned.

WASAINGTON, March 10.

SENATE.—The Senate debated the necessity of preparations for the national defence, in view of our relations with Great Britain.

The Senate also considered a bill appropriating $3,000,000 for increasing the armaments and munitions of war, and for the manufacture of small arms in accordance with the recent recommendation of the President.

Bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, by a vote of 22 to 12.

WASHINGTON, March 11.

Captain Duncan N. Ingraham, of Kostza fame was yesterday nominated as Chief of the Bureau of Ordinance, vice Com. E. Morris, deceased.

Senator Fish, of N. Y., signed the call for the anti-Nebraska meeting of Congressmen, which takes place to-night.

Andrew Jackson Donelson.—The Washington Star speaks of this gentleman as follows:

He resided here for many years, and is well remembered, especially on account of General Jackson's memorable saying, that everybody had his pet; for his part if it were not for Donelson he should have nothing in the world to trouble him. The truth is, Donelson was his *Monsieur Malapropos*. Being a family connection of his wife, the General was forced to tolerate him about him, and to grin and bear with all the philosophy he could muster, the scapes and difficulties into which Donelson was constantly getting him. Donelson's most remarkable trait is an abiding want of common sense, which prevented him, notwithstanding the prestige of his relationship with the wife of Jackson, from having the least political weight where personally known.

He ratted from the Democratic party because President Pierce refused to take him and certain members of his family, for office, at his own valuation. For months before he turned up a Know Nothing, the Locofocos of Nashville were cracking jokes about his lamentations over his failure to get what he asked of the Administration and the undignified and impotent personal abuse showered by him at the street corners for the benefit of street-corner audiences, on the President. His nomination is worth to the Know Nothing cause in Tennessee, at least a clear loss of some 2,600 votes: for the mental and political calibre of Andrew Jackson Donelson is well known throughout portions of that State.

Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, March 8.

The Africa arrived at her dock at half before 6 o'clock, with Liverpool dates to the 26th.

No news of the Pacific.

The peace conference is supposed to have met on the 23d, anxiety was great as to the result.

Nothing more about American difficulties, excepting that the London Advertiser professes to know that Dallas brings very stringent instructions.

Russia, it is said, consents to the dismanting of Nickaleaff. Doubtful.

Paris editors have been ordered to write nothing concerning peace or war during session of conference.

LIVERPOOL, MARKET.—Breadstuffs a better tone and good business doing in all articles.—Wheat 2s 3c dearer and in demand. Philadelphia and Baltimore flour wanted at an advance of 1a2s, while western canal brands generally remains unsaleable. Indian corn has attracted speculators, and the demand has been increased by reason of the low prices recently ruling an advance of 1a2s has been established—tendency upwards. Wheat—white 10s6dal 1s3; red 10s a 106d. Flour—western canal, 33s a 35s; Ohio, 37s a 39s. Corn—yellow, 34.6da36s6d; mixed, 34s 6da35, white, 34s8da36s6d.

Count Orloff arrived at Paris on Thursday night. Letters from St Petersburgh and Warsaw to German papers, give details of the extensive preparations made by Russia for a continuance of war. They state that on no point has the former energy of the military department abated.

It is said the amount of frauds of which Mr. Sadlier—who recently committed suicide—has been guilty, will not fall much short of one million pounds, in railway shares, mortgages, &c., &c., while he has committed crimes of a most diabolical description.

A portion of the advance squadron of the Baltic fleet has settled up ready for leaving Spithead on the 22d.

The Turkish Envoy, Ali Pacha, had reached Paris.

The question of precedence had been solved by the adoption of alphabetical order in the Conference, which places Austria first.

The Paris Constitutional intimates that the Congress will not occupy itself exclusively with the subjects arising out of the war. It says that the treaties of 1815 will be essentially remodeled.

Other papers speak in the same train.

Later correspondence had been received from the Crimea, but there is nothing of interest.

The Parliamentary proceedings have been unimportant.

Nothing of interest from France or other parts of Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA.

HALIFAX, March 12, 2 P. M.

The Arabia brings no tidings of the Pacific.

The steam-ship Edinburgh previously reported to have arrived at Glasgow, from New York, passed on the 7th a quantity of ice, and saw upon it some broken cabin furniture with white handles and lady's work box.

It is suggested that this might belong to the Pacific, but as the P. had no cabin or other furniture with white handles, the agent in this city is confident that the portions of wreck alluded to, never belonged to the vessel.

Three meetings of the "Peace Conference," in Paris had been held, but the proceedings had not been allowed to be made public.

The opinion increases that immediately after peace is proclaimed, a general European Congress will be held to re-adjust the balance of Power.

Active preparations for a continuation of the war prevailed on all sides.

An armistice until the end of March had been officially announced and was made known to the Crimean armies. It is not to affect the existing blockade of Russian ports.

Omar Pacha has resigned his command of the Ottoman Contingent, and his resignation was accepted.

The Liverpool Cotton Market was active in the early part of the week, but became dull towards the close. The quotations show no chang from those by the Africa.

The excitement in regard to the American difficulties, appeared to be wholy extinct.

The Arabia left Liverpool at 1 o'clock March 1st. She brings 132 passengers. The Hermann sailed from Southampton Thursday. The Arabia encountered no ice.

Despatches received by Brown, Shipley & Co., agents of the Collins Line at Liverpool, dated Glasgow, Feb 27, says the steamer Edinburgh arrived here from New York, passed Feb 7th, large quantities of broken ice. She was then five days out from New York, latitude 40.36, longitude 45.30. The doors found on the ice correspond with those of the Pacific, but are common to most packets.

The Plenipotentiaries held the first meeting on the 25th. Count Walowski presided at the opening session with a speech. After changing credentials a written guarantee was signed not to divulge proceedings until the conference closed. The Austrian provisions were formally paraphrased as the basis of negotiations. The meeting then adjourned. On Tuesday no meeting, and at the meeting on Wednesday nothing transpired. Among the rumors asserted it is said Russia while assenting to the destruction of Seba topol, Bomarsund and Nicolaeff, refuses the protectorate over Greek Christians. A Vienna letter asserts that Prince Gortschakoff stated that the Russian government considers the convocation of a general European congress immediately after peace, as the best means of settling all questions. France and Austria favor the England objects.

The evident cordiality existing between France and Austria begins, to excite uneasiness in England; and a triple league, of France, Austria and Russia, is deemed as not an impossible incident.

Orders have been forwarded to the Allied Generals, respecting the Armistice.

It is stated that Napoleon has intimated to the Admirals and Generals in Paris that they probably need not return to their command.

Leave of absence is now freely given to officers in the Crimea.

The Allies are about to destroy the sunken ships in the harbor of Sebastopol, by dropping heavy shells, to explode under the water.

Vienna advices state that Ishmael Pasha succeeds Omar in the Asiatic command. Omar, recently demanded from the Porte the appointment of Minister of war, and on refusal, resigned.

Three thousand Russians were employed day and night constructing cupola piles across the Gulf of Finland, six miles from Cronstadt, beyond which is the Russian steam fleet of 18 steamships, 14 corvetts and 70 gun-boats.

Russia orders an immediate issue of Treasury notes of 21,000,000 roubles.

A large amount of specie had been forwarded across the Prussian frontier to St. Petersburg.

Relations between Russia and Prussia increase in cordiality.

ENGLAND.—There is talk of the early dissolution of Parliament or change of government.

On the 27th, the Lord Mayor of London assembled a distinguished party at the Mansion House Mr. Buchanan was invited to dine with the Queen, and etiquette required to give the Queen's dinner precedence. The Lord Mayor made a speech regretting Buchanan's absence, as the reception he would have met by the leading interests of England would have proved to him all friendly feelings in regard to America, and that the interests of commerce, peace, civilization and humanity, were two powerful to permit coalision between the two countries. Similar feelings were expressed by other speakers, including Gobden and Earl Elgin.

Breadstuffs—Brown, Shipley & Co, report a general decline in prices, a dull market and a continued townward tendency. The decline in wheat is 3s a 4d per bushel. Flour 1s per bbl. Corn 1s a 1s 6d per quarter. Western canal flour quoted at 34s a 36s. Ohio 37s, Canadian 35s a 36s. White wheat 10s 6d a 10s 7d, Red 9s a 9s 10d. White and Yellow Corn 34s, mixed 33s 6d. Some Circulars quote 9s 6 a 10 6s, Canadian 9 a 4 a 10 6s.

The Weather is favorable for agricultural purposes.

Liverpool Provisions.—Richardson, Spencer & Co. quote Prime Mess Beef at 120s with improved demand. Pork, small lots of western at 81s 6d, and eastern 84s.

Arrivals must reduce prices.

Lard quiet at 65s. Bacon firm, market closed.

NEW YORK, March 11.

The New Orleans Picayune states that Col Garrand's defalcations, will reach $130,000; but it is thought by many that the city has suffered, during his administration, to the extent of $1,000,000. Mr. G. started the Louisiana Savings Bank, of which he was, himself, President. The depositors were mostly poor men and women, an immense crowd of whom gathered around the bank when his delinquency became known.—The doors of the bank, however, were shut.

The friends of Judge McLean, Mr. Bell, Governor Seward, Mr. Chase, Mr. Hale, and General Houston, are equally invited to attend the meeting of anti-Nebraska Congressmen. It is supposed that from 100 to 120 Senators and Representatives will attend.

The straight Whig general committee had a meeting last evening at the Broadway House.—Hon F. A. Tallmadge, presided. Resolutions were passed recognizing the principles of the old Whig party as the basis of their organization, declaring that they are utterly opposed to the extension of slavery, and withold all sympathy from the nullifiers of the Missouri Compromise, and disclaiming all connection with, or allegiance to, any other political organization.

NEW YORK, March 7.

At a meeting of the Whig General Committee in this city last evening, a resolution was adopted recommending the immediate organization of the State Central Committee, for the purpose of organizing the State preparatory to call a State Convention.

In consequence of the presence of a large number of our Chamber of Commerce members at Albany, the regular monthly meeting did not take place yesterday.

It is said that the Chamber will hold a meeting in a few days for the purpose of assuring the British Commercial community of their continued his esteem and regard, and with a view to allay the feeling which exists between the two nations.

Buchanan in New Jersey.—The Democratic members of the New Jersey Legislature have published a declaration, expressing their decided preference for Mr. Buchanan as the Democratic candidate for the next President.

Protest of the Ohio Members of the National Council. Merchants' Hotel, City of Phil'a.

February 22, 1856.

The undersigned persons, delegates from Ohio to the National Council, which assembled in this city on the 18th inst., for the purpose of amending or altering the plateform adopted in June last, having had forced upon the American Order a new one, as odious as the one repealed, the principles of which are widely different from those entertained by ourselves and the constituents whom we represent—therefore, we do hereby utterly repudiate its doctrines, and do not consider ourselves bound to support any candidate placed before the country on such platform.

J. H. Baker,	Thomas H. Ford,
Thos. Spooner,	A. D. Rogers,
David Ayres,	John Johnson,
Henry C. Hedges,	Thomas McLees,
D. W. Stambaugh,	B. S. Kyle,
W. B. Chapman,	Wm. B. Allison,
D. W. Swigart,	O. T. Tishbacke,
E. J. Sturdivant,	R. M. Corwin,
L. H. Olds,	D. B. Thomas,
	J. B. Potter.

Authors of the Fugitive Slave Law.—Less than twenty-five years after the landing of the *Puritans*, their colony passed the fugitive slave law. This is a very important fact.

Pitkin's Civil and Political History of the United States, vol. 1, pages 50 and 51, in alluding to the articles of government formed for the Plymouth Confederacy, says—

"It was also very wisely provided in the article that *runaway servants* and fugitives from justice, *should be returned to the colonies where they belonged, or from which they had fled.*"

Thus the north was the author of the fugitive slave law—kept slaves so long as it was profitable—and engaged in the slave trade until the government prohibited it. We have but little reason to reproach the south, whose climate and productions actually require negro labor in some form.—*Keene Republican.*

FORTIFICATIONS—The fortification bill reported in the Senate provide for expenditures in the State of N. Y. as follows:

At Fort Richmond, at the Narrows, $100,000 Fort Schuyler, New York Harbor, $150,000.—Fort Montgomery, at the outlet of Lake Champlain, $100,000. For purchase of land for defensive purposes at Staten Island, N. Y., $42,250. Repairs of Fort Ontario, near Oswego, $6,000 Repairs of Fort Wood, Bedlow's Island, N. Y. Harbor, $10,000. The total appropriations made by this bill, amount to $792,000

ALBANY, Feb. 28

A meeting of the American members of the Legislature was held at the Capital last evening Nearly every member was present, together with a majority of State officers. Odell presided. Speeches were made by Odell, Northrop, Prescott and others, all who declared Fillmore not their choice, but gave in party adhesion to the nominations, as the action of the American party, and declared Fillmore not their choise, but gave in party adhesion to the nominations, as the action of the American party, and declared their intention to work earnestly for their candidates' success. Resolutions to that effect were signed by all members, and a call is to be issued for a grand ratification meeting. Fifty-eight persons were present, and no dissenting voice.

From the Albany Atlas and Argus.

The Attitude of Parties

It would seem as if the course of parties in the Union had only been brought to its present stage, in order to compel all classes of men to pay tribute to the principles of the Democratic party. We do not merely speak of the spectacle exhibited by the crowd of Northern Federalists and Abolitionists at Pittsburg, electing Francis P. Blair as their head, because he has the scent of Jacksonism in his garment—a retraction of all their abuse and falsehood and malice heaped with such profusion on the path and about the footsteps of that Old Chief, and on the head of its editor; nor of the adulation paid to the name of Jackson, by the motley Convention at Phila., when they placed the degenerate Donelson second on their ticket. It is to the principles of the party, and still more to its attitude of stability and firmness amid the general dissolution of factions, that we allude.

The Know Nothing Convention adopted the principle of popular sovereignty. The Pittsburg Convention in the single pledge it gave to the settlers of Kansas, virtually adopted the same doctrine. While Whitfield site in Congress as the representative of the legal authority of Kansas, Reeder wanders in the lobby and waits his chance as the embodiment of a purer and less alloyed squatter sovereignty. The two wings of the Whig party pick up a recusant Democrat, and elect him to the Speaker's chair. The Pittsburgh Convention talks of Fremont for the Presidency—on the ground that he is the son-in-law of Benton. They hanker after a Democratic connection, no matter how remote. They implore the Democrats to come among them and teach them Democracy—to teach enough at least to enable them to cajole the people by the pretence and simulation of it.

But the task is foreign to their nature and they cannot master it. They praise the dead Jackson, after twenty years of maledictions and opproibbrium and they would worship his robes and kiss the hem of his garments, if they thought that good omens would flow from it. But they would hate and slander and persecute the living Jackson, now as before, were he in his post, proclaiming the supremacy of the laws, denouncing disunion, chasing the traitors from the party lobby of congress, and proclaiming and enforcing the doctrine of the equality of all citizens before the law, and the equal rights of all to civil and religious liberty. They would hate him as they hate his creed, and with base avowals as were made at Philadelphia, and such palty evasions as characterized the men at Pittsburgh, neither of those factions would have dared to approach him. He would have spurned them from his presence.

The Democratic Party "still lives." While the fragments of faction, broken off from the so called American party, (itself but a composite of disordant parts,) and the sectional gathering at Pittsburgh, are waiting to find a basis of coalition, and outstrip all other fanaticisms by the intensity of their proscriptive zeal, the Democracy will move on in its regular course, proclaiming its steady adhesion to its doctrines, and exemplyfying its creed in in its acts. It will triumph as it always triumphed. But iti triumph in the approaching contest will be more signal than ever before.

HARRISBURG, March 5.

The Pennsylvania Democrat State Convention is in session. Mr. Buchanan has been nominated by acclamation, the Dallas Delegates all going for him. Resolutions were offered by former Cass men in favor of sending a Buchanan Delegation, and adopted, strict State Rights, Nebraska Resolutions will be adopted, Hon. J. L. Dawson, a friend of Gen. Cass is the leading man in this demonstration.

The Convention adopted a series of resolutions by acclamation, which in substance are as follows:

Strongly for the Union—deprecating the agitation of Slavery—endorsing the Kansas-Nebraska act and the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and denouncing Free Soil and Know Nothingism.

The Convention then voted for Canal Commissioner, but no one was chosen on the first ballot.—On the third ballot, Geo Scott, of Columbia, was nominated, and Jacob Fry, for Auditor General, on the fifth ballot.

The ticket was completed by the nomination of Smith Ives as Surveyor General.

Numerous congratulatory speeches were made in regard to the election of Mr. Wise in Virginia. Adjourned *sine die.*

The Fugitive Slaves.—Colonel A. K. Gaines, the owner of Magaret, the slave woman who lately killed her infant child in this city, was in town yesterday. He, in accordance with his voluntaro pledge, made after all obstacles to the rendition of his slaves to Kentucky were removed, placed Margaret and her children in the penitentiary of Kentucky, subject to the order of the Governor of that State upon any requisition made by Ohio. At the expiration of one week, no requisition having arrived, Colonel G. sent the women and her children to Louisville and from thence South. He fulfilled his pledge in good faith, and even now would be glade to aid the authorities in carrying into effect any proceedings in regard to Margaret and her children that may be deemed right by the Governments of the two States.—*Cin. Enq.*

The Fugitive Murderers.—The Governor of Ohio has issued a requisiton upon the Covernor of Kentucky for the rendition of Margaret, and the other fugitives, indicted by the grand jury of Hamilton county, for murder. But they are no longer within the jurisdiction of the Gov. of Kentucky, having been shipped off to Arkansas.

☞ Mr. Fillmore was initiated by the Know Nothings in his private library room, in Buffalo; the threes being all conferred at the same time. The brother who conferred the degrees and imposed the obligations, in Mr. F.'s Library, concluded the ceremony by saying: "This will make you President of the United States," to which Mr. Fillmore responded, "I sincerely hope so."

K. N. Troubles in New York.—The Albany State Register, the K. N organ in N. Y. State, refuses to support Mr. Fillmore, and daily publishes articles denouncing his nomination in the strongest terms. Live Oak Club No. 1, in New York, held a meeting on Thursday evening, at which resolutions were passed repudiating Fillmore and Donelson, and refusing to recognize the Philadelphia gathering as a convention of the American party. At various other places the nominations are openly repudiated, and at others the party have determined to await the action of the Republicans.

☞ During Mr. Fillmore's *accidental* Presidency, Mr. A. J. Donelson was the editor of the Washington Union, and as such has left on record a mass of testimony accusatory of Mr. Fillmore's designs, objects, and the fatal tendency towards ruin and anarchy of his administration. The files of the Union during Mr. Donelson's editorship will be a mine from which to dig the materials for the manufacture of fulminating powder to blow up the South American candidate for President. The Union will be held up, an ambrotype picture, to the admiring South Americans, drawn by their candidate for Vice President. An appeal from Donelson, a Democrat, to Donelson, South American, will not be legal in this case. For A. J. Donelson's ambrotype the files of the Louisville Journal may be consulted. A prettier pair of political rascals—Mr. Fillmore, drawn by Donelson, and Mr. Donelson, drawn by Prentice—cannot be found even in the prison records. There is one merit which does not always pertain to biographies written during the life of the subject—they are both true.—*Madison Courier (Fusion.)*

The Success of the Submarine Telegraph between Calais and Dover, has given rise to a project of a Tunnel and Railroad under the Channel. The highest Engineers in the United Kingdom pronounce it practicable. It is supposed that the earth formation between the countries is of chalk, such as compose the Cliffs of Dover. In this arches may be easily cut; and as the surface hardens on exposure to the air, and the excavated material can be made solid by a peculiar process, the arches can be formed of it, of sufficient strength to protect the tunnel. Through this would run the lines of Railway. Shafts reaching through the ocean to the upper air, will serve to ventilate the Tunnel, and for light houses to the ships above.

What is more singular in this project is, that the whole cost is estimated at no more than £6,000,000, no more than the capitol of one of our N. Y. Railroads.

Indian Depretation in Florida.—A letter from Fort Myers, Fla., represents the Indians in that locality as still active in their hostilities. Two fishermen, who were engaged in supplying the fort, had been murdered and their vessel set on fire. Lieutenant Hartshuff, with a small detachment, started in pursuit of the murderers. Volunteers were being raised at Tampa to operate with the troops. Major McKinstry had been ordered to Tampa and Captain Hancock to Fort Myers.

Girder Rail.—W. B. Adams, C. E., of London, has obtained a patent for a new rail which has been tested on the Great North-Western Railway over which a heavy coal traffic passes. The rail is similar to the ordinary one, but 2 in. deeper, being 7 instead of 5 in. deep. There is a flange at the top and bottom, and on each side angle brackets, one side of which fills up the space between flanges secured to the rail by bolts, the other extends outwards, forming a sort of longitudinal shelf at each side, level with the ballast, so that when packed all that is seen is 2 1-2 in. rising above the brackets. These form a secure bearing of 13 inches wide. The ballast is packed from each side, and thus secures the permanent way. The gaug is kept correct by the rods, about 9 feet apart, no wooden sleepers are employed, and the entire rails and appendages, consisting of rails, brackets, bolts, and tie bars, are of wrough iron; the whole, when complete, forms one compact mass. This rail is expensive at first, but is said to be the cheapest in the end, as it endures longer than the common kind, and requires less attention for repairing. &c.

Bullard's Panorama of New York City.

This Great Art will be exhibited at Fort Wayne, in Colerick's Hall, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday Evenings, March 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th 21st, 22d at 7½ o'clock. Also on Friday and Saturday Afternoons, March 21st and 22d at 3 o'clock.

Admission 25 cents. Children 15 cents. Parties of 5 or more at 10.0.

The Panorama has been exhibited at Baltimore, Washington, Richmond Va., Buffalo, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and most of the principal cities in the Union, and has no co nection with Bullard's Mirror of New York, exhibited here about one year since.

ALBERT NORTON, Agent.

Holloway's Medicines.—We are not in the habit generally of noticing the thousand and one nostrums of the day, but when a really meritorious one is before the public, we think it due to the and cited that the fact should be made known. We have used Holloway's Pills and Ointment in cases of humours, bruises, and scalds, with beneficial effects, and there are cases within our knowledge of extraordinary cures performed in diseases of long standing.—Professor Holloway's Ointment and Pills are among the few preparations which perform ALL the cures for which they are recommended. We are satisfied that for purifying the blood, regulating the stomach, and curing liver and bilious complaints, no better remedy can be found.—*Bangor Democrat.*

To Nervous Sufferers.

A retired Clergyman restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous sufferings, is anxious to make known the means of cure. Will send (free) the prescription used. Direct the Rev. JOHN M. DAGNALL, No. 50 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. 1m 25

Prof Wood's Hair Restorative!

We invite special attention to the advertisment of this artisment of this article in another column of our paper. It has now been a little less then two years before the public, and yet it has become from its intrinsic merit, a standard article upon the shelves of almost all druggists, and the Chester Herald says "It now stands at the head of all remedies of the kind. Nor is the result at all surprising when it is remembered the distinguished statesmen, as well as many members of the medical profession, indeed ladies and gentlemen of the highest intelligence in all parts of the country testify that it has and will restore the hair over the head of the bald remove all dandruff and itching, and all diseases of the scalp; and more than all, preserve the hair, if used for toilet purposes, both in color and from falling out to any invgnable age.

Reader try it. Call and procure one of the circular from the agent, and we thing you cannot doubt. See also the advertisment.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age, is

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

They don't *help* complaints, but they *cure* them.
One Box has cured Dyspepsia.
Three Boxes have cured the worst cases of Scrofula
Two Boxes have cured Erysipelas.
One Box always cures the Jaundice.
Three Boxes are sure to cleanse the system from Boils—often less than one does it.
Two Boxes have completely cured the worst of ulcers on the legs.
Small doses seldom fail to cure the Piles
One d

New York Advertisements.

FROM

ALBERT G. RICHARDSON'S

Advertising and Corresponding Office, 265 Broadway, (opposite the Park,) New York.

European, Land and General Agency.

333 BROADWAY, NEW YORK (Up Stairs.)

THE SUBSCRIBERS having procured, at a very great expense, complete lists of the unclaimed dividends of the Bank of England, East India and South Sea Company's Stocks; and also a list of all the Heirs at Law and Next of Kin Advertisements that have appeared in the European papers during the last century, they have peculiar facilities for prosecuting Claims to European property; and as it is the intention of one of the firm to visit Europe annually, or oftener if required, the expense of managing the business there would be but trifling to the claimants, compared to sending a special messenger for that purpose. Search for any one name in the above lists can be made either personally or by letter, on receipt of One Dollar; and copies of advertisements can be had for a reasonable compensation.

J. A. KNIGHT & Co.

☞ Also Agents for the Mosher Estate. 6m37

JOCQUEL & WEBER,

DEALERS IN

STOVES,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet Iron Ware,

At the new Tin Shop, Sign of the big Coffee Pot, Calhoun St., opposite the Auction Room,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Spouting, Troughing, and all kinds of Job Work done to order. 1y37

Surveyor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the County Surveyor will, at our request, survey and establish all lines and corners in and adjoining section 23, township 33, north of range 14 east; and for that purpose he will meet all persons interested at the house of Andrew Horn, on Monday, April 14th, when he will commence such survey, and continue the same from day to day until completed.

ANDREW HORN, STEPHEN MYERS, WM RHODES and others.

Auburn, March 10, 1856. p3w37

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have, this day, been appointed administratrix of the estate of Robert Armstrong, late of Allen County, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are invited to present said claims, and all persons indebted to said estate, to settle the same.

Estate solvent.

MALINDA ARMSTRONG, Adm'x.

March 14, 1856. p3w37

Wayne Engine & Car Works

FORT WAYNE.

THE Subscribers, Proprietors of the above Works, manufacture

STATIONARY ENGINES,

Railroad Cars, Machinery,

Agricultural Implements & Castings,

of every description.

They call special attention to their *Stationary Engines*. Having adopted the latest and best improvements, and using the best material and the greatest care in their manufacture, their Engines are regarded as the most superior in use. They furnish to order

Engines of any required power and size,

for *Flour and Saw Mills, or Machine Shops*

Their Works situate adjoining the Railroad Depots, with immediate connection with the Canal, enable them to deliver work with facility and dispatch.

JONES, BASS, & Co.

March 8, 1856.

W. S. SMITH. W. W. STEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,

Attorneys at Laws,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.

Sale or purchase of Real Estate negotiated.

☞ OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 36

STONEWARE.

GREENE & BRO'S,

MANUFACTURERS OF STONEWARE,

Limaville Ohio.

J. & C. ORFF, sole Agents for Fort Wayne, will keep on hand a full stock at wholesale or retail. March 8. 4w36

NOTICE.

NOTICE that the German Evangelical Lutheran School Congregation on the Cold Water Road, in Washington Township, Allen Co., Ind., will held an election at their School House, on the 19th day of March, 1856, to elect three Trustees for their purpose. p3w36

Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 31 of March, the accommodation train will leave Fort Wayne every morning, at 6 o'clock (Sundays excepted) after the arrival of the trains from Crestline and Toledo, arriving at Columbia at 7 15.

Returning, the train will leave Columbia at 8 o'clock A. M., and arrive at Fort Wayne at 9 15, in time for the Eastern Trains.

J. L. WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 08, 1856. tf—32

CARIER & WEHMER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.,

ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and Canal streets, two doors north of H. B. Reed's, on the Canal, and will keep constantly on hand a large stock and each variety of articles in their line, and of the best quality, both foreign and domestic, to which they would call the particular attention of both the city and country trade.

CHEAP PRICES!

Please give us a call.

3m35 CARIER & WEHMER.

BLACHLY & SIMPSON,

No. 11 PEARL STREET,

CINCINNATI, O.,

Importers & Dealers in Foreign & Domestic

DRY GOODS,

HAVE now in store a full and fresh stock of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS, to which they are receiving accessions daily.

They invite an examination of their stock by Dealers visiting the city this spring. 1y35

Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE stockholders of the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad are hereby notified that an election of nine Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the Rockhill House, in the city of Fort Wayne on Wednesday, the 19th day of March next.

R. C. SCHENCK, Pres't.

Thos. TIGAR, Sec. Jan. 22, 1856. td

To the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne & Mississippi R.R.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the assessment of 10 per cent. heretofore made on the 6th subscriptions to the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad must be paid to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of March next. A further instalment of 10 per cent. per month is also required to be paid on the 1st of each month succeeding, until the entire subscription is paid up.

A strict compliance is expected, as the payments must and will be rigidly enforced.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN COMSTOCK, Treasurer.

Liberty Mills, January 22, 1856. 6m36

Land Plaster.

40 TONS superior Land Plaster for sale by the Barrel or Ton, by

Feb. 9. 2w28 JOHN BROWN.

10 Bales Dryden BATTING for sale at

June 30, 55. GIBFORD'S.

BRAY, FANESTOCK & CO.,

Corner of Wood and First Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

DRUGS,	WINDOW GLASS,	TERPENTINE.
MEDICINES,	GLASSWARE.	BRUSHES,
CHEMICALS,	SURG. INSTRUMENTS,	ALCOHOL,
DYE STUFFS,	LARD OIL,	TANNERS' OIL,
PAINTS.	TURPENTINE.	SPERM OIL.
LINSEED OIL,	PATENT MEDICINES,	WHALE OIL,
VARNISHES, &c.		SPICES.

MANUFACTURERS OF

White Lead, Red Lead and Litharge.

We have in Store and offer for Sale

800 TONS WHITE LEAD,

In packages of 25, 50, 100, 200, 300, and 500 pounds each, which we guarantee to be full weight, strictly pure, and unsurpassed by any in quality.

Having resident partners in New York and Philadelphia, to take advantage of all changes in the market, we are enabled to sell Drugs, &c., for cash, or to prompt time dealers, on as favorable terms as Eastern jobbing houses.

☞ *B. A. Fanestock's Vermifuge furnished with English German, French and Spanish directions.* 3m36

Superior Teas

In the Original Half Chests,

In Boxes of 6 and 12 pounds, and in Metallic Packages of ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 4 pounds,

FOR SALE BY

JENKINS & CO.,

(Original Inventors of the Metallic Tea Pack,)

N. W. corner of Market and Ninth Streets.

Philadelphia.

☞ Teas in Metallic Packs put up in Half Chests, containing a variety of both Black and Green, to suit buyers.

Printed List of Prices, Terms, &c., furnished by mail to all who order them.

All Teas warranted to please, or no sale.

One and the same price and terms to all, and one only.

Half Chest of Black contain about 35 pounds, and of Green about 50 pounds each. 3m35

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Wells Circuit Court, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door in Allen County, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of the 5th day of April, A. D. 1856, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described property, to-wit: The north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section four (4), township twenty-nine (29), north of range fifteen (15) east; and south-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section twenty-three 23), and also the north half of the north-east quarter of section twenty-six (26), in township twenty-nine (29), north of range eleven (11) east. The west half of the south-east quarter of section seventeen (17), north half of section seventeen (17); and the south-east quarter of north-west quarter of section eighteen (18); south-west quarter of north-west quarter of section eighteen (18); south-west quarter of south-east quarter of section eighteen (18), and the south east quarter of south-east quarter of section eighteen (18); all of township thirty, north of range fifteen (15) east. Also, the north-west quarter of section thirty-one (31), township thirty one (31), north of range fifteen (15) east. Also, the south east quarter of the south-east quarter of section thirty-four (34), township twenty-nine (29), north of range fifteen (15) east. And also, Town Lots numbered twenty-three(23), twenty-four(24), twenty-five (25) twenty-seven (27) and twenty eight (28) in Rockhill's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne.—Also, Lots numbered fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty(20), twenty-one(21), twenty-two(22), twenty-seven (27), fifty-one (51), fifty two (52), fifty-three (53), fifty-four (54), fifty-five (55), fifty-six (56), fifty-seven (57), fifty-eight (58), fifty-nine (59), seventy-five (75) and ninety (90), in the town of Hamilton. The whole of which said tracts and lots of land is situate in the county of Allen and State of Indiana. And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will, at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale all the right, title, interest and estate of the Fort Wayne and Southern Railroad Company, in and to the said above mentioned and described tracts of land in Fee, or as much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said judgment, interest and costs.

Taken as the property of the said Fort Wayne & Southern Railroad Company, at the suit of Moses Jenkinson.

R McMULLEN, Sh'ff A. C.

February 29, 1856. ($7 60) 5w35

Notice to Heirs of Petition to Sell Real Estate.

State of Indiana, } Allen County. }

NOTICE is hereby given that David Beers, administrator of the estate of Joseph Hickman deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of said decedent, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts; and that said petition will be heard at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of said county.

I. D. G. NELSON, Clerk

C. C. P., Allen Co.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 23, 1856. ($1 75) 3w35

State of Indiana, } Court of Common Pleas, Allen County. } April Term, 1856.

COMPLAINT FOR PARTITION.

Elizabeth Robinson, ex. George W. Boston, Catharine Boston et al.

IT being made to appear to the satisfaction of the Court, by the return to the writ issued in this behalf, that the said George W. Boston and Catharine Boston are non-residents of the State of Indiana, said defendants are therefore hereby notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless they appear before the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, on the first day of the next term of said Court, to be holden on the first Monday of April next, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard in their absence

I. D. G. NELSON, Clerk.

Feb. 29, 1856. ($6 15) 3w35

Estray.

TAKEN up by Miles Griswold, of Washington Township, Allen County, Indiana, on the ninth day of November, 1855, a light brindle Muley Cow, no ear marks, supposed to be four or five years old; appraised to eighteen dollars, by John Marshall and William Gulden sen.

Done before me, this twenty-sixth day of February, 1856. A true copy.

THOMAS MATFIELD, J. P.

p3w35

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of Andrew Gailey, late of Allen County, deceased. Said Estate is supposed to be solvent.

THOMAS REDING.

Feb 20th, 1856. 3w35

Estray.

TAKEN up by Marcus L. Emerick, of Washington Township, Allen County, Indiana, one red Cow, crop off of the left ear, swallow fork in the right ear, white under the belly and at the end of the tail, supposed to be five years old; appraised, by Christopher Schultz, Wilbraham Kimball and D. L. Acher, on the 25th day of February, 1856, at eleven 66-000 dollars.

p3w35 JESSE COLES, J. P.

FORT WAYNE MERCANTILE INSTITUTE.

Phœnix Block cor. Main & Calhoun Sts Ft. Wayne In.

THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from past experience and success as a Teacher and Practical Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the facilities here afforded to young men for qualifying themselves for the counting room, and various other mercantile pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar institution in the Union.

The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practised by the most accomplished and experienced accountants (taught on an entirely new and successful plan, enabling the student to become much more selfreliant, in less time than any other plan,) Commercial law, Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial calculation, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.

The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is unrivaled, giving a free and easy use of the hand and pen, thereby enabling the student to effect any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, will save much time and expense by securing this system, taught in no other institution in the West.

The thorough and extensive course of Instruction, combined with the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the highly qualified teachers, and pleasant and healthy location, renders this the most attractive institution to all who may desire an accomplished commercial education.

Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquainting themselves more thoroughly with business transactions, the Principal has fitted up apartments with neatness, elegance and convenience, expressly for them.

The ladies Department is entirely separate from the male, having separate entrances from the street, and will remain permanently conected with the Institution.

Students are taught individually, and not in classes; therefore they can enter at any time, and advance in the ratio of their capacity.

TUITION:

For full Commercial Course, including Practical Penmanship $25,00

For Scholars with Ornamental Penmanship $30,00

☞ Catalogues sent on application.

C. P. DETRICH, Prin.

Feb. 29, 1856. 3m35

LOST

ON the 27th of February, in Columbia or Clinton Streets, a note of $150 in favor of Jules Voirot, against John Mangeot. All persons are hereby cautioned against taking or trading for the same; and a suitable reward will be paid to the finder, on leaving it at the Sentinel Office.

JULES VOIROT.

Feb. 27, 1856. p3w35

50 Bushels BEANS at

H. R. SCHWEGMA'S.

JUST received by express, a splendid assortment of fine all wool LONG SHAWLS, to be sold lower than ever, at No. 87 Columbia street, by

H. R. S.

I HAVE on hand a good assortment of BROCHA SHAWLS single and double, of beautiful patterns, which will be sold at reduced prices, at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R SCHWEGMAN.

GLASSWARE.

JUST received, a complete assortment of Glass Dirkes of the latest patterns. In connection with this, I have on hand a large assortment of QUEENSWARE, which will be sold cheap at No 87 Columbia street. H R. SCHWEGMAN.

I HAVE on hand 300 pounds of good life Geese FEATHERS, and a first rate article of Bed Ticking to fill them in, for sale at No. 87 Columbia street. H, R S.

DRIED FRUIT.

150 Bushels Dried Apples,

30 " " Peaches,

For sale at H R SCHWEGMAN'S.

FARM FOR SALE, CHEAP!

THE subscriber, being about to engage in other business, offers his Farm for sale at a great bargain. It consists of 160 acres of good land, 70 acres cleared and fenced, a good Frame Barn, Log House, an excellent Well of water, a Young Orchard of 100 Trees, embracing Apples, Pears, Cherries Peaches, Plums, Quinces, Gooseberries, &c. The farm is well set in clover, and will make one of the best Wheat or Grass Farms in the county. It is situate on the township road, near the Van Wert road, two miles from Maples Station, and has a school house adjoining.

For further information inquire on the premises or of L. S. MAPLES, at Maples Station on the Ohio & Indiana Railroad.

SOCRATES BACON.

Jan. 29, 1856. 6w31

New Principle! No Poison!

Rhodes' Fever and Agne Cure,

OR ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA,

FOR THE PREVENTION AND CURE OF

Fever and Ague, or Chill Fever; Dumb Ague, and other Intermittent and Remittent, Fever; also of Bilious Fevers, accompanied by Typhoid Symptons; Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, Ship and Jail Fever, General Debility, Night Sweats, and all other forms of disease

WHICH HAVE A COMMON ORIGIN IN:

MALARIA OR MIASMA.

This subtle atmospheric poison, which at certain seasons is unavoidably inhaled at every breath, is the same in character wherever it exists,—north, south, east, or west,—and will every where yield to this newly discovered ANTIDOTE, which naturalizes the poison, completely purifies the system, and thus entirely removes all the cause of disease.

The proprietor distinctly claims these extraordinary results from its use:

It will protect any resident or traveller, even in the most sickly or swampy localities from any ague or bilious disease whatever, or any injury from constantly inhaling Malaria or Miasma.

It will instantly check the ague in person who have suffered for any length of time from ONE DAY TO TWENTY YEARS, so that they need never have ANOTHER CHILL, by continuing its use according to directions.

It will immediately relieve all the distressing results of bilious or ague disease, such as general debility, night sweats, etc.—The patient at once begins to recover appetite and strength, and continues until a permanent and radical cure is effected. And as a proof that it is also

WORTHY OF PUBLIC CONFIDENBE,

Because of its

SINGULAR AND ENTIRE HARMLESSNESS,

The following certificate from one of most celebrated chemists in the United States is attached to every bottle:

NEW YORK, June 11, 1855.

"I have made a chemical examination of Rhodes' Fever and Ague Cure, or Antidote to Malaria, and have tested it for Arsenic Mercury, Quinine and Strychnine, but have not found a particle of either in it, nor have I found any substance in its composition that would prove injurious to the constitution.

"JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist."

This allows of its

FREE USE AS A PREVENTIVE

by which all persons may thus be sure of entire freedom from the above named diseases no matter how sickly the season or swampy the locality

PROOFS OF EFFICACY are frequently published, and the confidence of the public is asked only in proportion to its actual merits wherever introduced and used. These only are relied upon to prove its worth.

One or two bottles will answer for ordinary cases, some may require more. Direction printed in German, French and Spanish, accompany each bottle. Price One Dollar.

Prepared and sold by the proprietor,

JAMES A. RHODES, Providence R. I.

For sale by Wall & Meyer; H. B. Reed & Co. D. D. Werden; & D. W. Burroughs Agents Fort Wayne Ind.

November 10, 1855. 1y40.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

WE call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color gray hair; covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth; removes the dandruff, itching, and all cutaneous eruptions, causes a continual flow of the natural fluids, and hence, is used as a regular dressing to the hair, will preserve its color and keep it from falling to extreme old age, is all its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald, the gray, or diseased scalp to use it; and surely the young will use, as they value the flowing locks, or the witching curl, ever be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.

CARLYLE, Ill, June 2d, 1853.

I have used Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effect. My hair was becoming as I thought, prematurely gray, but by the use of his Restorative it has resumed its original color, and I have no doubt, permanently so.

SYDNEY BREESE,

Ex-Senator United States.

VINCENNES, Ia., June 15, 1853.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: As you are about to manufacture extensively and send your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whomsoever it may concern, that I have used it, and known others to use it; that I have for several years been in the habit of using other Hair Restoratives and that I find yours vastly superior to any other I know. I entirely cleansed the head from dandruff and with one months proper use will restore and person's hair to the original youthful color and texture, giving it a healthy soft and glossy appearance, and all this without discolouring the hands that apply it, or the dress upon which it drops. I would therefore recommend its use to every one desirous of having a fine color and texture to hair.

Respectfully yours,

WILSON KING.

The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Bragg, is a Minister in regular standing, and Pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of considerable influence and universally beloved.

WM. DYER.

BROOKFIELD, Jan. 12, 1855.

PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir having made trial of your Hair Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say, that its effect has been excellent in removing inflamation, dandruff, and a constant tendency to itching, with which I have been trouble from childhood, and has also restored my hair, which was becoming gray, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure and profit.

J. K. BRAGG.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Is, no doubt, the Most Wonderful discovery of this age of progress. The following is from a distinguished member of the medical profession:

ST. PAUL, January 1, 1855.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sirt—Unsolicited, I send you this certificate. After being nearly bald for a long time, and having tried all the half restoratives extant, and having no faith in any, I was induced, on hearing of yours, to give it a trial I placed myself in the hands of a barber, who had my head well rubbed with a good, stiff brush, and the Restorative then applied and well rubbed in, till the scalp was all a glow This I repeated every morning, and in three weeks the young hair appeared, and grew rapidly from August last up to the present time, and is now thick, black and strong—soft and pleasant to the touch, whereas before it was harsh and wiry what little there was of it, and that little there was disappearing rapidly I still use your Restorative about twice a week, and shall soon have a good and perfect crop of hair. Now, I have read of these things—and who has not?—but have never seen hitherto, any case in which any persons hair was really benefited by any of the hair tonics, &c., of the day, and I really very me pleasure to record the result of my experience. I have recomended your preparation to others and it already has a large and general sale throughout the Territory. The people here saw its effects and have confidence in it. All who have used it here will coincide with me in what I have written. The supply you sent us, as the wholesale agents for the Territory is already exhausted, and daily inquiries are made for it. You deserve credit for your discovery. I for one return you thanks for the benefit it has done me, for I certainly had despaired long ago of ever effecting any such result. I congratulate you that your fortune (and a large one) is already made.

Yours, hastily,

J. W. BOND,

Firm of Bond & Kellogg, Druggists, St. Paul, M. T.

☞ Sold at 114 Market Street, St. Louis.

And also by H. B. REED, Agent for Fort Wayne, Ind.

TAYLOR, DICKSON, GRAVES & CO.

(*Successors to Bates, Taylor & Co.*)

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

CLOTHING,

Nos. 23 and 25 Dey Street, NEW YORK.

2m28

FEATHERS.—300 lbs. live Geese Feathers for sale by H R SCHWEGMAN.

DRIED FRUIT.—300 bushels Dried Apples and 100 bushels Dried Peaches—just received

Jan. 10, 1856. H. R SCHWEGMAN.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF

NEW GOODS

AT GIBFORD'S,

No 73, Corner Columbia & Clinton Streets,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

A. GIBFORD, Sen., respectfully announces to the citizens of Fort Wayne and all the regions of country round about, that he is now receiving a large assortment of

Dry Goods.

Groceries, Queensware, Glassware,

all of which he offers for sale for cash at a small advance on New York prices. Among his stock of Dry Goods the following may be found: Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Tweeds, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels, Alpaccas, Merinoes, Delains, Debages, Nankeens, Apron Check, Crash, Diaper, Brown and colered Drills, Ticking, Denims, Seestings, Bags, Cotton Batting, &c. &c.

GROCERIES.

Such as Rio Coffee, Old Java Coffee, Imperial Tea, Young Hyson Tea, superior Chocolate, grain and ground Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, Ginger, Cassia, Pearl and Corn Starch, Nutmegs, Star and Tallow Candles, Molasses, Syrup, Vinegar, N. O. Sugar, Loaf, Crushed, Pulverized, and Granulated Sugar, Coffee Sugar.

QUEENSWARE.

Sets of white Granite Ware, white dinner and breakfast Plates, Dithes, Bowls, Pitchers, Creams, Brittania Castors, common Tea Cups and Saucers, Glass Jars with covers, with a handsome assortment of Glassware direct from the manufacturer's

WOODEN WARE.

WOODEN WARE.—Tubs, Churns, Half Bushels, &c.

Fort Wayne, June 30, 1855. y52.

ROBINSON'S New Brick Store

At the Old Stand in Fort Wayne.

This Wholesale and Retail

Boot & Shoe Manufactory AND LEATHER STORE

IS the most extensive establishment of the kind in this part of the country,

My Retail Room

is spacious and well filled, from the styles of the White Satin, Bronze French Kid, and Toilet Slipper, to the FANCY GAITER and STOGA BOOT.

Merchants & Shoe Dealers

can be supplied as low as they can buy of Eastern Jobbing Houses, as I purchase direct from the Manufacturers in Eastern Villages, where the Jobbers buy their stock; and when my own

HOME MADE WORK

is added to the Eastern, a better stock is furnished.

Also: Sole Leather, Upper, Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs and Findings.

Cash paid for Hides & Skins

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, Ind, Dec 26, 1855.

200 Bushels Dryed Apples received and for sale at A. GIBFORD'S Sr.

200 Bush Dryed Peaches, for sale at A. GIBFORD'S Sr.

Dec. 22, 1855.

20 Bales Dayton Batting for sale at Dec. 22. A. GIBFORD'S Sr.

20 Doz Zinc Wash Boards are offered low at Dec. 22. A. GIBFORD'S Sr.

New Livery Stable.

THE firm of Link & Co. being dissolved, the subscriber informs his friends that he continues the Livery Stable, north side of the Canal, west of Story's Foundry, on his own account, and keeps for hire a few

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES

of the latest and neatest styles. Also, first-rate

Saddle and Carriage Horses.

His charges will be moderate, and he hopes, by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support.

W. H. LINK.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1855 y25

Town Lots!

THE most desirable Building Lots in Rockhill & Nelson's Addition, No. 56 & 57, will be sold at a bargain if application be made soon.

Enquire of R. C. FILSON.

Dec 21st. tf—25

WAYNE

Cabinet and Chair Manufactory.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that they have recently commenced business, and have taken the extensive and commodious warerooms formerly occupied by Mr. B. H. Tower, where they offer at wholesale or retail, a large assortment of Goods in their line, consisting of

Cabinetware, Chairs, Mattrasses, &c.

made in the newest styles, by the most experienced workmen, and of the best materials. Their facilities or manufacturing are such as to enable them to sell their articles at a very low rate. Those in want of Household Furniture are invited to call and examine our assortment before they purchase, as we feel well assured that the quality and prices of our articles will be found worthy of their attention.

We have in operation

Woodworth's Steam Planing Machine,

and are prepared to execute anything in this line with great dispatch, and at very low rates. Always on hand and for sale, at our Manufactory on the opposite side of the Canal, a great variety of FLOORING, at reasonable prices. DERBY & Co.

Dec. 15, 1855. 1y25

A. T. STEBBINS. H. STEBBINS.

A. T. STEBBINS & CO.

IMPORTERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

CROCKERY,

CHINA GASSWARE, LAMPS, LOOKING GLASSES, CASTORS, &c.

Under Colerick's Hall Fort Wayne. Ind.

Dec. 15, 1855 1y24

NEW WINTER GOODS

AT THE

New York Cash Store.

WE are under thanks to this community for their liberal patronage since we commenced business. We are now receiving from NEW YORK a large stock of WINTER GOODS, comprising an assortment of

Domestic and Staple Dry Goods,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

And Trimmings, Furs in sets, Bonnets and Millinery Goods, Fancy Articles for Holydais Presents, &c.

We have now a full stock of all Goods in our line which will be sold at less price that can be bough elsewhere.

Dec 15, 1855. S. G. EVANS & Co.

Every Farmer his own Miller.

THE attention of Farmers, Stock Feeders and Dealers is respectfully invited to

Feltons' Patent Portable Grist Mill,

One of which can be seen at PRATT & Co., in Fort Wayne. The No 2 Mill, price $100, requiring only one horse power, will grind from 10 to 15 bushels of Corn in the ear per hour, or 5 to 8 bushels of Meal per hour. WM H PILLOW, sole Agent

For Allen, Whitley, Wells and Adams Co.

Apply to Messrs. PRATT & Co; in Fort Wayne, who are authorized to sell, 3m24

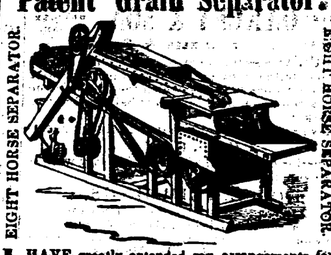
CITY ORDERS for sale by S. B. BARKER & Co.

Equal to of

Dec. 7. B. W. OAKLEY & SON.

MOFFIT'S

Patent Grain Separator.



I HAVE greatly extended my arrangements for the manufacture of my improved Machine, to which has been awarded the first premiums at the *World's Fair Exhibition, New York*, 1853, the State Fairs of Ohio, 1853-4, and all other places where it has been exhibited in the United States and Europe. By many practical tests with the best machines in use, it has invariably proven superior in all essential points. I have made many valuable improvements during the last year, and have no hesitation in warranting my machines superior to any in use.

FOUR HORSE SEPARATOR

which is designed for the Farmer's own use. They tresh and clean the Grain perfectly, and deliver it in bags.

I am also preparing a large number of A. B Crawford's Improved

CLOVER HULLERS,

Patented 1854, which is greatly superior to his patent of 1844, being a self-feeder and greatly ahead in other respects, hulling and cleaning in the most speedy and perfect manner. They will be put up under the supervision of the Patentee, who has permanently located here.

☞ Orders left with COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co., Fort Wayne, will be promptly attended to.

June 26. y48

JOHN ORFF S. D. LACEY.

EMPIRE MILLS,

AT ST. MARY'S AQUEDUCT,

FORT WAYNE.

THE subscribers having taken the Stone Mills lately occupied by S. Edsall, are prepared to do a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour delivered in any part of the City free of charge. Orders can be left either at the Mill or at Orff's Store, No. 3 Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Shipstuffs, and Bran constantly on hand.

The highest Market Price paid for good sound Wheat.

ORFF & LACEY.

Feb. 1, 1856. y—28

HEDEKIN HOUSE,

Barr Street, near Columbia,

FORT WAYNE. IND.

THE undersigned having leased the above well known House for a term of years, respectfully inform the public, that they have refitted and furnished the same anew, and intend it shall not be surpassed by any House in the West.

CALVIN ANDERSON, JOHN J KNOX.

☞ Omnibus to convey Passengers to and from the Packets and Cars without charge. y46

CHAS. F. H. FORBES.

Civil Engineer and Surveyor,

HAVING been appointed by W. A Jackson County Surveyor of Allen Co., as his Deputy hereby gives notice that he may be found at his office over the City Auction Rooms, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, ready to attend to any surveying, and from his experience in the business, will not fail to give entire satisfaction. tf—30

READY MADE SHIRTS.

10 DOZEN fine Shirts, with real Linen Bosoms and made in the best manner, just opened at

ABBOTT'S

Also, 20 Dozen Linen Bosoms that we feel for what the linen would cost, at the Boston Dry Goods Store WM. T. ABBOTT

MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND—3d and 4th volumes just published. For sale by C. L. HILL

SHOVELS—Ames & Lippencott's Canal and Grain Shovels. R. W. TAYLOR,

PIE FRUITS.—Peaches, Cherries, Strawberries, Raspberries, Pine Apples, &c., in bottles, retaining the flavor of fresh fruit. An excellent article for pies. For sale by

Dec. 1st, 1855. SHOAFF & HANNA.

JAVA & CIO COFFEE, New Orleans, Crushed Powdered, Granulated, and Clarified Sugars by the pound or barrel, at No. 3.

GROCERIES.

ON hand, 75 bags Rio Coffee prime,

20 bbls N O Sugar,

5 bags Pepper,

5 " Spice,

10 boxes Tobacco,

5 bbls Smoking do,

20 chests Tea.

With a complete assortment of other Articles in this line, to be sold cheap, at wholesale or retail, at No 87 Columbia st., by H R SCHWEGMAN.

10,000 FEET DRY TIMBER Wanted, for which the market price will be paid. Apply at No 87 Columbia street.

Feb. 15, 1856. H. R. S.

THE highest market price will be paid at all times for Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, Cheese, Poultry, Ginseng, Seneca, Snake Root, &c., Rags, &c. Fetch them along to No. 87 Columbia street.

H. R S

COUNTY & City Orders will be taken at all times in Goods, and a little money will be paid if requested, at H. R. SCHWEGMANS

SHOAFF & HANNA,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Family Groceries and Provisions.

COFFEE by the Sack. N O Sugar by the Hogshead or barrel. N O Molasses by the Barrel. Pulverized Sugar by the Barrel. Crushed Sugar by the Barrel. Stewart's Golden Syrup by the Barrel. at SHOAFF & HANNAS

FINE M. R. RAISINS by wholesale half, or 20 Boxes, at S. & H'S

TWO tons Western Reserve CHEESE at S & H'S.

1000 Bags DRY APPLES at a low figure, at S & H'S.

500 Bags DRY PEACHES at a low figure, at S & H'S

200 Barrels assorted WINTER APPLES, at S & H'S.

500 Barrels SALT, coarse and fine, at S & H'S

50 Barrels Pure CIDER VINEGAR, at S. & H'S.

LIVERPOOL BUTTER SALT at S. & H'S.

NATURAL PRESERVES in Cans and Bottles, at S & H's.

PIE FRUITS, at S & H's.

MALBY'S celebrated OYSTERS, at S. & H's.

Sim. Saxoff's Camden FLOUR, at S. & H's.

January 18, 1856

R. W. TAYLOR,

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic

Hardware, Iron, Nails, Glass,

and all kinds of Produce,

123 Columbia Street,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

NAILS—500 kegs assorted, best brands, just received at R. W. TAYLOR'S.

STEEL CAST English and American, Blister Spring, Shear, Plow and German Steel, at R W TAYLOR

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

DOUBLE and Square Broche, do do Bay State, Waterloo, Northampton and Rescedale of every description and price.

Also Gentlemen's HEAVY SHAWLS, new patterns, which are offered at very low prices at the Boston Dry Goods store, by

Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE

MRS. GEORGE WILSON,

Teacher of the Piano-Forte,

RESIDENCE one door west of the Berry St. Methodist Church, FORT WAYNE.

April 25th, 1855. 6m43

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from HANGING ROCK metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the signe of the Golden Stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22d, 1855

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

DRAKE & BOURIE'S

EMPORIUM.

WE are now receiving a very choice lot of FAMILY GROCERIES, the most complete and full ever brought to this city, comprising all kinds all kinds of

Salt and Fresh Water Fish,

GROCERIES,

PRESERVES, PICKLES, FRUITS, PROVISIONS, COUNTRY PRODUCE, &C., &C.,

For city and country trade, which for price and quality cannot be beat.

We have arrangements to receive in season all kinds of

Domestic and Foreign Fruits,

And any thing rich, rare and racy.

We aim to keep the *best of every article*, and TELL THE TRUTH to customers in all cases, it we loose a sale thereby, and strictly adhere to

One uniform Price to All.

DRAKE & BOURIE.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 15th, 1855.

MORE NEW GOODS

By the Lightning Line.

WE have, this week received the third lot of New Goods, by Railroad, direct from New York, bought of Importers, Manufacturers and Jobbers. They will be sold cheap. A call is solicited from Country Merchants, Pedlers, and our Customers generally. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Radway's Regulators.

We here direct the attention of the public to our newly discovered remedy—RADWAY'S REGULATORS; they possess the great curative properties of a Purgative of the system. They are in fact the only perfect purgative or cathartic remedy that has ever been discovered or given to the World.

Radway's Regulators will answer a better purpose than Calomel or Mercury, without entailing on the system the terrible injuries of these baneful drugs.

They are in the form of Pills, elegantly coated with gum, perfectly tasteless, and can be taken without sickening or nauseating the patient. They are to be used in all cases when the system is OUT OF ORDER, or under the influence of disease. One or two doses of Radway's Regulators has frequently checked the progress of the most terrible diseases and restored the system to health and regularity.

They establish new and improved principles in Medicine, and secure the great and important power of regulating to a healthy, natural and harmonious action, each and every organ in the body. This great controlling power has never formed any part of the properties of the popular Cathartic, Vegetable or Indian Purgative Pills, that have ever been in use.

Radway's Regulators rid the system

CHANGE OF TIME.

OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

Passenger Train from and after Thursday, 30th inst., will leave Fort Wayne every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9 20 arriving at Forest on the Cincinnati, Dayton, and Sandusky Railroad at 2 20, when trains pass north and south at 2 35, giving time for dinner, and arriving at Crestline at 4 30 P M, connecting without delay with trains for Pittsburg, Cleveland, and Columbus arriving at

Cleveland at	8 P M
Pittsburg, "	12 50 A M
Columbus, "	4 25 P M
Cincinnati, "	7 30 "

Tickets sold to all the cities and important towns in the east as low as by any other route, at the Ticket Office of the O & I Railroad, at the old Packet Office in Fort Wayne, by

S S MORSS, *Agent.*

Freight trains leave Fort Wayne every morning at 8 00 A M and arrive at Crestline at 5 P M when Freight trains leave same evening for Cleveland at 8 00, and for Pittsburg at 9 P M.

Stock should leave Fort Wayne on the morning of Tuesday, Thursdays, and Saturdays, to ensure good connections with the other Stock trains

J. R. S'TRAUGHAN, *Sup't.*

FARE.

To New York,	$16 00	To Indianapolis,	$8 00
" Philadelphia,	16 00	" Sandusky City,	
" Pittsburgh,	7 50	" Toledo,	4 00
" Cincinnati,	6 00	" Cleveland,	5 75
" Dayton,	5 00	" Columbus,	5 00

Aug. 29, 1855 9

TOLEDO & ILLINOIS AND LAKE ERIE, WABASH & ST. LOUIS RAILROADS.

Open from Fort Wayne to Toledo, 94 miles.

ON and after Monday, November 19th, a Passenger Train will leave Fort Wayne for Toledo Daily at 9 45 A. M. arriving in Toledo at 3 20 P. M.

A Passenger Train will leave Toledo at 12 30 A M., arriving in Fort Wayne at 9 00 P. M.

Trains connect at Toledo with trains of the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad, for CLEVELAND, DUNKIRK, BUFFALO, ALBANY, NEW YORK and BOSTON.

C. & S. R. R.

LEAVE TOLEDO:

Southern Division,		Northern Division,	
Express	9.50 A M.	Mail	2 20 A.M
Mail	4 00 P M	Express	4 50 P.M.
Freight	5 15 P M.	Freight	3 30 P.M.

The Michigan Southern Railroad Company splendid Steamers *Empire State, Northern Indiana and Boston to Michigan* form a daily line between Toledo and Buffalo, leaving Toledo every morning at 8 o'clock, arriving in Buffalo in season for the Express Trains for New York the next morning. There is also a daily line of Steamboats from

TODEDO TO DETROIT.

Passengers leaving Toledo, via Cleveland and Toledo Railroad at 4 50 P. M., arrive in Buffalo in season for the 5.30 A. M. Express Train on N York Central Railroad, arriving in Albany at 4 P. M., in New York by Hudson River Railroad at 9 20 P. M., and in Boston by Western Railroad at 1 A. M. Or leaving Toledo at same time, arrive in Dunkirk in time for the 5 30 A. M Express Train on N. York & Erie Railroad, arriving in New York at 10.50 P.M.

GEO. H. BURROWS, Sup't.

November 19th 1855 y5

Cheap Saddlery Shop

WM. BOWEN & SON, 93 COLUMBIA ST, Second Story, AT THE SIGN OF THE *Golden Saddle.*

ARE now offering the greatest inducements that ever were offered in the market to those wishing any thing in the line of Saddlery, as we use nothing but the best of eastern stock, and all work made in the best manner.

Sets of heavy Team Harness.

100 Saddles from $7 00 to $40 00.

A fine lot of Ladies' Saddles from $12.00 to $40 00.

Fine Harness for buggy and carriage, silver and brass trimmed, from $15 00 to $50 00.

Add in fact every thing in their line of business, at the lowest rates. Nov. 23. 1855. 1y18

New Goods

And New Prices.

THE undersigned is now opening a fine assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries

in Edselle's Building, one door north of Reed's Drug Store, where he respectfully invites the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity to call and examine for themselves. Also, at wholesale, a large lot of

YANKEE NOTIONS,

which will be sold low to the trade.

C. P. PERRY.

October 18th.

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

SEVEN sizes Fluted Boxes Stoves; very cheap and heavy plated, at BRANDRIFF'S.

RUSSIA NAIL ROOD—500 bundles, 25 lbs. each, just received at R. W. TAYLOR.

BLACKSMITH, Joiners, Coopers, and Wagon Makers TOOLS, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

CHAINS—Cable, Log, Binding, Trace and Halther Chains, at R. W. TAYLOR.

SWEDES IRON—A large stock of nearly all sizes can be found at R. W TAYLOR.

ANVILS, Sledges, Bellows, Vises Stock and Dies, and a general assortment of Blacksmith's Tools, R. W. TAYLOR.

AXES—Simmons' and Lippencott's, Ohio and Mishawake Pattern, at R. W. TAYLOR.

BROAD AXES of various brands can be had at R. W. TAYLOR.

PLANES Smoothing, Jack, Joinders, Fore and Match Planes, just received by R. W. TAYLOR.

ADZES—Hunt & Simmon's celebrated Adzes, at R. W. TAYLOR

LANTERNS—the best assortment in town can be had at R. W. TAYLOR.

SHOT—50 bags assorted numbers, for sale low by R. W. TAYLOR.

LEAD PIPE—from ½ to 2¼ inches, for sale low by R. W. TAYLOR.

WINDOW GLASS—several hundred boxes of all sizes and best brands, for sale at a small advance on manufacturer's prices. R. W. TAYLOR.

SASH—Pine an Poplar, a very large stock for sale at manufacturer's prices. R. W. TAYLOR.

SAWS—Hees, Patent, Ground, Mill and Circular Saws, together with Rowland's and other brands. R. W. TAYLOR.

SEAT SPRINGS—light and heavy, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

AXLES and BUGGIES SPRINGS of nearly all sizes can be found at R. W TAYLOR'S.

KETTLES—Brass and Porcelaine, at R. W. TAYLOR'S.

LEAD—3 000 lbs, Stamped Bar Lead, just received by R. W. TAYLOR.

IRON—A complete assortment of bar, round and square, oval, half-round, band, high, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.

SPIKES—Wrought and Cut, from 3 to 9 inches Spikes, at R. W. TAYLOR.

WATER LIME. The Oswego and Sandusky City Water Lime, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

If you want a good sett of Tea Cups at 25 cents, and up to $1 50, or any other Queensware, call at OLD No. 3.

100 Sacks RIO COFFEE,
20 chests Tea, various kinds,
150 boxes Glass, assorted sizes,
80 boxes Tobacco, choice brands,
20 bbl. Cut and Dry Tobacco,
40 boxes M R. Raisins,
50 quarter boxes do,
20 bbls Golden Syrup,
Oranges, Lemons, &c.
100 bundle Wrapping Paper, assorted sizes;
A supply of Cap and Letter Paper.

The above GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, are now being received and will be sold to the country trade *Low.*

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street,
April 14, 1855. FORT WAYNE.

FARMERS' DEPOT

Again in Full Blast!

Now is the time for Bargains!!

THIS celebrated CHEAP STORE is now filed up with a superb lot of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

to which public attention is called, as they must and shall be sold, and that too at such extraordinary

Low Prices

that buyers will save money by purchasing. *A Pennysaved is a Penny earned,* and the customers of the Depot have now a chance to buy themselves rich.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

are invited to examine the stock, as they can be supplied on such terms as will obviate the necessity of their going east.

The stock of DRESS GOODS includes Alpaccas, De Laines, French Merinoes, all colors and qualities; black ribbed and watered Silks—the best ever in Market; 500 pieces Calicoes, new styles, cheap, &c.

Moire Antique and Velvet TRIMMINGS, all Widths and colors.

A beautiful assortment of Bonnet, Taffeta, and Satin RIBBONS of all colors.

Bonnets, Mitts, Comforters, and a full stock of Hosiery.

SHAWLS—A large stock—single and double Brocha, Plaid, Merinoes, &c.

CARPETING—In great variety, and cheaper than ever before in Fort Wayne.

Nails, Glass, Wooden Ware, Stone Ware,

Also, a full stock of

GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

Farmers, bring on your Produce,

and exchange it for Goods You will get the highest prices, and shall have goods low.

Oct. 27. H. R SCHWEGMAN.

CLOTH, Cassimeres, Vestings, Sattinets, Tweeds, Jeans and Linseys, at ORFF'S.

OIL CLOTH CARPETING.

NEW Patterns just received and for sale by

Sept. 19 WM. T. ABBOTT.

PAPER HANGINGS.

2000 ROLLS of elegant Paper Hangings just arrived in town and ready for inspection at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia St.

Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Nurserymen, Fruit Growers and Farmers

THE NEW YORK

Horticultural Review:

A JOTRNAL OF SUBURBAN ART.

Superbly and Profusely Illustrated.—Devoted to the Advancement of the Rural Interests in America.

THIS is one of the largest and most elaborate works of the kind in the world.

Rural architecture forms one of the principal features. Each number contains from two to four engravings of model cottages, from designs by eminent and skilful architects. Space is also assigned to the tasteful art of Landscape Gardening: engraved plans of gardens in every style, and adapted to the peculiarities of different orders of architecture, beautify the work.

Engravings of new fruits, new flowers, new vegetables, &c. are illustrated and described as soon as their respective qualities can be determined, forming the most complete and elegant Manual of Rural Husbandry ever attempted.

An experienced corps of practical writers, seven in number are engaged to fill its columns.

It contains seventy large pages, and is printed on the finest pearl surfaced paper, manufactured expressly.

TERMS:—$2 per annum, payable invariably in advance. Fifty cents commission on each subscriber allowed to those who act as agents. $1,000 will be distributed at the end of the year among those who send us the twenty largest lists of subscribers. These premiums will be paid in cash. The first premium will be $500.

The following are selected from hundreds of similar notices, voluntarily contributed by extemporaneous publications:

The Horticultural Review deserves the most liberal patronage. It is not only eminently practical, but is written in a style that equals the best efforts of the late A. J. Downing.—*Knickerbocker*

The most elegant and useful book of the kind that has ever come under our observation.—*Register.*

Mr. Reagles, the Editor of the Horticultural Review is a practical pomologist, and one of the finest scholars our country boasts of. He possesses the glowing descriptive powers of Dickens, the elegant gossip of Walpole, combined with a thorough knowledge of rural art.—*State Police Tribune.*

Farmers—buy it for your sons—buy it for your daughters. It is a rich intellectual treat; a rare combination of the beautiful and the useful.—*Argus* N Y

We had thought that in Downings's death, the eloquent advocate of rural adornment had become only a cherished remembrance; but in Mr Peagles we discover a equally rich mind of mental wealth, that betokens the influence of the spirit that is gone.—*Montrose Tribune.*

Advertisers will find this an unsurpassed medium of publicity, as the Horticultural Review circulates extensively in every State an the Union. Advertisements inserted at the rate of $10 per page.

WOOD ENGRAVING

Those requiring wood Engraving can have their orders executed in an unrivalled manner. SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to views of ANIMALS: an experience English Draughtsman is engaged for this express purpose. Persons living at a distance can forward a daguerreotype of the object [by mail] they wish engraved, which will be a sufficient guide to obtain a perfect *fac simile.* Stock Breeders will be dealt with on very liberal terms.

Our Exchange List is already very large. A further extension is not desired, unless publishers are willing to give the above advertisement several insertions in their respective papers.

Agricultural Books can be furnished on every useful subject, from both English and American publishers, by enclosing to our address the price of the book required.

Specimen copies will be forwarded on the receipt of 18 cts in postage stamps

C REAGLES Publisher,
Gn98 208 Broadway, New York.

NEW YORK PARLORS—5 sizes of this celebrated Stove, very good article, cheap at BRANDRIFF'

FRANKLIN STOVES, open front, the best in the market, at BRANDRIFF'S

RUSSIA Iron Stoves—2 very beautiful patterns, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

COTTAGE PARLORS, at BRANDRIFF'S.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S

UNION Box Stove—3 sizes new pattern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

THREE sizes of Ten Plate Stoves, at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs. of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

NEW CARPETINGS.

THE largest and best selected stock of Woolen Carpets ever opened in Fort Wayne may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 95 Columbia street. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Gas Pipe & Fixture Notice.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

20 to 22 Cts. per Ft. for Pipes.

WE have received our stock of Gas Pipe of the best makers in the country, warranted for Steam or Gas purposes, and to

Stand the full pressure of the Inspector's Pump.

Our Pipes will be put up with CEMENT (not with lead)—the usual eastern mode of putting up pipes. Our

FITTINGS

are heavier than usual, and of the best quality. Our work shall be done in the very best order, and we are responsible for all damages that may occur.

Our Fixtures

are from the most celebrated manufactuers in the country, which we offer

At Philadelphia Prices.

Our whole stock has been selected from practical men long engaged in the business Orders for Gas, Steam, and Water Pipes, left with D. W. MAPLES or H. Durrie, will be promptly attended to

H. DURRIE.

Sept. 1st, 1855.

NEW GOODS.

No 79 GRANITE STORE. OAKLEY & SON, No 83 GRANITE STORE,

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH,)

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which (they flatter themselves) is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket

CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware.—A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little etceteries necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

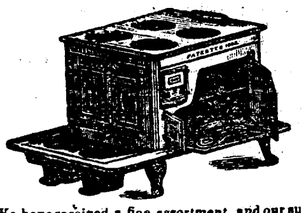
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades' Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, *well* selected in view of *this market,* and purchased *direct* of the *manufacturers* or of the *importers.* In all cases we get our goods of *first* hands, thereby saving one *profit,* of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.

April 14th, 1855.

200 KEGS Juniata Nails, just received and for sale by H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Aug 10, 1855.

United States Mail Line!

Three TIMES a Week. Three TIMES a Week.

Fort Wayne & Goshen Stage.

THE subscriber is now running a Line of Stages, three times a week, from Fort Wayne to Goshen, via Heller's Corners, Cherubusco, Marion, Wolf Lake, Port Mitchell, Albion, Rochester, Ligonier Richville, and Benton.

Leaves Fort Wayne and Goshen every *Monday, Wednesday* and *Friday* mornings at seven o'clock.

Fort Wayne and Liberty Mills.

A HACK will leave Fort Wayne for Liberty Mills, via Bayless' Saw Mill, Lind P. O., Moring & Tracy Settlements, every Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, arriving at 6 o'clock P. M, Leaves Liberty Mills for Fort Wayne on Saturday Morning, at 7 o'clock.

LIVERY STABLE.

In connection with the above, he also keeps a Livery Stable on MAIN STREET, north-easte the State Bank.

Horses and Carriages

of all descriptions for hire on reasonable terms.

MATTHIAS GLYNN.

Fort Wayne, July 14th, 1855.

Stone Coal!

THE subscriber informs Blacksmiths and other that he has opened a Coal Yard on the Canal bank, immediately west of the City Mills, where he offers for sale 2 000 bushels of

PITTSBURGH COAL

first quality, at the lowest rates; also, 2d quality do very cheap. A full supply will be constantly kept on hand.

F. W. BUSCHMAN.

Fort Wayne, July 27, 1855. 16m4

A. L. HANNA,

(successor to *F. S. Aveline,*)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 89 Columbia Street,

KEEPS constantly on hand a complete assortment of BOOTS and SHOES for *Ladies, Gents, Masters* and *Misses* wear, being the LARGEST, CHEAPEST, and Best Assorted Stock of any establishment in this vicinity.

Custom Work.

He has made arrangements with PETER KLINE, the *Premium Boot Maker* of this County, for the manufacture of

Fine French Calf Boots & Shoes

for Customers only, and is confident that he can give good satisfaction in that line, both as to fit and wear.

Fort Wayne, April 14 1855

If you would see yourself as others see you buy one of those splendid LOOKING GLASSES at

June 30, 1855. GIBFORD'S

Country Merchants & Grocers,

INSTEAD of going to Toledo or Cincinnati to purchase Groceries, you will find it much to your interest to purchase of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS Wholesale Grocers, No. 85, Columbia street, Fort Wayne. By so doing you will save the expense of going further, and, in many cases, the entire cost of freight.

Williams & Huestis having made their purchases with direct reference to the country trade, are selling at a very small advance above the Eastern and Cincinnati prices.

☞ Don't forget the place No. 85 Columbia street.

FORT WAYNE

STEAM BOILER WORKS,

N. McLACHLAN & Co.,

Proprietors, Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE above extensive establishment having just gone into operation is prepared to do all kinds of BOILER WORK, such as

High and Low Pressure Boilers,

of all sizes and descriptions,

LARD TANKS, SMOKE STACKS, WATER TANKS, &c., &c.

in a thorough and expeditious manner.

From the twenty years experience of N McLachlan in the above business, the last three of which were with Messrs Coopers and Clark, Mount Vernon, we feel confident that we can make it the interest of those wishing any thing in our line, to give us a call.

Old boilers bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

Repairs promptly attended to.

Fort Wayne, May 4th, 1855 y44

Notice.

JUST received by B. W. OAKLEY & SON a splendid assortment of

CHANDELIERS,

Pendants, Hall Lights, Brackets,

&c., &c

Those wishing to secure a nice article are requested to call and examine our stock.

GAS FITTING

Done in the neatest manner.

We will fit up any house without soiling or damage in the least. All are invited to examine our work and goods. November 24th, 1855.

HARDWARE.

I AM now receiving one of the largest and best assorted stocks of heavy Hardware ever before brought to this market, consisting in part of Iron, Nails, Glass, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.

Fort Wayne, September 29.

J. D. WERDEN & Co.,

City Drug Store

CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE, IND.

HAVE just received a large and beautifully selected stock of

LUBIN'S

MUCH ADMIRED FRENCH EXTRACTS,

for the Handkerchief and Toilet, surpassing all other for elegance and durability of perfume.

Jules Haule's and Roussel's

Esteemed Preparations for the Hair and Toilet.

French and American CARICATURES and FANCY TOILET, and SHAVING SOAPS in endless variety.

An extensive assortment of

HAIR BRUSHES

of a quality to suit the most fastidious.

Tooth, Nail, and Clothes Brushes.

The celebrated

INDIAN RUBBER DRESSING COMBS,

Under the Patent of Goodyear & Co.

BUFFALO AND ENGLISH HORN COMBS, &c., &c., &c.

Choice Cigars. 47

175 Pieces New Styles CALICOES beautiful patterns.

100 pieces Mousline de Laine Lawns, Lawn Robes, De Laine Robes, Ginghams, &c &c.

For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

PIANO FORTE WARE ROOM

C L HILL having opened rooms for the sale of

PIANO FORTES,

AND OTHER

Musical Instruments,

would say to the public that he is now receiving a fine stock of Boardman & Gray's celebrated Pianos, with and without the

DOLCE CAMPANA ATTACHMENT.

This attachment combines more richness and beauty of tone than was ever before attained in the Piano Forte. Its particular qualities are clearness brilliancy and delicacy of tone, which falls upon the ear with a surpassing softness, like the chiming peals of distant bells.

Messrs Boardman & Gray's Pianos, besides their other excellences, are warranted to be of great durability and wear longer than any others made.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of *Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.*

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

He is daily expecting a consignment of Stoddart's superior Piano Fortes. Oct 18.

ALLEN COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor saving Mechanics so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st 1852.

Composition Cement Roofing.

THE subscriber has made arrangement and procured the necessary materials for covering buildings with the popular Composition and Gravel Roofing. This system of Roofing has given universal satisfaction wherever it has been introduced, and is rapidly superceeding all others. Its great advantages of durability, cheapness, tightness, and perfect safety from fire recommend it to all persons erecting good buildings. Though fully equal to tin in every respect, the cost is less than one half—but little more in fact than pine shingles.

For specimens the public are invited to examine the new 4 story Cabinet Shop of J. M. Miller, and Cooper's new Car Factory, south of A. Hamilton.

HENRY CHAMBERLAIN.

Oct 10. y16

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Kettles; Long's No 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by

JONES, BASS & CO.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 18 1855. 1f25.

Steam Elevators,

Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane,

FORT WAYNE.

PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse and Mill lately occupied by Little & McCulloch, are prepared to do a

Commission & Forwarding Business,

and will promptly attend to all goods and produce entrusted to them.

Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.

The highest price paid for Grain and all kinds of produce.

Fort Wayne 18th, 1855. y46

1855 CHEAP CASH STORE 1855

COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Receive and Forward Goods by the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, and Wabash & Erie Canal.

AGENTS for the ECKFORD LINE on the Wabash & Erie Canal, for the sale of E & T. Fairbank's Scales; for the sale of Dupont's Powder; and also, for the Franklin Glass Works. Buyers, receivers and shippers of

Grain, Flour & Produce.

Their facilities for receiving and shipping goods are unsurpassed, it equalled, by any house in the State. Their Warehouse on the Canal, at the Railroad Depot, is furnished with superior Steam Elevators. June, 1855.

DENTISTRY.

DR KNAPP, having opened an office in Fort Wayne, is prepared to wait upon all who may favor him with their patronnage.

His new styles of attaching teeth to the plate with raised and double backings, is universally admitted to be a great improvement. They secure a more natural shape, are susceptible of a much higher finish, impart twice the strength, and perfectly correct the defect of the teeth becoming detached from the plate, so common with the flat backings

Teeth filled with care and fidelity.

Special attention will be given to all diseases of the mouth which appropriately come under the care of surgical dentistry,

I. KNAPP, M D.

Fort Wayne, April 7th, 1855 1y40

DRY GOODS.

2 000 Pieces Fall Prints.		20 pieces Wool DeLaine	
150 " " DeLaines.	60	" Red Flannell.	
25 " Persian Twills.	20	" white "	
45 " Blk Alpaccas.	15	" orange "	
50 " Colored "	4 cases	Dom'c Ginghams.	

By the yard or piece, at J. & C ORFF'S.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S

STEAM MARBLE, Free & Lime Stone Works,

On the Canal, near the Rockhill House, FORT WAYNE, IND.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!

20 PIECES two and three ply Carpets of beautiful colors and patterns.

5 pieces Stair Carpets and Rugs Mattings, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.

OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and width, 4-4 5-4 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

August 10th, 1855.

Fort Wayne Cars Machine Shop & Foundry.

THE subribers having formed a co-partnership, for the manufacture of

RAIL ROAD CARS, CAR WHEELS, MILL GEARING, MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS, STOVES, PLOWS AND CASTING

of every description, are prepared to execute work in the latest and most approved styles.

Our Works, recently erected, *adjacent to the Depot Grounds* of the several Rail Roads, are large and extensive, and having a direct connexion with the Canal, we are prepared to execute and deliver the best work on the most expeditious manner.—Repairing and setting up of all kinds of Machinery promptly executed

We invite the call of Rail Road Contractors, Bridge Builders, and others, requiring any work of the kind above specified, before going elsewhere, as our location and facilities for business enable us to do work on the most favorable terms, and to deliver it without delay.

JONES BASS & CO.

HUGH & JONES, SAM'L W GRIEBE N. SON S. BASS. } Fort Wayne.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 18th 1855. 1y23

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for any amount of WHITE or BLACK OAK BARK delivered either at our Store on *Columbia street,* under the Telegraph office, or at our Tannery on the Feeder Canal:

White Oak, per Cord..... $3 00
Black " " 4 00

Fort Wayne, March 1st, 1855 H. C GREY & Co.

BARK! BARK

WE will pay the following prices for BARK delivered on the Canal, or Feeder, or St Joseph River, at a convenient place for loading within fifteen miles of this city.

White Oak Bark, per Cord..... $2 00
Black " " 3 00

Fort Wayne, March 1st. H. C. GREY & Co.

10000 Hides Wanted

FOR which we will pay 3¼ cents pr lb green, and 8 cents pr lb for prime dry flint hides.

H C. GREY & Co.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps,

And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by

Oct. 15. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

BOSTICK & BOLMAN

BEG leave to inform their friends and old customers, that they have now on hand their entire stock of FALL and WINTER

CLOTHING,

Consisting of every variety of Coats, Pants, Vests and Under Clothing, finer and better than was ever brought to this market. They have also a general assortment of

Piece Goods

Which they will make to measure on the most reasonable terms and warrant to fit every time.

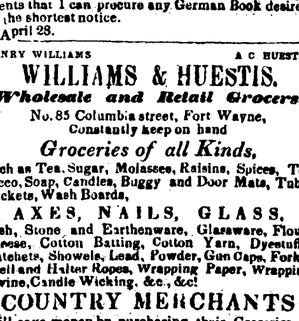
They have also a large stock of

Calicoes, De Laines, & Muslins,

and Dress Goods of every description that they will sell very soon at wholesale or retail.

☞ Fort Wayne, Oct. 6th. No: 99 Columbia Street.

NEW HARDWARE



H. DURRIE,

No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place, of

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,

CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,

Axles Elliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times *in shape,* and *warranted quality.*

Building Materials

of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use.

FARMER'S GOODS.

comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes Forks, &c, &c.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons

SOLAR LAMPS.

And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.

Fort Wayne, Aug 31st. 1853.

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No 123 and 125 Columbia st. R W. TAYLOR.

Dec. 12, 1853

Elegant Confections.

PRESERVED GINGER, Candies, Flag Root Gum Drops, for sale by J. D. WERDEN & Co

German Books.

FOR Sale at the Farmer's Depot, Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Book, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kirlauen's History of the German Nation; Luther's Works, Erlanger's edition, 51 volumes, price $20; Wittenberger's edition, $15, Leipsic edition, $26.—Hirschberger Bible, late edition, $4; Brockhaus' Conversations Lexicon, late edition, 15 volumes.—And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice.

April 28.

HENRY WILLIAMS A C HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne,

Constantly keep on hand

Groceries of all Kinds,

Such as Tea, Sugar, Molassee, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Buggy and Door Mats, Tubs, Buckets, Wash Boards,

AXES, NAILS, GLASS,

Sash, Stone and Earthenware, Glassware, Flour, Cheese, Cotton Batting, Cotton Yarn, Dyestuffs, Hatchets, Shovels, Lead, Powder, Gun Caps, Forks, Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Wrapping Twine, Candle Wicking, &c., &c!

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Will save money by purchasing their Groceries of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, as they sell at a very small advance above Eastern and Cincinnati market

FARMERS

will at all times receive the highest cash price for all kinds of produce.

Fort Wayne, January 6th, 1853

10,000 GALLONS STONEWARE, at Old Lanby No 5

REMOVED.

The subscriber, proprietor of the

Boston Dry Goods Store,

has removed to the CHECKERED STORE 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office where he has fitted up rooms in the most elegant style and will continue the

Wholesale & Retail DRY GOODS BUSINESS,

in all of its branches and on the most favorable terms

Grateful for the liberal patronage he has received from the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, at the old stand, he respectfully solicits a continuation of the same at the new, and feels assured that by giving his whole attention to the Dry Goods Trade, that he can make it, for the interest of all, to call and examine his goods before purchasing elsewhere

WM. T. ABBOTT.

P. S. Remember the place, *The Checkered Store,* No. 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office.

Fort Wayne, August 19th, 1855.

Summit City Factory,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE are prepared to manufacture WOOL ON THE SHARE and CARD, SPIN, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.

Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of

WOOLEN GOODS,

as we are determined to sell a *Good Article* as low as can be purchased in the East. We have, also, a

Set of Machinery,

and an assortment of

Machine Cards, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c.,

which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.

H. RUDISILL & SON.

January 20th, 1855. 1y29

1850. 1855.

J. S. HILL, A. M. ORBISON

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co., *Toledo.* Ayres & Tunis, *New York*
Smith Robinson & Co. " Kent, Peaq & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co. " Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buff*
Peckham & Scott. " C. McKennell & Co. *Cincin*
Field & King. " John Rauch, *Do*
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.* H. S. Mayo, *Troy.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

REAL PREMIUM

DAGUERREOTYPES

"Sweet copy, for more dear to me,
Lifeless, unfeeling as thou art.
Than all the living forms could be,
Save her who placed thee next my heart."

Mr. A. M DON D returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity for their liberal patronage, and respectfully invites them to call, examine specimens of his pictures, and see the perfection to which the Daguerrean art has arrived.

His Pictures exhibited at the late State Fair, at Lafayette, were universally admitted to be far superior to any collection of pictures there, for which he was awarded a Premium and Diploma.

Those who want perfect copies of themselves or friends are respectfully invited to call and see the

Real Premium Pictures

(not those styled so only by the advertiser) at Mr McDONALD'S ROOMS, No. 3 Phœnix Block, Calhoun street.

Instructions given in the Art, and Apparatus and Materials furnished on the lowest terms.

We, the undersigned, who attended the late State Fair at La Fayette, take pleasure in certifying that Mr. A. McDonald's Daguerreotypes were universally admitted (so far as we heard any expression) to be far superior to any exhibited at the Fair.

Mrs Samuel Edsall,	Wm Rockhill,
Mrs. T. N Hood,	E C Nelson,
Miss Letitia Hamilton,	A. J. Avery,
Miss Des. Elsall,	Joshua Holmes,
Dr. E Pierce,	C W Nettlehorst,
T. N. Hood,	James Story,
Mrs Mary Roop,	F. P. Randall,
John Stapleford,	Chauncey Oakley,
James Vandagrift,	Wm. Hamilton.

EMBROIDERY, &c.,

100 pieces Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Muslin and Lace Collars, Under Sleeves, Under Handkfs, Cambric Handkfs Curtain Muslins, Jaconet, Swiss, Mull and Cross barred Muslins, Bishop and Victoria Lawns, &c. &c

For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co

T. THE BEST YOUNG HYSON in the country.

J. & C ORFF.

THE best Y. H. & Blk TEA, at ORFF'S.

WASH M'LEAN. P. L WEAVER.

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines, *Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow.*

CINCINNATI, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Harness akers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

1853 FORT WAYNE 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C BOWSER. JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

HUGH B. REED.

*Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 16—No 37 | FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1856. | WHOLE No 188

THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser's.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, (in Advance;) Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up except at the option of the publisher.

Advertise rates inserted at One Dollar an Square of Ten Lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on reasonable terms

LIFE INSURANCE.

U. States Life Insurance Annuity & Trust Company of Philadelphia.

OFFICE—S. E. corner Third and Chesnut sts., Philad'a

" 4 Nassau street, New York.

48 Camp street, New Orleans

58 Second street, Baltimore;

13 Congress street, Boston;

63 Third Street, Cincinnati

Assets liable for Losses, Jan. 1, 1855,

$305,029,004.

The *Cash System*, the only safe, sound and sensible one for either a Company or its insured members, and a perseverance in rigid application of correct Life Insurance business, have resulted in the most immense success of this Company.

CINCINNATI BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Jesse L. Yantis, President, John W. Maslak,
Richard Gantley, L. P. N. Timme,
S. H. W. McLean, Richard Yates,
W. H. Gamaree, Robert Wilson,
James Markham, Robert Buchanan,
A. Taft, Robert Hosea,
John Evans, Wilson Claver, Secretary.

A. P. Ayres, M. D., Ex. Physician.

Sep. 27th, 1852. y—8

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Trinity Buildings, 111 Broadway.

Not accumulating Cash Funds July 31st, 1853,

$2,193 802.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital and Surplus, over $300,000,

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and responsible Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and information on the subject of Life Insurance, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more the invariably of man to provide his daily bread for his family, while its lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 20, 1851. y17

GIRARD

Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.

One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.

THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for this Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.

E. F. GOLERICK, *Agent,*

FORT WAYNE, IND.

(In also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*)

December 15, 1854. 21

General Insurance Agency,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000.

MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital $100 000.

STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.

Ogdensburgh, N. Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the state Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*

May 17th, 1855. y43

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

L. M. NINDE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Office—Corner of Main & Calhoun streets

SAY HOUSE, JR. WM. K. GAY

HOUGH & JONES,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

FORT WAYNE, IND.,

WILL attend to all Legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the state.

REFERENCES.

Hon. Hamilton, Fort Wayne. Spaford, Hunt & Co. N. Y.
J. W. Tuesday & Co. " David Leavitt, "
Fenn & Wade, Toledo. Taylor & Hogg, "
V. A. Hills, Cleveland. Halstead, Haines & Co. "
Merrick, Wilson & Wade, " Halstead & Brinkerhoff, "
F. S. Rossiter, Cincinnati. Edward Kellogg, Esq. "
Fox & French, " Boring, Fox & Co., Boston.
Giddings, Stewart & Co. " Stoddard & Lovering, "
Newton, Freund & Co. " Mathews & Hoffay, Philadelp.
Tilleson & Co., Buffalo. Wood & Abbot, "
Tyrrell & Hayes, " Hallick & Fulmthorne, "

W. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald, *Professor of Law*
William N. Otto, " *in Indiana University*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rogers, *Decatur*

Office—On Clinton Street, two doors north of Bank. y36

F. P. KANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. Office on Clinton street, two doors south of U. S. Colerick's Hardware Store.

R. CAMBRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the purchase or Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Hon. Wm. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis*
Richard Bayless, *New York.*
" W. Bryson, "
" Alex. Kavan, "
" Jas. Jamieson, "
J. H. & G. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

Office of Clinton and Calhoun streets, north of the Court House.

M. J. ATKINSON,

Attorney at Law,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WILL attend promptly to the collection of Claims, payment of taxes, redemption of lands, &c., in this State and north western Ohio.

Refers to Hon. S. P. CHASE, Cincinnati, Ohio.
RICHARD STONE, Esq., "
RUBEN WOOD, Esq., Cleveland, O.
Gen S. ROSS, "
Hon. WM. TWEED, New York.
HEPBURN & BAKER, "
HOFF, STEER & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
JOHN F. McELHLY, Esq., Fort Wayne, Ind.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. CARPENTER

HAS taken an office on Calhoun street, over T. Stapleford & Co's Store, and takes this mode of announcing to the public that he is prepared to examine and treat

Chronic Diseases,

of every variety and character,

Consumption, Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhea, Dyspepsia, Scrofula Diseases of the Eyes, Deafness &c.

FEVER AND AGUE PERMANENTLY CURED!

Dr. Carpenter's

Great American Vegetable Extract

is now ready for use, given in a oil and satisfy yourselves, do not suffer yourselves to have another dose administered. Dr. Carpenter's Great American Vegetable Extract is in circulation. No cure no pay. This remedy is warranted free from Quinine or Arsenic

Fort Wayne, February 16, 1856 n—33

Dr. C. S. Smith,

(Fort Wayne.

Office on Calhoun street, recently occupied by Drs. Sturgeon and Woodworth, under the Sentinel office

Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

Dr. ROGERS

Office on Corner Main and Calhoun streets Over R. Evans & Co's Store.

Fort Wayne, Sept 19, 1853. y6nd21

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his Office to his house, on the corner of Clinton and Wayne sts, directly back of the 1st Presbyterian Church, where he may be found when not professionally engaged.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 20th, 1854. 34

Medicated Inhalation!

BY THE SYSTEM

Thousands have been Cured

OF

CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, AND KINDRED DISEASES.

A SYSTEM of treatment which originated at the BROMPTON HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION, LONDON, and successfully practiced by Dr. R. KINGET of Fort Wayne, late of Sandusky, Ohio, and formerly Assistant Physician to the above Hospital.

All those afflicted with the above named diseases are invited to call at my office, on CALHOUN ST., CORNER OF PEARL, Fort Wayne, Indiana, or apply by letter and obtain a circular (free), and I will give the most convincing evidence that diseases of the Throat and Lungs are no longer incurable.

T. R. KINGET, Dentist.

6m45 *and* PHYSICIAN *for Diseases of the Lungs*

To Those Suffering

FROM

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs

BY the direct application of Medicated Vapor to the seat of the disease,

Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis,

etc., are quickly and permanently removed. Thousands have been restored to their families and to health, after eminent physicians had left them to die.

T. R. KINGET, M. D.,

Operator and Physician for Diseases of the Lungs.

OFFICE Corner of Calhoun and Pearl Streets, FORT WAYNE, Ind.

REFER to B. Saunders Esq., and C. Whitmore Esq. 6m45

MEDICAL NOTICE.

Dr. T. R. KINGET,

Eclectic Practitioner Oculist, and Physician for Diseases of the Lungs.

DR. K having permanently located himself in the city of Fort Wayne, for the practice of *Medicine* in EVERY *department* of the profession, particularly

Diseases of the Eye and Chest

he is prepared to treat all those committed to his charge upon improved scientific principles, without the use of the knife or opium.

Four years ago Dr. K. became a convert to

Reformed System of Medicin

having previously been an Allopathic practitioner during a period of ten years.

As he condemns the Allopathic principle of creating one disease to cure another, by the use of *Mercury Arsenic, &c*, to be directly the practice of a system make the vital organs in many instances shun them by *Reflex*. Yet he is not a Thomsonian.

Having abandoned, therefore, what is erroneous in *principle*, and injurious in the *practice* of Allopathy, so he has abandoned the name of "Allopath." And having made a *choice of the most Philosophical Principles* as well as the *best and safest Remedies for disease*, Dr K. is called an

ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN.

☞ Office corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, Fort Wayne. 48

HOMEOPATHY.

P. H. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at his Office on Dr. Hooks, on Calhoun street, looking north on Canal bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

C. G. HILL has received his Spring and Summer supply of Books and Stationery, and has now on hand the *best stock* ever offered for sale in this market. It consists of

SCHOOL BOOKS

of every description used in this vicinity, and offers them at Wholesale or Retail. Country merchants will do as well to buy of him as to go East.

LAW BOOKS—He keeps a general assortment of Standard Law Books, and has facilities for obtaining anything in this line that may be wanted.

MEDICAL BOOKS—Every thing in the medical line at a standard character constantly at Hill's Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.—A full supply of miscellaneous works, together with all the standard poets, are kept constantly on hand, and new miscellaneous books are received as soon as published.

PAPER.

French, English and American Cap and Letter Paper, worth from one dollar and fifty cents to five dollars per ream. Bill paper, Wrapping paper, Printing and Hardware Paper, he has always for sale.

Fancy Articles.

He has also just received a large lot of fancy articles such as fine Rosewood and Mahogany writing desks, Portfolios, Gem Cases, Ladies' Portmonaies and Gent's Pocket Pocketing Cases, together with the most beautiful articles of all, which the ladies are requested to take notice of, viz—a splendid lot of Ladies' Gabas of the latest and most fashionable style.

PAPER HANGINGS.

He keeps the best stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fire Board prints in the place.

May 19th.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in

DRY GOODS.

Groceries, Crockery & Hardware

Fort Wayne, March 18, 1854.

North-Eastern Indiana.

Some of the finest land, and the most highly cultivated farms in the State, lie in the North-eastern corner, in the counties of Dekalb, Steuben, Lagrange, Noble, Whitley and Kosciusko. In Dekalb, in Whitley, and in a part of Noble, and a part of Kosciusko, the country is heavily timbered, and the soil a fruitful clayey loam.—In Steuben and Lagrange, and the most of Kosciusko, the country consists generally of what is called *barrens* and prairies. We must not, in never, suppose that what is called barrens is really a barren soil. The term *barrens* is applied to the country abounding in groves of oak, either large, spreading, and beautiful trees, giving the scene the appearance of some old English park, or small saplings and shrubs. The labor of clearing these barens is considerable, though not equal to that of clearing off the heavy timbered lands of the central portions of the State. The soil is a light, sandy loam, easily cultivated and extremely fertile, producing luxuriant crops of wheat. The prairies in this part of the State are very beautiful, and form most valuable farms.

There is one feature of the scenery of this part of the State, contributing greatly to the beauty of the country, and even, at least in so great perfection, in any other part. We refer to the pure, clear, well defined lakes of living water. They lie scattered all over Noble, Kosciusko, and the neighboring counties. No more beautiful sheets of water can be found any where, than you will see in those northern counties. Indeed, the variety of dense forest, open grove, prairie, and lake, with highly cultivated farms, renders the whole region one of the most beautiful in America. While traveling over it, a year or two ago, we could but often stop, look around and exclaim, all alone to ourselves, how surpassingly beautiful is this whole country.

The towns in these counties, though yet small, are well laid out, well built, and appear flourishing. Auburn, Albion and Columbia are situated in timbered regions, where the grand old forests are hardly yet cleared away. Angola is built among the oak barrens; Ontario and Lima in the midst of the prairies; Lagrange in the edge of the forest; and Warsaw on the shore of a fine lake. The houses in the towns, as well as the farm houses, are better built, in more permanent style and in better taste than are the dwellings generally in the central and southern parts of the State.

The means of access to market in this part of the State are becoming convenient. The farmers can easily reach the Michigan Southern Railroad on the North, and the Wabash and Erie canal on on the South. The Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, a connection of the Ohio and Indiana, and of the Pennsylvania and Ohio, now completed to Columbia, twenty miles west of Fort Wayne, will soon be opened through the counties of Whitley and Kosciusko, on its way to Chicago. The Lake Erie, Wabash, and St. Louis Road, now in operation from Toledo to the town of Wabash, furnishes already an outlet to the East, and now will to the South and West. A branch of the Michigan Southern Road was to run through the centre of these North-eastern counties, but we are not informed of its present condition and progress.

The people of this portion of the State evidently belong to the live genius. They are industrious, enterprising and wide awake. They go ahead in improving their farms, school houses, churches and towns. They have a fine country, and they know it. They are also smart people, and that too they know, and they evidently intend that the world shall in due season hear from them.—*State Sentinel.*

Lynch Law at Illinois—Monroe Hung by a Mob.—The Governor having granted a respite, in the case of A. M. Monroe, sentenced to be hung at Charleston, Coles Co., Illinois, on Friday last, for the murder of his father-in-law, Mr Ellington, a very great excitement was caused among the people in the town and the surrounding country. The crime of which Monroe stood convicted was generally regarded as of a peculiarly aggravated character, and the respite of the Governor having for the time robbed the gallows of its victim, the people determined to take justice into their own hands. On the day appointed for the execution, an excited crowd of many thousand persons had assembled. A mob proceeded to the jail, and despite the efforts of the Sheriff to prevent them, broke it open, seized and bound the prisoner, and taking him to a tree in the vicinity, hung him thereon.

One account states that there was a guard of twelve men stationed at the jail, but they allowed themselves to be driven away, when the mob demanded entrance to the building. The jailor's wife, however, locked and bolted the door and bade them defiance. The mob became infuriated and attacked the window of the cell in which Monroe was confined, with crow-bars, axes and sledges, and after three hours hard work removed a bar, and made a hole large enough for one man to crawl through. An individual was sent in to take the prisoner, but it was like hoarding the lion in his den, for a terrible fight ensued, in which the invader was worsted. But reinforcements crept in, and Monroe was dragged out.

It is said that six or eight of the leaders in the affair have been arrested, and are now in jail at Charleston to await an examination.

The Scientific Value of Snow.

The snow was proverbially the "poor man's manure" before scientific analysis had shown that it contained a larger per centage of ammonia than rain. The snow serves as a protecting mantle to the tender herbages and the young root plants against the fierce blasts and cold winter. An examination of snow in Siberia showed that when the temperature of the air was seventy-two degrees below zero the temperature of the snow a little below the surface was 29 degrees above zero—over one hundred degrees difference. The snow keeps the earth just below the surface in a condition to take on chemical changes which would not happen if the earth were bare and frozen to a great depth.

The snow prevents exhalations from the earth and it is a powerful absorbent, retaining and returning to the earth gases arising from vegetable and animal decomposition. The snow, though it falls heavily at the door of the poor and brings death and starvation to the fowls of the air and beasts of the field, is yet of incalculable benefit in a climate like ours, and especially at this time, when the deep springs of the earth were failing, and the mill streams were relaxing their motive powers to the energy of the human man. If, during the last month, the clouds had dropped rain instead of snow we might have plunged and bored the earth in vain for water; but with a foot of snow upon the earth and many feet upon the mountains, the hum of the mill stones and the harsh notes of the saw, will soon and long testify to its beneficence. Brides, earth-works and the fruits of engineering skill and toil may be swept away, and men will still rejoice in the general good and adore the benevolence of Him who orders all things aright.

The snow is a great purifier of the atmosphere The absorbent power in capillary action of snow is like that of a sponge or charcoal. Immediately after snow has fallen, melt it in a clean vessel and taste it and you will find immediately evidences of impurity. Try some a day or two old and it becomes nauseous, especially in cities.—Snow water makes the mouth harsh and dry.—It has the same effect on the skin, and on the hands and feet produces the painful malady of chilblains. In Alpine countries, snow water has been thought to be productive of the disease called *goitre*. The following may experiment illustrates beautifully the absorbent property of snow: Take a lump of snow (a piece of snow crust answers well) of three or four inches in length and hold it in the flame of a lamp; not a drop of water will fall from the snow, but the water as fast as formed, will penetrate or be drawn up into the mass of snow by capillary attraction. It is by virtue of this attraction that the snow purifies the atmosphere by absorbing and retaining its noxious and noisome gases and odors.

Income and Expenditure of the Principal Nations.

GREAT BRITAIN.	
Income, 1851.	$272,338,233
Expenditure, 1854	287,741,721
FRANCE.	
Income, 1854	$291,695,300
Expenditure, 1854	291,220,326
UNITED STATES.	
Income	$73,549,795
Expenditure	75,354,636
AUSTRIA.	
Income	$113,825,753
Expenditure	141,101,097
PRUSSIA.	
Income	$77,752,848
Expenditure	77,752,848

The Armies of the principal Nations.

Great Britain, 1824	127,977
France, "	570,000
Austria, "	466,000
United States, "	11,000
Russia, "	699,000
Prussia, "	129,110
Turkey, "	178,080
Spain, "	99,480
Switzerland, "	72,000
Sweden, "	48,000
Sardinia, "	47,310

Navies of the principal Nations.

	Ships.	Guns.
Great Britain,	481	16,243
France,	200	11,777
Austria,	104	712
United States,	71	3,025
Russia,	207	9,000
Prussia,	54	288
Turkey,	73	2,636
Spain,	99	
Sardinia,	40	900
Denmark	129	833
Holland,	88	2,000
Sweden,	330	650

[*From the New York Day Book.*]

Renewal of the War in Kansas.

News of the re-opening of hostilities in Kansas reached us again on Saturday, by telegraph from St. Louis, and this time it is acknowledged by the Free-soil press that the "Free State" men were the assailants. It is evident, from all the we get, that those Free State men are not what are called here Abolitionists. We do not believe there are a dozen genuine Abolitionists in Kansas. They are, we do not hesitate to say, as free from any sympathy with the slaves or the anti-slavery people of the East as any man in this or any other northern State. What are they, then? Simply political adventurers, vagabonds, negro thieves and wandering paupers, who have gone to Kansas, at the instigation of a set of dishonest and corrupt politicians in this State and New England, called the "Emigrant Aid Society," who desire to obtain and hold power in the United States government by creating excitement and disturbance on this interminable nigger question.

Your genuine Abolitionists never fight. They would not go to war no sooner than women.—Just think of such men as Greeley, and Tappan, and Garrison going to war. Why, our corps of news boys would drive the whole kit and *posse* of them out of the United States with snow balls! No, no—it is not the Abolitionists that fight in Kansas, it is a worse lot than can be a worse lot of fellows than the psalm-singing, anti-slavery people we have amongst us here.

The Free State men of Kansas are the old disappointed office-seeking Whigs, bankrupt and renegade Democrats, of the Rioting Post school, who have gone to Kansas to better their fortunes and draw around them the paupers and vagabonds of Massachusetts who have been pushed off by the "Aid Society" and told that they must fight for the "cause of freedom." The dishonest and corrupt leaders, who care no more for the well being of Kansas than Kamschatka, are diligently at work the whole time to stir up strife and war on the Missouri borders in order to become conspicuous and get office. Or, in other words, to help the Black Republican party gain the next election.

We have no means of knowing how strong "Free State party" of black vagabonds is in Kansas, but we hope and trust that the "border ruffians" will be left to make a finish of them this time. We want no more truces with the rascals; and if Col. Lane and his fellow officers who pretend that they are fighting for the "freedom of Kansas," when they know that they are fighting for office, do not quiet their blind followers, they must take with them the consequences of their rash folly.

The Tribune tells us that they have sent on more of Sharp's rifles. We do not believe a word of it. This is all a sham, published on purpose to frighten off the "border ruffians," but it will not do. Sharp's rifles in the hands of inexperienced men are not as good as a common fowling-piece, and if the "ruffians" once get within gunge shot of these "Emigrant Aid" vagabonds, they will make short work of them.

Only think of it—all this hubbub, this rebellion, this *civil war* for the prospective liberty of a few were going to say) few dozen negroes, but there is not even that much in view. They call it the "cause of freedom," whereas there is no such cause at stake any way they can fix it. No body's freedom is going to be taken away from them now, nor for the next thousand years to come, and on no pretense can that contingency ever be brought about. It is simply the "cause" of a few office seeking scoundrels, and nothing else; and if the "Emigrant Aid Society" had let Kansas alone and let emigration taken its natural course, we should have had no trouble, no excitement and no war, every white man and negro would have been precisely as well off and enjoyed the same next year and the year after, and fifty or a hundred years after as he will now.

But that egregious folly, then, is pretend that the "Free State" men in Kansas are patriots and fighting for the "cause of freedom!" White folks killing each other off by the thousands for the sake of some half dozen runaway negroes, who may get into Kansas some time during the next century! Who'll go and fight the "border ruffians," for some Quashy of 1856? If any, speak or go to the Tribune office and enlist.

Bogus Benevolence.—According to the Tribune, Sham Sunday schools form a favorite and successful means of swindling in New York, that paper says that in one part of the city no less than four of these bogus establishments are in operation with a long list of collectors, who raise for each school from $1,000 to $1,500 a year. Of this sum ten per cent. goes to the support of the school, and the rest into the pockets of the hangers-on. The New York Express says that the sham philanthropists cost the city about $50,000 annually, while their so-called schools are at best but a mere farce.

Important from Nicaragua.

NEW YORK, Feb 28.

The steamer Star of the West, from San Juan, arrived this morning. She left Key West on the 23d inst. She bring $330,000 in treasure, $130,000 of which is consigned to Drexel & Co., Philadelphia.

On the 10th inst a decree was promulgated in the city of Granada, claiming and annexing the whole of the Mosquito Territory as the integral portion of Nicaragua. Shortly after, the diplomatic corps headed by Colonel Kinney, arrived at Granada from San Juan, and had an audience with General Walker.

On the following day Colonel Kinney was placed under arrest, and subsequently banished from the Territory of Nicaragua. He was sent under the charge of Major Martin to the Atlantic seaboard.

By this arrival we have the following additional particulars of the intelligence from Nicaragua.

A decree of President Rivas of Walker's government, dated Granada, February 10, declared that the title of the Republic of Nicaragua to the Mosquito territory is notorious and incontestible. It declares, also, that Colonel Kinney, Shepherd Hale, and all other claiming under them, are guilty of an attempt against Central America and Nicaragua.

Colonel Louis Schessi ygor had gone to San Jose as a Commissioner of Nicaragua, to demand explanations from the Government of Costa Rica regarding its refusal to hold intercourse with the new Republic.

Advices had been received from San Salvador that General Cabbenuas was there endeavoring to excite the inhabitants to hostilities against Nicaragua, the people being greatly incensed against Walker, and it was feared they would adopt measures to provoke a war.

It was rumored that a league, offensive and defensive, was being entered into by the Governments of Costa Rica, Guatamala, Honduras and Salvador, which caused considerable uneasiness in Walker's Government, and his official organ has a long article on the matter.

Important from Mexico.

The New Orleans Bulletin of the 26th says:

"Mr. Bartlett, partner of the steamship Texas, which arrived last evening from Vera Cruz, has furnished us with the following memoranda:

"The Texas arrived at Vera Cruz, on the 20th and left on the 22d. Reports that the Castle of San Jean de Ulloa pronounced in favor Herrera Tamaris on the night of the 12th, and on the 13th notified the city that it they did not surrender by twelve o'clock M., it would be bombarded. At half-past twelve the Castle opened on the city, continuing it for an hour. Two persons were wounded, and some damage done to the houses.

"On the 14th the French frigate Penelope came up from Sagrificios and anchored between the Castle and the city. Nothing further occurred until the 19th. The war steamer Guerrero came in to tow out the national ship Guadalupe, when the Castle fired into her for fifteen minutes, five shots taking effect, killing the First Lieutenant and four men, and wounding seven. In the meantime a bomb from Fort St. Juge fell on the Castle, blowing up an ammunition chest, killing and wounding sixteen men. On the 20th, at half-past five P. M. the Castle surrendered to the city. Before the commencement of the firing, the shipping took refuge at Sacrufiuno, returning to their anchorage on the 21st. The national ship Guadalupe and steamship Ben Franklin remained at their moorings. Most of the families left for the neighboring villages during the difficulty."

Riot Between American and Greek Sailors at Cardiff.—Among the numerous vessels at present lying in the Bute Docks, Cardiff, are some sailing under the American flag and manned by Yankee crews, and others manned by Greek seamen. A misunderstanding having arisen between some men of the two parties, it was taken up by their companions and countrymen on either side. The Greeks had located themselves inside the Liverpool Tavern, when the Americans, whose numbers were much greater, drew up in force on the outside of the entrance-door, making use, the while, of the most violent threats. A peace officer, seeing that a riot was likely to ensue, collected all the constables he could find in the neighborhood, and attempted to disperse the crowd, which had grown to there of some two thousand persons. The Americans defied the police, saying they were strong enough to clear the town, and would do so if interfered with. One man in the crowd across he would rip the officer up. The Greeks, meanwhile, drew themselves up in a compact body on the staircase of the house, each man having his long knife grasped firmly by the hilt, awaiting an attack. The Greeks made no attempt to come into the street, and the Americans at length rushed in upon them with a savage yell. A fearful conflict ensued. One or two of the combatants were stabbed, and had to be carried off; several others received severe wounds from kicks, blows, &c. The police were unable to do more than protect the Greeks to the best of their power, until a strong reinforcement arriving, they succeeded in arresting several of the ringleaders, and finally inclosing the street.—*London News*

Books for Children.—I wish I could feel now, in reading the book that ever was written, the same intense enjoyment and pleasure as I did when I read Bluebeard, and Beauty and the Beast, Jack and Bean Stalk, and Jack the Giant Killer. The other day I began to read them again, and I was delighted with them. I wanted to give them dramatically to my children. I wanted them to enjoy what I enjoyed when I was young. What are you frightened for in given these books to our children? I don't believe there is a man or woman here who remembers any book they read in youth, and who does not recollect the pleasure with which those books were read. Very well; do you find they have done you harm? Do you look back with a grave face upon any injury they have done you? I know they come into my soul like sunbeams. I have the hopes thankfulness that a have these books. They give them to your ragged boys as well—Give them your good books but if you will have them interested, you must have a broader and more manly view about the books they ought to read. As to the difficulty of getting people to read, he advised any who were good readers to embrace opportunities of reading to persons who did not themselves read, good, useful interesting books, and they would thus do a vast amount of good. Many a man would rejoice to hear a book read, who would get little good if the book were left to him to read it himself.—*Ticken.*

Riot at Colombia, South Carolina.—The South Carolina papers contain details of the recent terrible riot at Columbia College, in that State, which took place on the night of the 17th ult.—A party of students who had a grudge against the Chief of Police made a murderous assault upon him in the street, badly injuring him. Some of the students had his shell split open. The Chief of Police was conveyed by some of his friend to the guard-house, upon which an attack was made by about one hundred and fifty students, armed with knives clubs and pistols aga'n battly beating the Chief and stabbing him, after which they threw him out of the second-story window. The alarm bells were then rung and the citizens came together, when another conflict ensued, but without much serious result. Six military companies were then called out and stationed as guards around the guard-house and jail. The excitement was kept up until the 21st, the students still threatening revenge, and were very active in procuring arms and ammunition. The Governor went to the college and demanded their arms, threatening to fire upon them if they refused to deliver them up. The students finally yielded, and quiet was restored.

Another account says the scene present was such as was never before witnessed in Columbia. Five hundred armed citizens, with guns loaded with ball cartridge, opposed to more than one hundred enraged young men with rifles in their hands. The order had been given to take aim, and a fire would have followed had not Colonel Goodwin and others thrown themselves between the parties and called on the citizens not to fire, and by much persuasion the students were induced to return to the college.

One of the students has since died, and others are not expected to recover in consequence of injuries received. The Chief of Police is also reported dead. Some of the students have since been expelled.

Letters from Columbia, S C., March 3d, published in the Charleston papers stated that the troubles at the College in that place, are not over yet and the exercises have been temporarily suspended.

On Thursday, the students threatened to rebel, unless the Trustees returned the arms to the College cadets. The Governor interposed and partially quieted them, but a few still hold out. A large number of students had left the College, and the rest had been suspended, so that 30 or 40 only retained their connection.

Fruits of Know-Nothingism.

Whilst our know-nothings, by their illiberal and unwise policy, are driving away the useful and laborious immigrant, other governments are offering the most favorable terms in order to induce him to settle in their respective countries. So we read in our German papers that the government of the sovereign State of New Leon, in Mexico, has concluded a contract with Messrs. C. R. Rattle and G. Francisskin, of Texas, in behalf of transplanting a number of Germans from the United States to Mexico. The principal conditions of this contract are as follows:

1. The government of the State cedes for the colonization of Germans 29 square leagues, situated in the district of the city of Lampazos, which have been presented for this purpose by M. Gregorio de Morry Texas.

2. Five of those leagues are exclusively set out for a city. A surveyor appointed by the government, has to point them out, and to provide that the blocks have 100 varas in cubit, and that the streets are not less than 20 varas broad.

3. The same surveyor has to select one large and one small place for public use; to point out the fitting spots for the erection of churches, city hall, public schools, and other public buildings.

4. Of the four lots (each to 50 square varas) which each block contains, three are to be given to German and one to Mexican settlers.

* * * * * * *

17. The Germans become Mexican citizens from the moment they touch the soil of the republic, provided that, before the first magistrate they most with, they abjure every allegiance to other countries, and swear fidelity to the republic of Mexico.

18. The German and Mexican settlers remain for the first three years (reckoned from the foundation of the colony) free from all kinds of taxes. For the same period they are also exempted from military service, except in cases of a hostile invasion, or an attack by Indians, when they will form immediately their national guard, (mil tia,) under their own commanders, who may, in giving orders, use their own language.

20. The land of the settlers, their improvements, moveable property, of their cattle four cows, two yoke of oxen, one horse, and also pro-visions necessary for one year, can never be seized for debt, whether due to the government for taxes or to private persons.

20 "Machines, tools, cattle, utensils, and wearing apparel with the German settlers carry with them, are free from import duty.

21. They shall not be molested in the free exercise of their religious creed.

What say our know-nothings hereto! Mexico is a beautiful and a fertile country, and nothing is wanting but a good number of the migrating Indo-Germanic settlers, who, by their hard labor, industry, and social qualifications, open her rich, slumbering resources to civilization and the commerce of the world; and such have our Germans proved themselves to be. Four years of know-nothing reign in the United States will help Mexico more than the profits accrued from the sales of twenty Mexillia valleys.

The Hindoo Platform.—The principal feature of the platform is its intense nativeism—old fashioned, trundle-bed native Americanism. The Catholic feature is stricken out, and the party now fraternizes with Catholics as lovingly as if they had never assailed the Pope and his satellites.—The Catholics of Louisiana were admitted into the Convention, and the *Protestants were refused admission!* The whole creed of the party has dwindled down to this, unrelenting opposition to Foreigners, whether Protestants or Catholics.

There is one thing, however, which needs explanation The 8th section of the platform is published in three different ways, as follows:

(1) An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory can admit others than natural born citizens to the right of suffrage, or of holding political office, unless such persons shall have been naturalized according to the laws of the United States.

(2) An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory ought to admit others than native born citizens of the United States to the right of suffrage or of holding political office.

Which is the proper reading? The last one no doubt, is the sentiment of the party if and daily acknowledged.—*Pittsburgh Gazette* (*whig*)

From the Lancaster (Pa) Examiner old line whig.

The K. N. National Convention on Monday nominated Millard Fillmore for President and A. J. Donelson of Tennessee, for Vice Pres'dent.

The true friends of Mr. Fillmore—those who boldly stood by him when he needed friends, and breasted in his behalf the tide of obloquy and fanatism—will deeply regret to see his name used in this connection. There is not the slightest ground for resting a hope upon that more than two States can be carried for him—nor will he even be second highest in the contest. The abolition six will get more electoral votes for their candidate

The reputation gained by this firm, patriotic and judicious administration, which time has but brightened and strengthened, will be forever dimmed by the disastrous and overwhelming defeat which now surely awaits him. He may it after years truly say—"surely some enemy has done this thing."

"*Those hateful foreigners.*"—A New York paper says:

"An exclusively 'native' comic paper was started in the city a short time ago, called 'Young Sam.' Yesterday three gentlemen, *all of the Englishmen*, through their assignee, sued the proprietors of 'Young Sam' for libelous services in editing this specimen of an unadulterated know nothing sheet."

Old Bible Doctrine.

William Wall, Esq., formerly one of the Board of Canal Commissioners of Ohio, and a Democrat of the older time, has become editor of the Brown County (Ohio) Democrat. Among the old doctrines he is preaching weekly for the benefit of his readers, we find the following:

The Church.—My religious notions are rather peculiar. The great commandment is, "six days shalt thou labor and do all thy work; but the seventh is the Sabath of the Lord thy God; in it thou shalt not do any work." According to the commandment a Christian is just as much bound to labor diligently six day of the week in his profession or calling for the comfortable support and maintenance of himself or family, and for the benefit of his creditors, if he has any, as he is bound to abstain from labor on the seventh day; and to "remember to keep it holy" unto the Lord And no man or woman can be running day and night to meeting or elsewhere without neglecting their duty to themselves, to their families, or creditors, and endangering their health. And St. Paul says "if any provide not for his own and especially for those of his own house, he hath denied the faith and is worse than an infidel." If a person instead of laboring diligently in his business during six days of the week, and going to bed early in order to rest his body and mind by refreshing sleep and quietness, so that he may be prepared for the duties of the coming day, should attent church every day and every night, he must soon become exhausted in strength and must neglect his business, and if he owes a dollar in the world, he is a dishonest man and no Christian. If he owes money his time honestly belongs to his creditors till the debt is paid; and after that his family and friends have a just claim upon him.

Besides this, going into a crowded, heated room, becoming excited, shouting, singing loud and praying long and then going out into the cold air, is ruinous to health. My doctrine then is, to attend to your secular duties faithfully and diligently during week days—go to no night meetings, but be zealous and faithful on the Sabbath, and give to Lord all the time. By this I do not recommend a man to become a mere Sabbath Christian, for a person can be just as religious, and just as good a Christain when engaged in his daily labor, as when on his knees engaged in prayer; and I cannot approve loud, boisterous worship, for the Lord was not in the wind, nor in the earthquake, nor in the fire, but in the still small voice. So religion is not in word, nor in violent gestures, but in the heart.

An Item for Everybody.—It would seem as if the K. N. and Republican coalition ripened the seeds of decay as it warmed in volume, and was rotten at the core, as soon as ripe. Thus of Mr. Banks, the Speaker, the Middlesex County Argus says:

"Upon his joining (the K. N.s) he found the Rev. Luther Whiting running for Congress from his district. To get him out of the way was the next move. This he succee

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1856.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

For Governor,
ASHBEL P. WILLARD, of Wabash.
For Lieut. Governor,
JOHN C. WALKER, of Laporte.
For Secretary of State.
DANIEL McCLURE, of Morgan.
For Auditor of State.
JOHN W. BODD, of Grant.
For Treasurer of State.
AQUILLA JONES, of Bartholomew.
For Attorney General.
JOS. E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction.
WILLIAM C. LARRABEE, of Putnam.
For Clerk of Supreme Court.
WILLIAM B. BEACH, of Boone.
For Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court.
GORDON TANNER, of Jackson.

Mr. Willard's Speech.

Mr. Willard, our candidate for Governor made a noble speech here last night, which was listened to with marked attention, interrupted only by bursts of applause, by a large and intelligent audience. Mr. W is undoubtedly one of the best and most effective speakers in Indiana and will do good service in some of the benighted regions of the state, in dispelling the darkness and ignorance with which know nothingism and fusionism have enshrouded them.

We regret we have not space to dwell more in detail upon the merits of this glorious speech. It was a noble defence of the democratic party and democratic principles from the column's hoisted upon them; the Kansas Nebraska Bill most explained and triumphantly vindicated, and we should think even a fusionist would hereafter blush whenever he opened his mouth on Anti Nebraskaism. Know Nothingism and political preaching were also held up in their proper light as subjects of scorn and contempt for every good citizen and reasonable man.

The conclusion of the speech was addressed to the Old Line Whigs, who were shown that the principles of tariff, bank, &c., were not now in issue—that they were settled by common consent upon Democratic principles—but that a question of far greater magnitude than any and all the rest was presented itself, and they must take sides—they cannot stand aloof. That question was the dissolution of the Union. Upon this point Whigs and Democrats had always entertained the same opinion. They were always for the Union—one and inseparable. Now there was but one Union and one national party, and that was the Democratic party. If they did not wish to be passive lookers-on, witnesses the destruction of our political fabric, they must act with the Democratic party; or at least be sheltered under the democratic roof till the great storm of faction should subside.

The speech was fully equal to the high expectation in which Mr. W's reputation had inspired—it fully realized the expectation—all that the occasion called for. It was truthful, frank, manly, and eloquent, and has made the gifted speaker many warm and devoted friends and admirers among the unflinching democracy of Allen Co.

ORGANIZE!—In view of approaching Presidential Campaign, we would call upon the Democrats to organize and prepare for the conflict. We should have no sectarian associations formed in every county and every township, the necessary committees appointed, and means taken for the general circulation of democratic papers and documents; public meetings should be held and competent speakers engaged; the fake warm should be stimulated to vigorous action; the wavering should be convinced of the justice of our cause, and those who have been misled brought back to the democratic fold. Errors should be corrected in honest but mistaken minds, darkness dispelled by the lights of democracy. This is all that is needed to ensure our success in this state. The democracy of Indiana, when united and organized, are invincible, and can only be defeated when they allow themselves to be caught unorganized and unorganized.

The township elections on the 1st Monday in March next, would be a suitable time for the democrats in each township to get together, and make arrangements for a thorough organization. We trust the opportunity may be improved. In time we were beginning to marshal our forces.

Strange Bedfellows.—The K. N. nomination of Fillmore and Donelson is rather an incongruous affair. When Fillmore was President, Donelson was editing the Washington Union, and was unsparing in his abuse of the man with whom he was running on the same ticket. Fillmore's actions were denounced, his motives impugned, and himself held up as the weakest, most unprincipled, and corrupt man that ever occupied that elevated position. We are not aware of any particular change in Mr. Fillmore since that time, except that he has joined the Know Nothings—a fact that is not calculated to raise him much in the estimation of right-thinking men; and yet Mr. Donelson is now playing second fiddle to this newly-made friend, and seeking to reinstate him in the very position he formerly contributed he had so signally disgraced! What will Mr. Fillmore himself think when he sees whose name is coupled with his on the K. N. ticket?—Know Nothingism, like misery, makes a man acquainted with strange bedfellows.

The Union is going to reproduce a few of the gems from its old files, written by Donelson, showing up Mr. Fillmore. It will be good authority, and cannot be gainsaid by those who insist on Donelson for the Vice Presidency.

New Hampshire Election.—The election in New Hampshire was held on Tuesday last, and the returns so far show a large democratic gain. It is probable, however, the K N's and Fusionists will have a small majority in the Legislature, although the towns heard from show a net democratic gain of 55 Representatives. The race for Governor is close; Wells, our candidate, gains 1000, so far, over last year's vote. It is probable there will be no choice by the people. "One firmance, boys, and the day is won." New Hampshire will be all right at the Presidential Election.

LEW. CAMPBELL of Ohio has given in his adhesion to Fillmore, and ignores the "nigger in the woodpile" which has been his great staple for some time back. Cayenne, he thinks, is the greatest humbug of the two, and hence he drops Sambo and attaches himself to Sam.

Niggerism must be getting into *bad odor*, when such woolly-heads as Lew. Campbell turn up their dainty noses and leave it in disgust.

An Act Fix on Ohio.—The Ohio Fusion Legislature has got into such a snarl that there is a strong feeling among the members in favor of an early adjournment. They find themselves incapable of combating the affairs even to their own satisfaction, and are anxious to back out and give up the attempt as a bad job. Many and loud were the promises of reform those men made before their election, not one of which has been redeemed, or is likely to be; and now all they seem to desire is, to get out of the stations they so importunately craved for, and slink back to the obscurity and insignificance from which they ought never to have been raised.

Fusionism is mighty in opposition, and loud in promises; but when in power it becomes helpless—it has no unity of purpose or well-defined principle of action; and hence it is barren of results, and its promises are never redeemed. The miserable and almost farcical attempt at Legislation made by the fusionists of Indiana proves this fact. The inability of Congress,—in which they have a nominal majority of two to one—to elect a Speaker until nine weeks of the session was spent, is further evidence of the incapacity of this party for usefulness or for successfully carrying on the public affairs; and now the failure of the Ohio Legislature is another confirmation of the same fact. We should think by this time the American people had seen enough of fusionism to satisfy them for one generation at least.

The Happy Family.—The Cagenues, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch, (fusion) seem to be unanimous in their repudiation of the action of the recent Philadelphia Convention. On Wednesday afternoon a meeting of the American Executive Committee of Allegheny county was held at American Hall, in this city. About thirty members were present. Thomas M. Howard, Esq. presided, and A. M. Brown Esq. acted as Secretary. The following resolution was offered by Mr. N. P. Sawyer and adopted:

Resolved, That we approve of the course pursued by our Senatorial and Congressional delegates at the National Council and National Nominating Convention lately held in Philadelphia, and we utterly repudiate the action taken and the nomination made therein and thereby.

Voice of the Old Dominion.—You the usually well informed Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, says that "accounts from the Democratic State Convention lately held at Richmond state that in the event of the failure of Mr. Pierce to obtain two thirds, the Virginia delegation will propose Senator Hunter as a candidate for the Presidency. It is supposed that Mr. Pierce will have a majority on the first ballot at the Cincinnati convention, and may obtain a vote of two-thirds. In that case the struggle in the election will be between those who are in and those who are out."

Commencement of Work on the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad!—We are gratified to be able to announce to our readers that the work of constructing this important link in the great national east and west thoroughfare, the American Central Railway, has been commenced.—Ground was broken and a portion of the grading done on Monday last, near the crossing of the Aboite River. In about a month it is expected that a full force of hands will be employed, and the work pushed on in good earnest.

This will be good news to many of our readers, who have expressed a lively interest in this great work, but have not been able to convince themselves that it could be constructed. They may now banish their fears; the good work is begun, and will be steadily pushed to completion. All that is now necessary is a little "material aid" in the shape of subscriptions of stock. This will hasten matters, and enable the directors to press forward more rigorously. With such a subscription as Fort Wayne ought to make to a work which will add so much to its prosperity, the cars might be running to Liberty Mills in one year from this time, and to the Illinois line in one year thereafter; by which time the whole line west to the Mississippi, if not the Missouri would be done, and we should find ourselves within a day's travel of the Father of Waters.

Sympathy and good wishes are all very well in their place; but the time for action has now arrived, and we all know that something tangible is necessary to build such a railroad. One liberal subscription would do more to hasten the work than all the kind wishes that could be uttered; and we hope our citizens will no longer hold back, but come forward and subscribe liberally.

☞ The claim of Judge Trumbull of Illinois to a seat in the United States Senate has been decided by that body in his favor.

A Respectable Man.—Col. Garland, city treasurer of New Orleans, is a defaulter to the amount of $200,000. He left the city bound for Havanna, but was captured at the Balize and brought back. He is evidently none of your party larceny scoundrels, who get sent to the Penitentiary. He does up his rascality on a magnificent scale, that rather adds to his respectability, and secures him an immunity from the pains and penalties which befall those who are foolish enough to commit depredations on a smaller scale.

☞ There remains scarcely a doubt but the Collins steamer Pacific has been crushed and sunk by the ice. The steamer Edinburgh, arrived at Glasgow from New York, reports having passed large quantities of ice, on which was to be seen broken cabin furniture, doors, &c., &c., evidently from the cabin of some steamer. These were probably from the Pacific, and may be the only relics ever seen to testify to the melancholy fate of the steamer and her living freight.

Laugh and Grow Fat!—We are indebted to the publisher for a copy of a most amusing and laughable work entitled "MAJOR JONES'S COURTSHIP," detailed, with other scenes, incidents and adventures, in a series of letters, by himself, with additional letters; and thirteen beautiful and spirited illustrations from original designs by Darley."

It will be found to be the drollest of the droll books of the season. It is a strange production, but so bristful of fun, that half a drop would make it run over. It is an exceedingly funny book, the comicality of which will never grow stale. It is just the book to smooth away business wrinkles, and provoke a little wholesome, healthful laughter.

This is the first volume of a series of Humorous American Books, and will be followed in rapid succession by other equally droll works, illustrative of American humor and peculiarities.

Published by T. B. Peterson, 102 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Steamboat Sunk.—25 Lives lost!—The steamboat Henry Lewis, with a full cargo and 40 passengers for New Orleans, was run into by the E. Howard which was coming up the river, and sunk in about three minutes. From 20 to 25 of the crew and passengers were drowned. The catastrophe occurred about 4 o'clock on the morning of last Saturday, a little below Troy, on the Ohio River. The passengers were in their berths at the time, and had barely time to reach the hurricane deck, in their night clothes, before the boat sank. The Howard was not much injured, and remained by the wreck long enough to take off all the survivors. Four of the fugitive slaves of Mr. Gaines were on the boat, including Margaret and her child. The child was drowned and the others saved. They were taken on the boat last Friday from this city, and were on their way to Gaines' Landing, Arkansas. The mother exhibited no other feeling than joy at the loss of her child. She was accompanied by the two Simons, father and son, all in charge of Marshal Batts, of Covington. He had a narrow escape from drowning, having entered his room of on the top floor to get something and was got out by a hole cut through the roof.

Great Improvement in Daguerreotypes.—A method has been discovered of taking likenesses on glass, by the Daguerrian process, instead of on a metallic plate as heretofore. The process is called Ambrotyping. The Ambrotypes far excel in beauty and distinctness the daguerreotypes; they can be seen in any position or shade of light, and look far better and more natural. McDONALD has, of course, made himself acquainted with the new process, and is taking splendid likenesses by it. It is worth any one's while to visit his gallery for the sake of examining his beautiful specimens of this new art. They are unsurpassed, unrivalled, and unapproachable. No person having the least pretension to good looks will examine these specimens without wishing to see his (or her) own features delineated in the same style.

☞ BULLARD'S *Panoramas of New York City* will be exhibited at Colerick's Hall every evening next week, at half past 7 o'clock; and on Friday and Saturday afternoons at 3 o'clock.

NEW YORK, March 12.

The Tribune's Washington correspondent telegraphs:—The Senate Territorial Committee will report by morrow on the President's Kansas message.

Mr. Douglas, from the majority, will bring in a bill authorizing the formation of a State Government.

The President is disinclined to submit the Central American question to arbitration and decidedly inclines to an abrogation of the Treaty.

One or more members of the Cabinet lean to the favour made by closing two distinguished Americans and two Englishmen to constitute umpires.

These plans of arbitration will depend mainly on the manner of Lord Clarendon's answer to the request of the recall of Mr. Crampton.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 11.

SENATE.—The Senate Resumed the consideration of the bill appropriating $3,000,000 for increasing the armament and munitions of war, &c., and after some discussion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—On motion, twenty thousand copies of the majority and minority reports of the Committee in reference to the Kansas election case were ordered to be printed.

Mr. Dunn introduced a bill enabling the States of Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, and Illinois to improve the navigation of the Ohio River, and granting lands to aid therein. It was referred to a select committee of seven.

Mr. Washburn of Me. gave notice that he will endeavore to bring the House to a vote on Thursday on a resolution from the Committee on Elections, granting it power to send for person and papers in the Kansas election matter.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of that subject.

Mr. Stephens argued against the power being given to the committee, as the House had no right to inquire into Mr. Reeder's allegation that the members of the Kansas Legislature, who passed the law under which Mr. Whitfield was chosen were illegally chosen. To inquire into the return of members of a State or Territorial Legislature would be a dangerous assumption of the House.

The Stuart said Mr. Reeder's object was revolutionary, and that Sharp's rifles and the sinews of war had been prepared by his party to resist the legally constituted power of the Government, and he trusted the good sense of the people will return, and that peace will prevail, and that he never should set his eyes upon a traitor on American soil.

Mr. Dunn argued that there should be a full investigation of the whole affair, not especially for the purpose of ascertaining who shall occupy the seat, but that the whole truth relative to the Kansas affairs may be laid before the public.

Mr Dunn proposed a resolution, which the Speaker declared out of order, that the Speaker appointed three members of the house to proceed to Kansas, with full power to investigate all the troubles in that Territory.

Pending the discussion the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, March 10.

SENATE.—The Senate debated the necessity of preparations for the national defence, in view of our relations with Great Britain.

The Senate also considered a bill appropriating $3,000,000 for increasing the armaments and munitions of war, and for the manufacture of small arms in accordance with the recent recommendation of the President.

Bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, by a vote of 22 to 12.

WASHINGTON, March 11.

Captain Duncan N. Ingraham, of Kossta fame, was yesterday nominated as Chief of the Bureau of Ordinance, vice Com. E. Morris, deceased.

Senator Fish, of N. Y., signed the call for the anti-Nebraska meeting of Congressmen, which takes place to-night.

Andrew Jackson Donelson.—The Washington Star speaks of this gentleman as follows:

He resided here for many years, and is well remembered, especially on account of General Jackson's memorable saying, that everybody had his post; for his part it it were not for Donelson he should have nothing in the world to trouble him. The truth is, Donelson was his *Monsieur Malapropos*. Being a family connection of his wife, the General was forced to tolerate him about him, and to grin and bear with all the philosophy he could muster, the scapes and difficulties into which Donelson was constantly getting him. Donelson's most remarkable trait, is an abiding want of common sense, which prevented him, notwithstanding the prestige of his relationship with the wife of Jackson, from having the least political weight where personally known.

He retired from the Democratic party because President Pierce refused to take him and certain members of his family, for office, at his own solicitation. For months before he turned up a Know Nothing, the facetious of Nashville were cracking jokes about his lamentations over his failure to get what he asked of the Administration and the undignified and impotent personal abuse showered by him at the street corners for the benefit of street-corner audiences, on the President. His nomination is worth to the Know Nothing cause in Tennessee, at least a clear loss of some 2,500 votes: for the mental and political calibre of Andrew Jackson Donelson is well known throughout portions of that State.

Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, March 8.

The Africa arrived at her dock a little before 6 o'clock, with Liverpool dates to 23d.

No news of the Pacific.

The peace conference is supposed to have met on the 23d, anxiety was great as to the result.

Nothing more about American difficulties, excepting that the London Advertiser professes to know that Dallas brings very stringent instructions.

Russia, it is said, consents to the dismantling of Nickaleoff, Dodsfiel.

Paris editors have been ordered to write nothing concerning peace or war during session of conference.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.—Breadstuffs a better tone and good business, doing in all articles—Wheat 2a3c dearer and in demand. Philadelphia and Baltimore flour wanted at an advance of 1a2s, while western canal brands generally remain unsalable. Indian corn has attracted speculators, and the demand has been increased by reason of the low prices recently ruling, an advance of 1a2s has been established—holders now ask. Wheat—white 10s6d a 11s3d, red 10s6d 10s6d. Flour—western canal, 33s6d 35s; Ohio, 37s a 38s. Corn—yellow, 31s6d a 32s6d; mixed 31s6d a 35. white, 31s6d a 36s6d.

Count Orloff arrived at Paris on Thursday night. Letters from St Petersburgh and Warsaw in German papers give details of the extensive preparations made by Russia for a continuance of war. They state that on no point has the former energy of the military department abated.

It is said the amount of funds of which Mr. Sadlier—who recently committed suicide—has been guilty, will not fall much short of one million pounds, in railway shares, mortgages, &c., &c., while he has committed crimes of a most diabolical description.

A portion of the advance squadron of the Baltic fleet has settled up ready for leaving Spithead on the 22d.

The Turkish Envoy, Ali Pacha, had reached Paris.

The question of precedence had been solved by the adoption of alphabetical order in the Conference, which places Austria first.

The Paris Constitutional intimates that the Congress will not occupy itself exclusively with the subjects arising out of the war. It says that the treaties of 1815 will be essentially remodeled.

Other papers speak in the same train.

Later correspondence had been received from the Crimea, but there is nothing of interest.

The Parliamentary proceedings have been unimportant.

Nothing of interest from France or other parts of Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA.

HALIFAX, March 12, 2 P. M.

The Arabia brings no tidings of the Pacific.

The steamship Edinburgh previously reported to have arrived at Glasgow, from New York, passed on the 7th a quantity of ice, and saw upon it some broken cabin furniture with white handles and lady's work box.

It is suggested that this might belong to the Pacific, but as the E. had no cabin or other furniture with white handles, the agent in this city is confident that the portions of wreck alluded to, never belonged to the vessel.

Three meetings of the "Peace Conference," in Paris had been held, but the proceedings had not been allowed to be made public.

The opinion increases that immediately after peace is proclaimed, a general European Congress will be held to re-adjust the balance of Power.

Active preparations for a continuation of the war prevailed on all sides.

An armistice until the end of March had been officially announced and was made known to the Crimean armies. It is not to affect the existing blockade of Russian ports.

Omar Pacha has resigned his command of the Ottoman Contingent, and his resignation was accepted.

The Liverpool Cotton Market was native in the early part of the week, but became dull towards the close. The quotations show no change from those by the Africa.

The excitement in regard to the American difficulties, appeared for a while extinct.

The Arabia left Liverpool at 1 o'clock March 1st. She brings 162 passengers. The Germania sailed from Southampton Thursday. The Arabia encountered no ice.

Despatches received by Brown, Shipley & Co., agents of the Collins line at Liverpool, dated Glasgow, Feb 27, says the steamer Edinburgh arrived here from New York, passed Feb 7th, large quantities of broken ice. She was then five days out from New York, latitude 40 36, longitude 45.30. The doors found on the ice correspond with those of the Pacific, but are common to most packets.

The Plenipotentiaries held the first meeting on the 25th. Count Walewski presided at the opening session with eclat. After changing credentials a written guarantee was signed not to divulge proceedings, until the conference closed. The Austrian provisions were formally paraphrased as the basis of negotiations. The meeting then adjourned. On Tuesday no meeting, and at the meeting on Wednesday nothing transpired. Among the rumors asserted it is said Russia while assuming the destruction of Sebastopol, Bomarsund and Nicholaeff, refuses the protectorate over Greek Christians. A Vienna letter asserts that Prince Gortschakoff stated that the Russian government considers the convention of a general European congress immediately after peace, as the best means of settling all questions. France and Austria favor the England objects.

The evident cordiality existing between France and Austria begins to excite uneasiness in England; and a triple league, of France, Austria and Russia, is deemed as not an improbable incident.

Orders have been forwarded to the Allied Generals, respecting the Armistice.

It is stated that Napoleon has intimated to the Admirals and Generals in Paris that they probably need not return to their command.

Leave of absence is now freely given to officers in the Crimea.

The Allies are about to destroy the sunken ships in the harbor of Sebastopol, by dropping heavy shells to explode under the water.

Vienna advices state that Ismael Pasha succeeds Omar in the Asiatic command. Omar recently demanded from the Porte the appointment of Minister of war and on refusal, resigned.

Three thousand Russians were employed day and night constructing cupola piles across the Gulf of Finland, six miles from Cronstadt, beyond which is the Russian steam fleet of 18 steamships, 14 corvettes and 70 gun-boats.

Russia orders an immediate issue of Treasury notes of 21,000,000 roubles.

A large amount of specie had been forwarded across the Prussian frontier to St. Petersburg.

Relations between Russia and Prussia increasing in cordiality.

ENGLAND.—There is talk of the early dissolution of Parliament for choice of government.

On the 27th, the Lord Mayor of London assembled a distinguished party at the Mansion House Mr. Buchanan was invited to dine with the Queen, and etiquette required to give the sex, Reeder wanders in the lobby and waits his Queen's dinner precedence. The Lord Mayor made a speech regretting Buchanan's absence, as the reception he would have met by the leading interests of England would have proved to him all friendly feelings in regard to America, and that the interests of commerce, peace, civilization and humanity, were too powerful to permit collision between the two countries. Similar feelings were expressed by other speakers, including Robbins and Earl Elgin.

Breadstuffs—Brown, Shipley & Co., report a general decline in prices, no dull market and a continued tonward tendency. The decline in wheat is 3a4 a 4d per bushel. Flour is per bbl. Corn 1d a 1s 6d per quarter. Western canal flour quoted at 34 a 36s; Ohio 37s. Canadian 35s a 36s. White wheat 10s 6d a 10s 7d, Red 9s a 9s 10d. White and Yellow Corn 31s, mixed 32s 6d. Some Circulars quote 9s 6 a 10 5s, Canadian 9 a 9 4 a 10 6s.

The Weather is favorable for agricultural purposes.

Liverpool Provisions.—Richardson, Spencer & Co. quote Prime Mess Beef at 120s with improved demand. Pork, small lots of western at 81s 6d, and eastern 84s.

Arrivals most reduce prices.

Lard quiet at 55s. Bacon firm, marked cheaper.

NEW YORK, March 11.

The New Orleans Picayune states that Cole Garland's defalcations, will reach $130,000, but it is thought by many that the city has suffered, during his administration, to the extent of $1,000,000. Mr. G. started the Louisiana Savings Bank, of which he was himself, President. The depositors were mostly poor men and women, an immense crowd of whom gathered around the bank when his delinquency became known.—The doors of the bank, however, were shut.

The friends of Judge McLean, Mr. Bell, Governor Seward, Mr. Chase, Mr. Hale, and General Houston, are equally invited to attend the meeting of anti-Nebraska Congressmen. It is supposed that from 100 to 120 Senators and Representatives will attend.

The straight Whig general committee had a meeting last evening at the Broadway House.—Hon F. A. Tallmadge, presided. Resolutions were passed recognizing the principles of the old Whig party as the basis of their organization, declaring that they are utterly opposed to the extension of slavery, and wicked all sympathy from the mutilators of the Missouri Compromise, and disclaiming all connection with, or allegiance to, any other political organization.

NEW YORK, March 7.

At a meeting of the Whig General Committee in this city last evening, a resolution was adopted recommending the immediate organization of the State Central Committee, for the purpose of organizing the State preparatory to call a State Convention.

In consequence of the presence of a large number of our Chamber of Commerce members at Albany, the regular monthly meeting did not take place yesterday.

It is said that the Chamber will hold a meeting in a few days for the purpose of assuring the British Commercial community of their continued esteem and regard, and with a view to allay the feeling which exists between the two nations.

Buchanan in New Jersey.—The Democratic members of the New Jersey Legislature have published a declaration, expressing their decided preference for Mr. Buchanan as the Democratic candidate for the next President.

Protest of the Ohio Members of the National Council. Merchants' Hotel, City of Phil'a.

February 22, 1856.

The undersigned persons, delegates from Ohio to the National Council, which assembled in this city on the 18th inst., for the purpose of amending or altering the platform adopted in June last, having had forced upon the American Order a new one, as odious as the one repealed, the principles of which are widely different from those entertained by ourselves and the constituents whom we represent—therefore, we do hereby utterly repudiate its doctrines, and do not consider ourselves bound to support any candidate placed before the country on such platform.

J. H. Baker,	Thomas H. Ford,
Thos. Spooner,	A. D. Rogers,
David Ayres,	John Johnson,
Henry C. Hedges,	Thomas McLees,
D. W. Stambaugh,	R. S. Kyle,
W. R. Chapman,	Wm. R. Allison,
D. W. Sergeant,	O. T. Tuthbacke,
E. J. Sturdivant,	R. M. Corwin,
L. H. Olds,	D. B. Thomas,

J. B. Potter.

Authors of the Fugitive Slave Law.—Less than twenty-five years after the landing of the *Puritans*, their colony passed the fugitive slave law. This is a very important fact.

Pitkin's Civil and Political History of the United States, vol. 1, pages 50 and 51, in alluding to the articles of government formed for the Plymouth Confederacy, says—

"It was also very wisely provided in the article that *runaway servants* and fugitives from justice, *should be returned to the colonies where they belonged, or from which they had fled.*"

Thus the north was the author of the fugitive slave law—kept slaves so long as it was profitable—and engaged in the slave trade until the government prohibited it. We have but little reason to reproach the south, whose climate and productions actually require negro labor in some form.—*Keene Republican.*

FORTIFICATIONS.—The fortification bill reported in the Senate provides for expenditures in the State of N. Y. as follows:

At Fort Richmond, at the Narrows, $100,000
Fort Schuyler, New York Harbor, $150,000.—
Fort Montgomery, at the outlet of Lake Champlain, $100,000. For purchase of land for defensive purposes at Staten Island, N. Y., $12,250
Repairs of Fort Ontario, near Oswego, $9,000
Repairs of Fort Wood, Bedloe's Island, N. Y. Harbor, $10,000. The total appropriations made by this bill, amount to $792,000

ALBANY, Feb. 28

A meeting of the American members of the Legislature was held at the Capital last evening. Nearly every member was present, together with a majority of State officers. Odell presided. Speeches were made by Odell, Northrop, Prescott and others, all who declared Fillmore not their choice, but gave in party adhesion to the nominations, as the action of the American party, and declared Fillmore not their choice, but gave in party adhesion to the nominations, as the action of the American party, and declared their intention to work earnestly for their candidates' success. Resolutions to that effect were signed by all members, and a call is to be issued for a grand ratification meeting. Fifty-eight persons were present, and no dissenting voice.

From the Albany Atlas and Argus.

The Attitude of Parties.

It would seem as if the course of parties in the Union had only been brought to its present stage, in order to compel all classes of men to pay tribute to the principles of the Democratic party. We do not merely speak of the spectacle exhibited by the crowd of Northern Federalists and Abolitionists at Pittsburg, electing Francis P. Blair as their head, because he has the scent of Jacksonism in his garment—a refraction of all their alms and falsehood and malice heaped with such profusion on the path and about the footsteps of that Old Chief, and on the head of its editor; nor of the adulation paid to the name of Jackson, by the motley Convention at Phila., when they placed the degenerate Donelson second on their ticket. It is to the principles of the party, and still more to its attitude of stability and firmness amid the general dissolution of factions, that we allude.

The Know Nothing Convention adopted the principle of popular sovereignty. The Pittsburg Convention in the single pledge it gave to the settlers of Kansas, virtually adopted the same doctrine. While Whitfield sits in Congress as the representative of the legal authority of Kansas, Reeder wanders in the lobby and waits his chance as the embodiment of a purer and less alloyed squatter sovereignty. The two wings of the Whig party pick up a recusant Democrat, and elect him to the Speaker's chair. The Pittsburgh Convention talks of Fremont for the Presidency—on the ground that he is the son-in-law of Benton. They hacker after a Democratic connection, no matter how remote. They implore the Democrats to come among them and teach them Democracy—to teach enough to enable them to enjole the people by the prefence and simulation of it.

But the task is foreign to their nature and they cannot master it. They praise the dead Jackson, after twenty years of undedictions and denunciations which they would worship his robes as a relic, and kiss the hem of his garments; if they thought that good omens would flow from it. But they would hate and slander and persecute the living Jackson, now as before, were he in his post, proclaiming the supremacy of the Laws, denouncing disunion, chasing the traitors from the party and the mutineers from the lobby of congress, and proclaiming and enforcing the doctrine of the equality of all citizens before the law, and the equal rights of all to civil and religious liberty. They would hate him as they hate his creed, and with less amenity as were made at Philadelphia, and such party evasions as characterized the men at Pittsburgh, neither of those factions would have dared to approach him. He would have spurned them from his presence.

The Democratic Party "still lives." While the fragments of faction, broken off from the so called American party, (itself but a composite of disordant parts,) and the sectional gathering at Pittsburgh, are waiting to find a basis of coalition, and outstrip all other fanaticisms by the intensity of their proscriptive zeal, the Democracy will move on in its regular course, proclaiming its steady adhesion to its doctrines, and accomplishing its creed in its acts. It will triumph as it always triumphed. But its triumph in the approaching contest will be more signal than ever before.

HARRISBURG, March 5.

The Pennsylvania Democrat State Convention is in session. Mr. Buchanan has been nominated by acclamation, the Dallas Delegates all going for him. Resolutions were offered by former Cass men in favor of sending a Buchanan Delegation, and adopted, strict State Rights. Nebraska Resolutions will be adopted, Hon. J. M. Dawson, a friend of Gen. Cass is the leading man in this demonstration.

The Convention adopted a series of resolutions by acclamation, which in substance are as follows:

Strongly for the Union—deprecating the agitation of Slavery—endorsing the Kansas-Nebraska act and the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and denouncing Free Soil and Know Nothingism.

The Convention then voted for Canal Commissioner, but no one was chosen on the first ballot.—On the third ballot, Geo Scott, of Columbia, was nominated, and Jacob Fry, for Auditor General, on the fifth ballot.

The ticket was completed by the nomination of Smith Ives as Surveyor General.

Numerous congratulatory speeches were made in regard to the election of Mr. Wise in Virginia. Adjourned *sine die.*

The Fugitive Slaves.—Colonel A. K. Gaines, the owner of Margaret, the slave woman who lately killed her infant child in this city, was in this town yesterday. He, in accordance with his voluntary pledge, made after all obstacles to the rendition of his slaves to Kentucky were removed, placed Margaret and her children in the penitentiary of Kentucky, subject to the order of the Governor of that State upon any requisition made by Ohio. At the expiration of one week, no requisition having arrived, Colonel G. sent the women and her children to Louisville and from thence South. He fulfilled his pledge in good faith, and even now would be glad to aid the authorities in carrying into effect any proceedings in regard to Margaret and her children that may be deemed right by the Governments of the two States.—*Cin. Enq.*

The Fugitive Murderers.—The Governor of Ohio has issued a requisition upon the Governor of Kentucky for the rendition of Margaret, and the other fugitives, indicted by the grand jury of Hamilton county, for murder. But they are no longer within the jurisdiction of the Gov. of Kentucky, having been shipped off to Arkansas.

☞ Mr. Fillmore was initiated by the Know Nothings in his private library room, in Buffalo; the threes being all conferred at the same time. The brother who conferred the degrees said imposed the obligations, in Mr. F's Library, concluded the ceremony by saying: "This will make you President of the United States;" which Mr. Fillmore responded, "I sincerely hope so."

K. N. Troubles in New York.—The Albany State Register, the K. N. organ in N. Y. State, refuses to support Mr. Fillmore, and daily publishes articles denouncing his nomination in the strongest terms. Live Oak Club No. 1, in New York, held a meeting on Thursday evening, at which resolutions were passed repudiating Fillmore and Donelson, and refusing to recognize the Philadelphia gathering as a convention of the American party. At various other places the nominations are openly repudiated, and at others the party have determined to submit the action of the Republicans.

☞ During Mr. Fillmore's *accidental* Presidency, Mr. A. J. Donelson was the editor of the Washington Union, and as such has left on record a mass of testimony as to the character of Mr. Fillmore's designs, objects, and the fatal tendency towards ruin and anarchy of his administration. The files of the Union during Mr. Donelson's editorship will be a mine from which to dig the materials for the manufacture of fulminating powder to blow up the South American candidate for President. The Union will be held up, an ambrotype picture, to the admiring South American candidate by their candidate for Vice President. An appeal from Donelson, Democrat, to Donelson, South American, will not be legal in this case. For A. J. Donelson's ambrotype the files of the Louisville Journal may be consulted. A practical career of political rascals—Mr. Fillmore, drawn by Donelson, and Mr. Donelson, drawn by Prentice—cannot be found even in the prison records. There is one merit which does not always pertain to biographies written during the life of the subject—they are both true.—*Madison Courier (Fusion.)*

The Success of the Submarine Telegraph between Calais and Dover, has given rise to a project of a Tunnel and Railroad under the Channel. The highest Engineers in the United Kingdom pronounce it practicable. It is supposed that the earth formation between the countries is of chalk, such as compose the Cliffs of Dover. In this chalk may be easily cut, and as the surface hardens to exposure to the air, and the excavated material can be made solid by a peculiar process, the arches can be formed of it, of sufficient strength to protect the tunnel. Through this would run the lines of Railway. Shafts reaching through the ocean to the upper air, will serve to ventilate the Tunnel, and for light houses to the ships above.

What is more singular in this project is, that the whole cost is estimated at no more than £6,000,000, no more than the capital of one or our N. Y. Railroads.

Indian Depredation in Florida.—A letter from Fort Myers, Fla., represents the Indians in that locality as still active in their hostilities. Two fishermen, who were engaged in supplying the fort, had been murdered and their vessel set on fire. Lieutenant Hartshuff, with a small detachment, started in pursuit of the murderers. Volunteers were being raised at Tampa to operate with the troops. Major McKinstry had been ordered to Tampa and Captain Hancock to Fort Myers.

Girder Rail.—W. B. Adams, C. E., of London, has obtained a patent for a new rail which has been tested on the Great North-Western Railway over which a heavy coal traffic passes. The rail is similar to the ordinary one, but 2 in. deeper, being 7 instead of 5 in. deep. There is a flange at the top and bottom, and on each side angle brackets, one side of which fills up the space between flanges secured to the rail by bolts, the other extends outwards, forming a sort of longitudinal shelf at each side, level with the ballast, so that when packed all that is seen is 2 1-2 in. rising above the brackets. These form a secure bearing of 13 inches wide. The ballast is packed from each side, and thus secures the permanent way. The gauge is kept correct by the rods, about 9 feet apart, no wooden sleepers are employed, and the entire rails and appendages, consisting of rails, brackets, bolts, and fire bars, are all wrought iron; the whole, when complete, forms one compact mass. This rail is expensive at first, but is said to be the cheapest in the end, as it endures longer than the common kind, and requires less attention for repairing &c.

Bullard's Panorama of New York City.

This work of art will be exhibited at Fort Wayne, in Colerick's Hall, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday Evenings, March 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th 21st, 22d, at 7½ o'clock. Also on Friday and Saturday Afternoons, March 21st and 22d at 3 o'clock.

☞ Admission 25 cents. Children 15 cents. Parties of 10 per ticket $1 00.

☞ This Panorama has been exhibited in Baltimore, Washington, Richmond Va., Buffalo, Cincinnati, in Annapolis, and most of the principal cities in the Union, and has no ex nemon with Bullard's Panorama of New York, exhibited here about one year since.— ALBERT NORTON, Agent.

Holloway's Medicines.—We are not in the habit generally of noticing the thousand and one medicines of the day, but when a really meritorious one is before the public we think it also is the duty of the fact should be made known. We have used Holloway's Pills and Ointment in cases of humours, bruises, and scalds, with beneficial effects, and there are close within our knowledge of extraordinary cures performed in diseases of long standing.—Professor Holloway's Ointment and Pills are among the few preparations which perform all the cures for which they are recommended. We are satisfied that for purifying the blood, regulating the stomach, and curing liver and bilious complaints, no better remedy can be found.—*Bangor Democrat.*

To Nervous Sufferers.

A retired Clergyman restored to health in a few days after many years of great nervous sufferings, is anxious to make known the means of cure. Will send (free) the prescription used. Direct the Rev. JOHN M. DAGNALL, No. 50 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. pb 25

Prof Wood's Hair Restorative

We invite special attention to the advertisement of this articlement of this article in another column of our paper. It has now been a little less than two years before the public, and yet it has become from its intrinsic merit, a standard article upon the shelves of almost all druggists, and the Chester Herald says "It now stands at the head of all remedies of the kind. Nor is the result at all surprising when it is remembered the distinguished statesmen, as well as many members of the medical profession, indeed ladies and gentlemen of the highest intelligence in all parts of the country testify that it has and will restore the hair upon the head of the bald, remove all dandruff and itching, and all diseases of the scalp, and more than all, preserve the hair, if used for that purpose, both in color and form, taking off no by any imaginable agency. Further try it. Call on druggists one of the circulars from the agent, and we think you cannot doubt. See also the advertisement.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age, is

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

They don't *talk* everything, but they *cure* them.
One Box cures Dyspepsia.
Three Boxes have cured the worst cases of Scrofula.
Two Boxes have cured Erysipelas.
One Box always cures the Jaundice.
Three Boxes are often to cleanse the system from Humors other less than one dose is.
Two Boxes have cured Costiveness.
Half a dozen Boxes have cured the

New York Advertisements.

FROM
ALBERT G. RICHARDSON'S
Advertising and Corresponding Office, 265 Broadway,
(opposite the Park,) New York.

European, Land and General Agency.

[NEW BROADWAY, NEW YORK (Up Stairs.)

THE SUBSCRIBERS having procured, at a very great expense, complete lists of the names and dividends of the Bank of England, East India and South Sea Company's Stockholders, also a list of all the Heirs-at Law and Next-of-Kin Advertisements that have appeared in the European papers during the last century, they have peculiar facilities for prosecuting Claims to Estates in Great Britain and Europe generally, and as it is the intention of one at the firm to visit Europe annually, or oftener if required, the expense of managing the business there would be but trifling to the claimants, compared to sending a special messenger for that purpose. Search for any name in the above lists can be made either personally or by letter, on receipt of One Dollar; and copies of advertisements can be had for a reasonable compensation.

J. A. KNIGHT & Co.
☞ Also Agents for the Mustee Estate. 6m27

JOCQUEL & WEBER,

DEALERS IN

STOVES,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet Iron Ware,
At the new Tin Shop, Sign of the big Coffee Pot, Calhoun St., opposite the Auction Room,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Spouting, Troughing, and all kinds of Job Work done to order. 1y27

Surveyor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the County Surveyor will, at our request, survey and establish all lines and corners in and adjoining section 28, township 31, north of range 14 east; and for that purpose he will meet all persons interested at the house of Andrew Horn, on Monday, April 14th, when he will commence such survey, and continue the same from day to day until completed.

ANDREW HORN,
STEPHEN MINNICH,
WM. RHOADES
and others.

Auburn, March 10, 1856. 3w37

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have, this day, been appointed administratrix of the estate of Robert Armstrong, late of Allen County, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are invited to present said claims, and all persons indebted to said estate, to settle the same.

Estate solvent.

MALINDA ARMSTRONG, Adm'x.
March 14, 1856. p3w37

Wayne Engine & Car Works

FORT WAYNE.

THE Subscribers, Proprietors of the above Works, manufacture

STATIONARY ENGINES,
Railroad Cars, Machinery,
Agricultural Implements & Castings,
of every description.

They call special attention to their *Stationary Engines*. Having adopted the latest and best improvements, and using the best material and the greatest care in their manufacture, their Engines are regarded as the most superior in use. They furnish to order

Engines of any required power and size,
for *Flour and Saw Mills, or Machine Shops*.

Their Works situate adjoining the Railroad Depot, with immediate connection with the Canal, enable them to deliver work with facility and dispatch.

JONES, BASS, & Co.

March 8, 1856.

W. S. SMITH. W. W. STEEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,

Attorneys at Law,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.
Notes or vouchers of Real Estate negotiated.
☞ OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 36

STONEWARE.

GREENE & BRO'S,
MANUFACTURERS OF STONEWARE,
Limaville, Ohio.
J. & G. GREE, sole Agents for Fort Wayne, will keep on hand a full stock at wholesale or retail.
March 8. 4w38

NOTICE.

NOTICE that the German Evangelical Lutheran Schul Congregation on the Gold Water Road in Washington Township, Allen Co., Ind., will hold an election at their School House, on the 19th day of March, 1856, to elect three Trustees for their purpose. p3w35

Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 31st of March, the accommodation train will leave Fort Wayne every morning, at 6 o'clock (Sundays excepted) after the arrival of the trains from Crestline and Toledo, and run to Columbia at 7 12.

Returning, the train will leave Columbia at 8 o'clock A. M., and arrive at Fort Wayne, at 9 15, in time for the Eastern Trains.

J. L. WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 09, 1856. tf—39

CARIER & WEHMER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.,

ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and Canal streets, two doors north of H. B. Reed's, on the Canal, and will keep constantly on hand a large stock and each variety of articles in their line, and of the best quality, both Foreign and domestic, to which they would call the particular attention of both the city and country trade.

CHEAP FOR CASH!

Please give us a call.

3m35 CARIER & WEHMER.

BLACHLY & SIMPSON,

No. 11 PEARL STREET,
CINCINNATI, O.
Importers & Dealers in Foreign & Domestic

DRY GOODS,

HAVE now on hand a full and fresh stock of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS, to which they are receiving accessions daily.

They invite an examination of their stock by Dealers visiting the city this spring. 13w35

Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE stockholders of the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad are hereby notified that an election for Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the Rockhill House, in the city of Fort Wayne, on Wednesday, the 19th day of March next.

R. C. SCHENCK, Pres't.
TOBIAS TIGAR, Sec.
Feb. 27, 1856. td

To the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne & Mississippi R.R.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the assessment of 10 per cent. heretofore made on the stock subscriptions to the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad must be paid to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of March next. A further instalment of 10 per cent. per month is also required, to be paid on the 1st of each month succeeding, until the entire subscription is paid up.

A strict compliance is expected, as the payments must and will be rigidly enforced.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN COMSTOCK, Treasurer.
Liberty Mills, January 22, 1856. 3m30

Land Plaster.

40 TONS superior Land Plaster for sale by the Barrel or T'n, by
Feb. 2. 2 32 JOHN BROWN.

10 Bales Dayton BATTING for sale at
Fans 30, 35 CHIRDON'S.

B. A. FANESTOCK & CO.,

Corner of Wood and First Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINDOW GLASS,	PERFUMERY,
GLASSWARE,	BRUSHES,
SURG. INSTRUMENTS,	ALCOHOL,
LAMPS, OIL,	TANNERS OIL,
TURPENTINE,	SPERM OIL,
PATENT MEDICINES,	WHALE OIL,
	SUGAR.

MANUFACTURERS OF

White Lead, Red Lead and Litharge.

We have in Store and offer for Sale

800 TONS WHITE LEAD,

in packages of 25, 50, 100, 200, 300, and 500 pounds each, which we guarantee to be full weight, strictly pure, and unsurpassed by any in quality.

Having resident partners in New York and Philadelphia, to take advantage of all changes in the market, we are enabled to sell Druggists, &c., for cash, on as favorable terms as Eastern Jobbing houses.

☞ *B. A. Fanestock's Vermifuge furnished with English German, French and Spanish directions.* 3m35

Superior Teas

In the Original Half Chests,

In Boxes of 6 and 12 pounds, and in Metallic Packages of 3, 4, 1, 2, and 4 pounds,

FOR SALE BY

JENKINS & CO.,

(Original Inventors of the Metallic Tea Pack.)
N. W. corner of Market and Ninth Streets.
Philadelphia.

☞ Teas in Metallic Packs put up in Half Chests, containing a variety of both Black and Green, to suit buyers.

Printed List of Prices, Terms, &c., furnished by mail to all who order them.

All Teas warranted to please, or no sale.

One and the same price and terms to all, and one only.

Half Chest of Black contains about 35 pounds, and of Green about 50 pounds each. 3m35

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Wells Circuit Court, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door in Allen County, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of the 5th day of April, A. D. 1856, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described property, to-wit: The north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section four (4), township twenty-nine (29), north of range fifteen (15) east; and south-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section twenty-three (23), and also the north half of the north-east quarter of section twenty-six (26), in township twenty-nine (29), north of range eleven (11) east. The west half of the south-east quarter of section seventeen (17), north half of section seventeen (17), and the south-east quarter of north-west quarter of section eighteen (18); south-west quarter of north-west quarter of section eighteen (18); south-west of south-east quarter of section eighteen (18); and the south east quarter of south-east quarter of section eighteen (18); all of township thirty, north of range fifteen (15) east. Also, the north-west quarter of section thirty-one (31), township thirty one (31), north of range fifteen (15) east. Also, the south east quarter of the south-east quarter of section thirty-four (34), township twenty-one (29), north of range fifteen (15) east. And also, Town Lots numbered twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25) twenty-seven (27) and twenty eight (28) in Rockhill's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne.—Also, Lots numbered fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-seven (27), fifty-one (51), fifty two (52), fifty-three (53), fifty-four (54), fifty-five (55), fifty-six (56), fifty-seven (57), fifty-eight (58), fifty-nine (59), seventy-five (75) and ninety (90), in the town of Hamilton. The whole of which said tracts and lots of land and estate in the county of Allen and State of Indiana. And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will, at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale all the right, title, interest and estate of the Fort Wayne and Southern Railroad Company, in and to the said above mentioned and described tracts of land in Fee, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the said judgment, interest and costs.

Taken as the property of the said Fort Wayne & Southern Railroad Company, at the suit of Moses Jenkinson.

R. McMULLEN, Sh'ff A. C.
February 29, 1856. ($7 00) 5w35

Notice to Heirs of Petition to Sell Real Estate.

Allen County.

NOTICE is hereby given that David Beers, administrator of the estate of Joseph Hickman deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of said deceased, the proceeds being insufficient to pay his debts; and that said petition will be heard at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of said county.

I. D. G. NELSON, Clerk
Fort Wayne, Feb. 23, 1856. ($1 75) 3w35

State of Indiana, } Court of Common Pleas,
Allen County, } April Term, 1856.

COMPLAINT FOR PARTITION.

Elizabeth Robinson, vs. George W. Boston, Catharine Boston et al.

THeling made to appear to the satisfaction of the Court, by the return to the writ issued in this behalf, that the said George W. Boston and Catharine Boston are non-residents of the State of Indiana, said defendants are therefore hereby notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless they appear before the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, on the first day of the next term of said Court, to be holden on the first Monday of April next, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard in their absence.

I. D. G. NELSON, Clerk.
Feb. 29, 1856. ($2 15) 3w35

Estray.

TAKEN up by Miles Griswold, of Washington Township, Allen County, Indiana, on the ninth day of November, 1855, a light brindle Muley Cow, ear mark and underbit, supposed to be four years old; appraised to eighteen dollars, by John Marshall and William Golden sen.

Done before me, this twenty-sixth day of February, 1856.

A true copy.
THOMAS MATTFIELD, J. P.
p3w35

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of Andrew Guley, late of Allen County, deceased. Said Estate is supposed to be solvent.

THOMAS REDING.
Feb. 20th, 1856. 3w35

Estray.

TAKEN up by Marcus LEcrick, of Washington Township, Allen County, Indiana, one red Cow, crop off at the left ear, swallow fork in the right ear, white under the belly and at the end of the tail, supposed to be five years old; appraised, by Christopher Sahnke, Wilbraham Kimball and D. L. Acher, on the 25th day of February, 1856, at eleven ($11 00) dollars.

JESSE COLES, J. P.
March 1, 1856. 3w35

FORT WAYNE MERCANTILE INSTITUTE.

Phœnix Block cor. Main & Calhoun Sts Ft. Wayne Ind.

THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from past experience and success as a Teacher and Practical Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the facilities here afforded to young men for qualifying themselves for the counting room, and various other mercantile pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar institution in the Union.

The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practised by the most accomplished and experienced accountants (taught on an entirely new and successful plan, enabling the student to become much more scientific, in less time than any other plan,) Commercial law, Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial calculation, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.

The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is universal, giving a free and easy use of the hand and arm, thereby enabling the student to effect any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, will save much time and expense by securing this system, taught in no other institution in the West.

The thorough and extensive course of Instruction, combined with the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the highly qualified teachers, and pleasant and healthy location, renders this the most attractive institution to all who may desire an accomplished commercial education.

Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquainting themselves more thoroughly with business transactions, the Principal has fitted up apartments with neatness, elegance and convenience, expressly for them.

The ladies Department is entirely separate from the male; having separate entrances from the street; and will remain permanently conducted with the Institution.

Students are taught individually, and not in classes; therefore they can enter at any time, and advance in the ratio of their capacity.

TUITION:

For full Commercial Course, including Practical Penmanship $25,00
For same with Ornamental Penmanship $30,00

☞ Catalogues sent on application.

C. J. HETRICH, Pres.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 16, 1856. 6m—36

LOST

ON the 27th of February, in Columbia or Clinton Streets, a note of $150 in favor of Jules Voirot, against John Blanger. All persons are hereby cautioned against taking or trading for the same; and a suitable reward will be paid to the finder, on leaving it at the Sentinel Office.

JULES VOIROT.
Feb. 27, 1856. 13w35

50 Bushels BEANS at
H. R. SCHWEGMAN'S.

JUST received by express, a splendid assortment of fine all wool LONG SHAWLS, to be sold lower than ever, at No. 57 Columbia street, by
H. R. S.

I HAVE on hand a good assortment of BROCHE SHAWLS single and double, of beautiful pattern, which will be sold at reduced prices, at No. 87 Columbia street.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

GLASSWARE.

JUST received, a complete assortment of Glassware of the latest patterns. In connection with this, I have on hand a large assortment of QUEENSWARE, which will be sold cheap at No. 87 Columbia street.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

I HAVE on hand 200 pounds of good Live GEESE FEATHERS, and a first rate article of Bed Ticking to fill them in, for sale at No. 87 Columbia street.
H. R. S.

DRIED FRUIT.
150 Bushels Dried Apples.
50 " Peaches.
For sale at H. R. SCHWEGMAN'S

FARM FOR SALE, CHEAP!

THE subscriber, being about to engage in other business, offers his Farm for sale at a great bargain. It consists of 160 acres of good land, 70 acres cleared and fenced, a good Frame Barn, Log House, an excellent Well of water, a Young Orchard of 150 Trees, embracing Apples, Pears, Cherries, Peaches, Plums, Quinces, Gooseberries, &c. The farm is well set in clover, and will make one of the best Wheat or Grass Farms in the county. It is situate on the township road, near the Van Wert road, two miles from Maples Station, and has school houses adjoining.

For further information inquire on the premises or at L. S. MAPLES, at Maples Station on the Ohio & Indiana Railroad.

SOCRATES BAGON.
Jan. 19, 1856. 6m31

New Principle! No Poison!

Rhodes' Fever and Ague Cure,

OR ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA,

FOR THE PREVENTION AND CURE OF

Fever and Ague, or Chill Fever; Dumb Ague, and other Intermittent and Remittent, Fever Plague of Bilious Fevers, accompanied by Typhoid Symptoms; Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, Ship and Jail Fever, General Debility, Night Sweats, and all other forms of disease WHICH HAVE A COMMON ORIGIN IN

MALARIA OR MIASMA.

This subtle atmospheric poison, which at certain seasons is unavoidably inhaled at every breath, is the same in character wherever it exists—north, south, east, or west—and wherever it is found it is the same deadly ANTIDOTE, which antagonizes the poison, completely purifies the system, and this entirely removes all the causes of disease.

The proprietors distinctly assure those extraordinary results from its use:

It will protect any resident or traveller, even in the most sickly or swampy localities from any form of bilious disease or fever, or any injury from constantly inhaling the Malaria or Miasma.

It will instantly check the ague in persons who have suffered for any length of time from one to twenty years, and it is certain that they will not have a return of the disease, by conforming to our directions.

It will immediately relieve all the distressing results of bilious or malarious disease, such as general debility, nightsweats, etc.—The patient is enabled to recover appetite and strength, and continue until a permanent and radical cure is effected. And as a proof that it is also

POSITIVE BY PUBLIC EVIDENCE,

Because of its

SINGULAR AND ENTIRE HARMLESSNESS,

The following certificate from one of most celebrated chemists in the United States is attached to every bottle:

New Haven, June 11, 1855.

"I have made a chemical examination of Rhodes' Fever and Ague Cure, or Antidote to Malaria, and have tested it for Arsenic Mercury, Quinine and Strychnine, but have not found a particle of either in it, nor have I found any substance in its composition that would prove injurious to the constitution.

"JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist."

FREE USE AS A PREVENTIVE

by which all persons may live in safe or entire freedom from the above named diseases no matter how sickly the season or swampy the locality.

PROOFS OF EFFICACY are frequently published, and the confidence of the public looked only in proportion to its actual merits wherever introduced and used. These only are relied upon to prove its worth.

Three or more bottles will season for ordinary cases, some may require more. Directions printed in German, French and Spanish, accompany each bottle. Price One Dollar. Prepared and sold by the proprietors.

JAMES A. HARRIS, Providence R. I.
Wanlon; & D. W. Burroughs Agents Fort Wayne Ind.
November 10, 1855. 1y19.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

WE call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful vitalizing preparation, which never fails to original growth; removes the dandruff, itching, and all unpleasant diseases; gives a natural flow of the natural fluids, and leaves no sediment to injure the hair; will preserve its color and keep it from falling to extreme old age, in all its natural beauty. We will then show the bald, the gray, or discolored society to the ladies, and will make one of as they value the flowing tresses, or the writhing curl, must be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.

I have used Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effect. My hair was becoming as I thought, quite gray, but by the use of his Restorative it has resumed its original color, and is as soft, glossy and permanently so.

SYDNEY BREESE,
Ex-Senator United States.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 15, 1855.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: As you are about to manufacture extensively and send your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whatever it may cause, that I have used it, and know others to use it; that I have for several years been in the habit of using other Hair Restoratives and also Hair Dyes, without success; but after using your Restorative for a few months I find your Restorative is all that I have used it, and known others to use it; that I have for several years been in the habit of using other Hair Restoratives and also Hair Dyes, without success; but after using your Restorative for a few months I find your Restorative is all that I have used it, and known others to use it; that I am now using it, and intend to continue it, as it has restored my hair, which was becoming very gray, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure and profit.

J. K. CRAGG.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Is, no doubt, the Most Wonderful discovery of this age of progress. The following is from a distinguished member of the medical profession:

PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1855.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir—Unsolicited, I send you this certificate. After being actually bald for a long time, and having tried all the hair restoratives extensively, and having lost faith in any, I was induced, on hearing of yours, to give it a trial; I placed myself in the hands of a barber, who had my head shaved and then washed with a good, old-fashioned Hair Restorative; then applied and well rubbed in, till the scalp was all a glow. This I repeated every morning, and in three weeks the young hair appeared, and grew rapidly from August last up to the present time, and is now thick, black and strong—and looks pleasant to the touch, whereas before it was harsh and wiry, which little facts show it is, and that the hair was growing rapidly. I still use your Restorative as a dressing, and shall ever have a good and perfect crop of hair. Now, if your rival or other things—and who has not?—but have only used this article, as far as I know, or which my patients have generally benefited by any of the hair tonics, &c., of the day, and I really receive pleasure to record the result of my experience. I have recommended your preparation to my friends, and it already has a large and general sale throughout the Territory. The people here see its effects and bear testimony to it. All who have used it here will coincide with me, I trust, in recommendation. The supply you sent me, as the wholesale agent for the Territory, is nearly exhausted, and daily calls for it are made by persons who desire credit for your discovery. I for one regret you thus do for the world, it has done me, for I certainly had despaired long ago of ever obtaining any candid benefit. I congratulate you that your fortune (and a large one it is) is already made.

Yours, hastily,
J. W. BOND,
Firm of Bond & Kelsey, Druggists.

☞ Sold by all the Medical Druggists, in Fort Wayne, Ind.

TAYLOR, DICKSON, GRAVES & CO.,
(*Successors to Bates, Taylor & Co.*)
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

CLOTHING,

Nos. 23 and 25 Dey Street, NEW YORK.
2m28

FEATHERS.—300 lbs. live Geese Feathers for sale by
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

DRIED FRUIT.—200 bushels Dried Apples and 100 bushels Dried Peaches—just received.
Jan. 10, 1856. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF

NEW GOODS

AT GIBFORD'S,

No 73, Corner Columbia & Clinton Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

A. GIBFORD, Sen., respectfully announces to the citizens of Fort Wayne and all the regions of country round about, that he is now receiving a large assortment of

Dry Goods.

Groceries, Queensware, Glassware,

all of which he offers for sale for cash at a small advance on New York prices. Among his stock of Dry Goods the following may be found: Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Tweeds, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels, Alpacas, Merinoes, Delains, Debeges, Mousseline, Amoskeag, Crash, Diaper, Brown and colored Drills, Ticking, Denims, Sheetings, Bags, Cotton Batting, &c. &c.

GROCERIES:

Such as Rio Coffee, Old Java Coffee, Imperial Tea, Young Hyson Tea, superior Chocolate, grain and ground Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, Ginger, Cassia, Pearl and Corn Starch, Nutmegs, Star and Tallow Candles, Molasses, Syrup, Vinegar, N. O. Sugar, Loaf, Crushed, Pulverized, and Granulated Sugar, Cofee Sugar.

QUEENSWARE.

Sets of white Granite Ware, white dinner and breakfast Plates, Dishes, Bowls, Pitchers, Covers, Butter-in Castors, common Tea Cups and Saucers, Glass Jars with covers, with a handsome assortment of Glassware direct from the manufacturers.

WOODEN WARE.

WOODEN WARE.—Tubs, Churns, Half Bushels, &c.
Fort Wayne, June 50, 1855. 1y32

ROBINSON'S New Brick Store

At the Old Stand in Fort Wayne.

This Wholesale and Retail

Boot & Shoe Manufactory AND LEATHER STORE

is the most extensive establishment of the kind in this part of the country.

My Retail Room

is spacious and well filled, from the styles of the White Satin, Brass French Kid, and Toilet Slipper, to the FANCY GAITER and STOUT BOOT.

Merchants & Shoe Dealers

can be supplied as low as they can buy out of Eastern Jobbing Houses, as I purchase direct from the Manufacturers in Eastern Villages, where the Jobbers buy their stock; and when my work

HOME MADE WORK

is added to the Eastern, a better stock is furnished.

Also: Sole Leather, Upper, Calf Skins, Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Lasts, Pegs and Findings.

Cash paid for Hides & Skins

JAMES H. ROBINSON.
Fort Wayne, Ind. Dec 26, 1855.

200 Bushels Dried Apples received and for sale at
A. Gibford's Sr.

200 Bush Dryed Peaches, for sale at
A. Gibford's Sr.

Dec. 22, 1855.

20 Bales Dayton Batting for sale at
Dec 22. A. GIBFORD'S SR.

20 Doz. Zinc Wash Boards are offered low at
Dec 22. A. GIBFORD'S SR.

New Livery Stable.

THE firm of Link & Co. being dissolved, the subscriber informs his friends that he continues the Livery Stable, north side of the Canal, west of Shoy's Foundry, on his own account, and hopes for his share of

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES

of the latest and neatest styles. Also, first-rate

Saddle and Carriage Horses.

His charges will be moderate, and he hopes, by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1855. W. H. LINK.
y23

Town Lots!

THE most desirable Building Lots in Rockhill & Nelson's Addition, No. 56 & 57, will be sold at a bargain if application be made soon.

Enquire of R. C. FILSON.
Dec 21st. tf—25

WAYNE

Cabinet and Chair Manufactory.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that they have recently commenced business, and have taken the extensive and commodious warerooms formerly occupied by Mr. H. H. Foster, where they offer at wholesale or retail, a large assortment of Goods in their line, consisting of

Cabinetware, Chairs, Mattrasses, &c.

made in the newest styles, by the most experienced workmen, and of the best materials. Their facilities for manufacturing are such as to enable them to sell their articles at a very low rate. Those in want of Household furniture are invited to call and examine for themselves, before they purchase, as we will well assured that the quality and prices of our articles will be found worthy of their attention.

We have in operation

Woodworth's Steam Planing Machine,

and are prepared to execute anything in this line with great dispatch, and at very low rates. Always on hand and for sale, at our Manufactory on the opposite side of the Canal, a great variety of EGGS-NEC, at reasonable prices.

DERBY & CO.
Dec. 15, 1855. 1y25

A. T. STEBBINS. H. STEBBINS.

A. T. STEBBINS & CO.,

IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

CROCKERY,

CHINA, GLASS WARE, LAMPS,
LOOKING GLASSES, CASTORS, &c.

Under Colerick's Hall, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Dec. 15, 1855 1y21

NEW WINTER GOODS

AT THE

New York Cash Store.

WE are under thanks to this community for their liberal patronage since we commenced business. We are now receiving from NEW YORK a large stock of WINTER GOODS, comprising an assortment of

Domestic and Staple Dry Goods,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

And Trimmings, Furs in sets, Bonnets and Millinery Goods, Fancy Articles for Holydays Presents, &c.

We have now a full stock of all Goods in our line which will be sold at low price that can be bought elsewhere.

Dec 15, 1855. S. C. EVANS & Co.

Every Farmer his own Miller.

THE attention of Farmers, Stock-Feeders and Dealers is respectfully invited to

Feltons' Patent Portable Grist Mill,

One of which can be seen at PRITE & Co.'s in Fort Wayne. The No. 2 Mill, price $100, requiring only one horse power, will grind from 10 to 15 bushels of Corn in the ear per hour, or 5 to 8 bushels of Meal per hour.

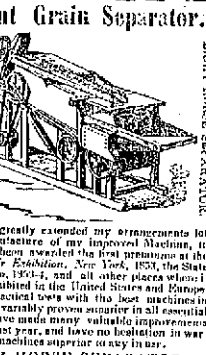
WM. H. HILLOW, sole Agent
For Allen, Whitley, Wells and Adams Co.

Apply to Messrs. HATT & Co., in Fort Wayne, who are authorized to sell. 3m31

CITY ORDERS for sale by S. B. BAKER & Co.
Dec. 7. B. W. OAKLEY & SON.

MOFFITT'S

Patent Grain Separator.



I HAVE greatly extended my arrangements for the manufacture of my improved Machine, to which has been awarded the first premiums at the *Worlds Fair Exhibition, New York, 1853*, the State Fairs of Ohio, 1853-4, and all other places where it has been exhibited in the United States and Europe. By many practical tests with the best machines in use, it has invariably proven superior in all essential points. I have made many valuable improvements during the last year, and have no hesitation in warranting my machines superior to any in use.

FOUR HORSE SEPARATOR

which is designed for the Farmer's own use. They clean and clean the Grain perfectly, and deliver it in bags.

I am also preparing a large number of A. H. Crawford's improved

CLOVER HULLERS,

Patented 1854, which is greatly superior to his patent of 1844, being a self-feeder and greatly ahead in other respects, hulling and cleaning in the most speedy and perfect manner. They will be put up under the supervision of the Patentee, who has permanently located here.

☞ Orders left with COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co., Fort Wayne, will be promptly attended to.

June 24. y

JOHN GREE S. D. LEETT.

EMPIRE MILLS,

AT ST. MARY'S AQUEDUCT,
FORT WAYNE.

THE subscribers having taken the Stone Mills lately occupied by S. Hoagland, are prepared to do a general Milling and Custom Business. Flour delivered in any part of the City free of charge. Orders can be left either at the Mill or at Orff's Store, No. 3 Corn Meal, Buckwheat Four, Shipstuffs, and Bran constantly on hand.

The highest Market Price paid for good sound Wheat.

ORFF & LACEY.
Feb. 1, 1856. y—28

HEDEKIN HOUSE,

Bare Street, near Columbia,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE undersigned having leased the above well known House for a term of years, respectfully informs the public, that they have refitted and refurnished the same, anew, and intend it shall not be surpassed by any House in the West.

CALVIN ANDERSON,
JOHN J. KNOX.

☞ Omnibus to convey Passengers to and from the Packets and Cars without charge. 14w

CHAS. F. H. FORBES,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor,

HAVING been appointed by W. A. Jackson County Surveyor of Allen Co., as his Deputy, hereby gives notice that he may be found at his office over the City Auction Rooms, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, ready to attend to any surveying, and from his experience in the business, will not fail to give entire satisfaction. tf—19

READY-MADE SHIRTS.

10 DOZEN fine Shirts, with real Linen Bosoms and made in the best manner, just opened a

ABBOTT'S

Also, 20 Dozen Linen Bosoms for sale by the yard, so that the linen would cost, at the Boston Dry Goods Store WM. T. ABBOTT

MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND—3d and 4th volumes just published. For sale by
G. L. HILL

SHOVELS—Ames & Lippincott's Canal and Grain Shovels.
R. W. TAYLOR.

PIE FRUITS.—Peaches, Cherries, Strawberries, Huckberries, Pine Apples, &c., in bottles, retaining the flavor of fresh fruit. An excellent article for pies. For sale by
Dec. 1st, 1855. SHOAFF & HANNA.

JAVA & CIO COFFEE, New Orleans, Confectioners, Powdered, Granulated, and Clarified Sugars by the pound or barrel, at
No. 3.

GROCERIES.

ON hand, 75 bags Rio Coffee prime,
20 bbls N. O. Sugar,
5 bags Pepper,
5 " Spice,
10 boxes Tobacco,
5 bbls Speaking do,
20 chests Tea,

With a complete assortment of other Articles in this line, to be sold cheap, at wholesale or retail, at No. 87 Columbia st., by
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

10,000 FEET DRY LUMBER Wanted,

for which the market price will be paid. Apply at No. 87 Columbia street.
Feb. 15, 1856. H. R. S.

THE highest market price will be paid at all times for Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, Chicken Feathers, Ginseng, Beeswax, Beeswax, Rags, Iron, Fetch them along to No. 87 Columbia street.
H. R. S.

COUNTY & City Orders will be taken at all times in Goods, and a little money will be paid if requested, at
H. R. SCHWEGMAN'S

SHOAFF & HANNA,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Family Groceries and Provisions.

COFFEE by the Sack, N. O. Sugar by the Hogshead or barrel, N. O. Molasses by the Barrel, Pulverized Sugar by the Barrel, Crushed Sugar by the Barrels, Stewart's Golden Syrup by the Barrel, at
SHOAFF & HANNA'S

FINE M. R. RAISINS by wholesale half, or 20 Boxes, at
S. & H'S.

TWO tons Western Reserve CHEESE at
S. & H'S.

1000 Bags DRY APPLES at a low figure, at
S. & H'S.

500 Bags DRY PEACHES at a low figure, at
S. & H'S.

200 Bar cleansed WINTER APPLE, at
S. & H'S.

500 Barrels SALT, coarse and fine, at
S. & H'S

50 Bar els Pure CIDER VINEGAR, at
S. & H'S.

LIVERPOOL BUTTER SALT
S. & H'S.

NATURAL PRESERVES in Cans and Bottles at
S. & H's.

PIE FRUITS, at
S. & H's.

MALIBY'S celebrated OYSTERS, at
S. & H's.

Sup. Baltic Camden FLOUR,
S. & H's.

January 18, 1856

R. W. TAYLOR,

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic

Hardware, Iron, Nails, Glass,

and all kinds of Produce,

123 Columbia Street,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

NAILS—500 kegs assorted, best brands, just received at
R. W. TAYLOR'S.

STEEL CAST English and American, Blister, Spring, Shear, Plow and German Steel, at
R. W. TAYLOR

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

DOUBLE and Square Broche, do do Hay State, Waterloo, Northampton and Rescedale of every description and quality.

Also Gardener's HEAVY SHAWLS, new patterns, which are offered at very low prices at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by
Sept. 15. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium free of charge.

MRS. GEORGE WILSON,
Teacher of the Piano-Forte.

RESIDENCE one door west of the Berry St. Methodist Church,
FORT WAYNE.
April 27th, 1855. 6m13

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $1,000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from Hanover Rock metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, being of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

CAUTION.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market, it outstrips all competition wherever introduced. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the signs of the Golden Stove, by
A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22d, 1855

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the *Gem* are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by *BRANDRIFF.*

DRAKE & BOURIE'S EMPORIUM.

WE are now receiving a very choice lot of FAMILY GROCERIES, the most complete and full ever brought to this city, comprising all kinds of kinds of

Salt and Fresh Water Fish,

GROCERIES,

PRESERVES, PICKLES, FRUITS, PROVISIONS, COUNTRY PRODUCE, &C., &C.,

For city and country trade, which for price and quality cannot be beat.

We have arrangements to receive in season all kind of

One uniform Price to All.

DRAKE & BOURIE.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 15th, 1855.

MORE NEW GOODS

By the Lightning Line.

WE have, this week received the third lot of New Goods, by Railroad, direct from New York, bought of importers, Manufacturers and Jobbers. They will be sold cheap. A call is solicited from Country Merchants, Peddlers and Customers generally.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Radway's Regulators.

We here direct the attention of the public to our newly discovered remedy—RADWAY'S REGULATORS, they possess the great curative properties of a Purgative and Tonic system. They are in fact the only perfect purgative or cathartic medicine that has ever been discovered or given to the World.

Radway's Regulators will answer a better purpose than Calomel or Mercury, without enfeeling on the system the terrible injuries of these baneful drugs.

They are in the form of Pills, elegantly coated with gum, perfectly tasteless, and a dose taken without sickening or nauseating the patient. They are to be used in all cases when the system is OPPRESSED, or when there is the influence of disease. Thousands of Radway's Regulators have frequently checked the progress of the most terrible diseases and restored the system to health and regularity.

They establish new and improved principles of medicine, and secure the great and important power of regulating at will a healthy, natural and healthy operation, each and every organ in the body. The great controlling power has never formed any portion of the properties of the popular Cathartic, Vegetable or Indian Purgative Pills, that have ever been in use.

Radway's Regulators will cleanse the system from disease and restore the human body to health, on an entirely different principle to the weakening, sickening and griping method of the common cathartic an urgent use pills.

Once you try Radway's Regulators will remove the cause that occasions pain or sickness, or an irregular or unnatural action or condition of the organs of the body, quicker, more effectual, and with less suffering than that six or ten of the common cathartic or purgative pills. The unrivaled Radway's Regulators are taken into the system affected with disease, there to exhibit efficacy begins; they search out the elements of disease wherever it may be found; they act upon the whole surface of the intestine and bowels, attracting the foul matter and humors from the blood, glands, secreting vessels, and expelling these seeds of disease from the body, restoring a healthy and regular action to the Liver Bowels, Pancreas, Heart, Kidneys, Bladder Skin, and all other Viscera.

THE BOWELS

All of the common pills of the day called Vegetable, Indian, Cathartic, &c., claim that they cure diseases by

CHANGE OF TIME.

OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

Passenger Train leaves and after Thursday, 9th inst., will leave Fort Wayne every morning (Sundays excepted) at 9 30 arriving at Fort on the Columbus R. road, and Sandusky Railroad at 2 22, when trains pass north and south at 2 30, giving time for dinner. A'r arriving at Crestline at 4 20 P M, connecting without delay with trains for Pittsburg, Cleveland, Columbus, &c. Arriving at

Cleveland at	8	PM
Pittsburg, "	12 50	A M
Columbus, "	9 25	P M
Cincinnati, "	7 30	"

Through all to all the cities and important towns in the north and west by any other route, at the Ticket Office of the O & I Railroad, at the old Packet Office, in Fort Wayne, by

S S MOSES, *Agent.*

Tonight trains leave Fort Wayne every morning at 3 00 A M and arrive at Crestline at 5 P M when Freight trains leave same evening for Cleveland at 8 22, and for Pittsburg at 9 P M.

A car should leave Fort Wayne on the morning of Tuesday, Thursdays and Saturdays, to ensure good connections with the other Stock trains

J. R. STRAUGHAN, *Supt.*

FARE.

To New York,	$16 00	To Indianapolis,	$8 00
" Philadelphia,	16 00	" Sandusky City,	4 00
" Pittsburgh,	7 50	" Toledo,	2 00
" Cincinnati,	8 00	" Cleveland,	5 75
" Dayton,	5 00	" Columbus,	5 10

Aug 29, 1855 9

TOLEDO & ILLINOIS
AND
LAKE ERIE, WABASH & ST. LOUIS
RAILROADS.

Open from Fort Wayne to Toledo, 94 miles.

ON and after Monday, November 19th a Passenger Train will leave Fort Wayne for Toledo Daily at 9 45 A M arriving in Toledo at 3 20 P. M.

A Passenger Train will leave Toledo at 12 30 A M arriving in Fort Wayne at 5 40 P. M.

Trains connect at Toledo with trains of the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad, for CLEVELAND, DUNKIRK, BUFFALO, ALBANY, NEW YORK and BOSTON.

C. & S. R. R.

Southern Division.		*Northern Division.*	
Express	9 50 A M	Mail	2 20 A M
Mail	4 00 P M	Express	4 50 P M
Freight	5 15 P M	Freight	3 30 P M

The Michigan Southern Railroad Company splendid Steamers *Empire State, Northern Indiana, and Prairie Bird* run a daily line between Toledo and Buffalo, leaving Toledo every morning at 8 o'clock arriving in Buffalo in season for the Express Trains for New York the next morning. These are also a daily line of Steamboats from

TOLEDO TO DETROIT.

Passengers leaving Toledo, via Cleveland and Toledo Railroad at 4 50 P. M. arrive in Buffalo in season for the 5 20 A. M Express Train on N York Central Railroad, arriving in Albany at 4 P. M., in New York by Hudson River Railroad at 9 30 P. M. and in Boston by Western Railroad at 7 A. M. Or leaving Toledo at same time, arrive in Dunkirk in time for the 5 20 A. M Express Train on N. York & E. R. Railroad, arriving in New York at 10 50 P. M.

HIGH. H. BURROWS, Supt.

November 19th 1855. 25

Cheap Saddlery Shop.

WM. BOWEN & SON, 93

AT THE SIGN OF THE *Golden Saddle*, COLUMBIA ST., Second Story.

A RE now offering the greatest inducements that ever were offered in the market to lease with any thing in the line of Saddlery, as we are now short but the best Masters stock, and all work made on the premises.

Always on hand heavy Tea Harness.

Lap Saddles from $7 00 to $10 00.

A full lot of Ladies Saddles from $12 00 to $40 00.

Plain Harness for buggy and carriage, silver and brass trimmed, from $15 00 to $50 00.

A all in fact every thing in their line of business, at the lowest rates. Nov. 24, 1855. 1y13

New Goods
And Very Cheap.

THE undersigned is now opening a fine assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries

in Edsall's Building, one door north of Reed's Drug Store, where he respectfully invites the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity to call and examine for themselves. Also on wholesale, a large lot of

YANKEE NOTIONS,

which will be sold low to the trade.

C. P. FERRY.

October 19th.

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

RUN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

SEVEN sizes Patent Brass Stoves, very cheap and heavy plated, at BRANDRIFF'S.

RUSSIA NAIL ROOD—500 bundles, 25 lbs. each, just received at R. W. TAYLOR.

BLACKSMITH, Joiners, Coopers, and Wagon Makers TOOLS, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

CHAINS—Cable, Log, Bonding, Trace and Halter Chains, at R. W. TAYLOR.

SWEDES IRON—A large stock of nearly all sizes can be found at R. W. TAYLOR.

AXES, Sneads, Railways, View Stock and Dare, and a general assortment of Blacksmith's Tools, R. W. TAYLOR.

AXES—Simmons' and Lippincott's, Ohio and Mishawaka Patters, at R. W. TAYLOR.

ROAD AXLES of various brands can be had at R. W. TAYLOR.

PLANES—Smything, Jack, Jointers, Fore and Match Planes, just received by R. W. TAYLOR.

AXES—Hunt & Simmon's celebrated Axes, at R. W. TAYLOR

LANTERNS—the best assortment in town can be had at R. W. TAYLOR.

SHOT—50 bags assorted numbers, for sale low by R. W. TAYLOR.

LEAD PIPE—from 1 to 24 inches, for sale low by R. W. TAYLOR.

WINDOW GLASS—several hundred boxes of all size and best brands, for sale at a small advance on manufacturer's prices. R. W. TAYLOR.

SASH—Pine an Poplar, a very large stock for sale at manufacturer's prices. R. W. TAYLOR.

SAWS—Hess, Patent, Ground, Mill and Circular Saws, together with Rowland's and other brands. R. W. TAYLOR.

SEAT SPRINGS—light and heavy, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

AXLES and BUGGIES SPRINGS of nearly all sizes can be found at R. W. TAYLOR's.

KETTLES—Brass and Porcelaine, at R. W. TAYLOR'S

LEAD—3000 lbs, Stamped Bar Lead, just received by R. W. TAYLOR.

IRON—A complete assortment of bar, round and square, oval, half-round, band, high, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.

SPIKES—Wrought and Cut, from 3 to 8 inches R. W. TAYLOR.

SPIKES, at R. W. TAYLOR.

WATER LIME. The Oswego and Sandusky City Water Lime, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

IF you want a good set of Tea Cups at 25 cents, and up to $1 50, or any other Queensware, call at OLD No 3.

100 SACKS RIO COFFEE, 50 chests Tea, various kinds, 150 boxes Glass, assorted sizes, 50 boxes Tobacco, choice brands, 25 bbl. Cut and Dry Tobacco, 40 boxes M. R. Raisins, 50 quarter boxes do, 25 gals Golden Syrup, Oranges, Lemons, &c. &c. 100 bundle Wrapping Paper, assorted sizes; A supply of Cap and Letter Paper.

The above GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, are now being received and will be sold to the country trade low.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street,
April 11, 1855. FORT WAYNE.

FARMERS' DEPOT
Again in Full Blast!

Now the time for Bargains!!

THE celebrated CHEAP STORE is now filled up with a superb lot of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

to which public attention is called, as they must and shall be sold, and that too at such extraordinary

Low Prices

that buyers will save money by purchasing. *A Pennsylvania Dutchman and a Yankee* in the employment of the Depot have now a chance to buy themselves rich.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

are invited to examine the stock, as they can be supplied on such terms as will obviate the necessity of their going east.

The stock of DRESS GOODS includes Alpacas, De Laines, French Merinoes, all colors and qualities; black silks and colored Silks—the best ever in Market; Calicoes, Ginghams, new styles.

Mouse Ladies and Velvet TRIMMINGS, all Widths and colors.

A beautiful assortment of Bonnet, Toilets, and Fancy RIBBONS of all colors.

Bonnets, Moss, Comforters, and a full stock of Hosiery.

SHAWLS—A large stock—single and double Broche, Paisl, Merinoes, &c.

CARPETING—In great variety, and cheaper than ever before in Fort Wayne.

Nails, Glass, Wooden Ware, Stone Ware,

Also, a full stock of

GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

Farmers, bring us your Produce,

and exchange it for Goods. You will get the highest prices, and shall have goods low.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Oct. 27.

CLOTH, Cassimeres, Vestings, Satinets, Tweeds, Jeans and Linseys, at OREFS.

OIL CLOTH CARPETING.

NEW Patterns just received and for sale by Sept. 19 WM. T. ABBOTT.

PAPER HANGINGS.

2000 Rolls of elegant Paper Hangings just arrived in time and ready for inspection at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia St.

Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Nurserymen, Fruit Growers and Farmers

THE NEW YORK

Horticultural Review:

A JOURNAL OF RURAL ART.

Superbly and Profusely Illustrated—Devoted to the Advancement of the Rural Interests in America.

THIS is one of the largest and most elaborate works of the kind in the world.

Rural architecture is one of the principal features. Each number contains from two to four engravings of model cottages, from designs by eminent and skilful architects. Space is also assigned to the material art of landscape gardening, engraved plans of gardens in every style, and adapted to the requirements of different orders of architecture, beautify the work.

Engravings of new fruits, new flowers, new vegetables, &c. are illustrated and described as soon as their merits or qualities can be determined, furnishing the most complete and elegant Manual of Rural Embellishment ever attempted.

An occasional design of practical writers, seven in number are engaged to fill its columns.

It contains twenty large pages, and is printed on the finest pearl surfaced paper, materials used expressly.

TERMS—$2 per annum, payable invariably in advance. Fifty cents commission on each subscriber allowed to those who act as agents. $1,000 will be distributed at the end of the year among those who send in the twenty large at Hole of subscribers. These premiums will be paid in cash. The first premium will be $500.

The following are selected from hundreds of similar notices, voluntarily contributed by cotemporaneous publications.

The Horticultural Review deserves the most liberal patronage. It is not only eminently practical, but is written in a style that equals the best efforts of the late A. J. Downing.—*Knickerbocker.*

The most elegant and useful book of the kind that has ever come under our observation.—*Register.*

The Rural Engine, the Prince of the Horticultural Review is a practical pomologist, and one of the finest scholars our country boasts of. He possesses the glowing descriptive powers of Dickens, the elegant gossip of Walpole, combined with a thorough knowledge of rural art.—*State Prison Tribune.*

Farmers—buy it for your sons—buy it for your daughters. It is a rich intellectual treat; a rare combination of the beautiful and the useful.—*Argus N Y.*

We had thought that in Downing's death, the old era at advocate of rural adornment had become only a cherished remembrance; but in Mr Peaglee we discover an equally rich mine of mental wealth, that lends to the spirit that is gone.—*Mechanics Tribune.*

Advertisers will find this an unexpanded medium of publicity, as the Horticultural Review circulates extensively in every State on the Union. Advertisements inserted at the rate of $10 per page.

WOOD ENGRAVING

Those requiring wood Engravings can have their orders executed in an unrivalled manner. Steam architecture is given to views of ANIMALS, an experienced English Draughtsman is engaged for this express purpose. Persons living at a distance can forward a daguerreotype of the object (by mail) they wish engraved, which will be a sufficient guide to obtain a print *fac simile.* Stock Breeders will be delighted with our very liberal terms.

Our Exchange List is already very large. A further extension is not desirable, unless publishers are willing to give the above advertisement as several insertions in their respective papers.

Agricultural Books can be furnished on every useful art, from both English and American publishers, by enclosing to our address the price of the book required.

Specimen copies will be forwarded on the receipt of 13 cts in postage stamps.

C. NEAGLES Publisher,
Gen 28 209 Broadway, New York.

NEW YORK PARLORS—5 sizes of this celebrated Stove, very good article—above at BRANDRIFF

FRANKLIN STOVES, open front, the best in the market, at BRANDRIFF'S

RUSSIA Iron Stoves—2 very beautiful patterns, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

COOKING PARLORS, at BRANDRIFF'S.

OHIO Box Stoves—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S

UNION Box Stoves—2 sizes new patern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

THREE sizes of Ten Plate Stoves, at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate. For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

NEW CARPETINGS.

THE largest and best selected stock of Woolen Carpeting ever opened in Fort Wayne may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia street. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Gas Pipe & Fixture Notice.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

20 to 22 Cts. per Ft. for Pipes.

WE have received our stock of Gas Pipes of the best makers in the country, warranted for Steam or Gas purposes, and to

Stand the full pressure of the Inspector's Pump.

Our Pipes will be put up with CEMENT (not with lead)—the usual eastern mode of putting up pipes. Our

FITTINGS

are heavier than usual, and of the best quality. Our work shall be done in the very best order, and we are responsible for all damages that may occur.

Our Fixtures

are from the most celebrated manufacturers in the country, which we offer

At Philadelphia Prices.

Our whole stock has been selected from practical men long engaged in the business. Orders for Gas, Steam, and Water Pipes, left with D. W. MAPLES or H. Durrie, will be promptly attended to

H. DURRIE.

S. P. 15, 1855.

NEW GOODS.

No. 79 MAIN STREET. **OAKLEY & SON,** No. 79 MAIN STREET.

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH.)

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which they flatter themselves, is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware.—A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little articles necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

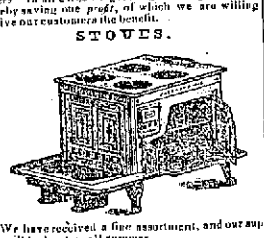
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades, Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's, Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most approved patterns. *Warranted*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is are large, well selected in view of *this market, and purchased direct of the manufacturers* or of the *importers.* In all cases we get our goods of *first hands,* thereby saving one *profit,* of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do all kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.

April 11 h, 1855.

200 KEGS Judson Nails, just received and for sale by H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Aug 10, 1855.

United States Mail Line!

Three TIMES a Week. ALLEN COUNTY Three TIMES a Week.

Fort Wayne & Goshen Stage.

THE subscriber is now running a Line of Stages three times a week, from Fort Wayne to Goshen, via Huffer's Corners, Grantsburg, Marion, Wolf Lake, Fort Mitchell, Albion, Rochester, Ligonier, Richville, and Benton.

Leaves Fort Wayne and Goshen every *Monday, Wednesday and Friday* mornings at seven o'clock.

Fort Wayne and Liberty Mills.

A HACK will leave Fort Wayne for Liberty Mills, via Bayless' Saw Mill, Lord P. O., Maring & Pracy Settlements, every Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, arriving at 6 o'clock P. M. Leaves Liberty Mills for Fort Wayne on Saturday Morning, at 7 o'clock.

LIVERY STABLE.

In connection with the above, he also keeps a Livery Stable on MAIN STREET, north east the State Bank.

Horses and Carriages

of all descriptions for hire on reasonable terms.

MATTHIAS GLYNN.

Fort Wayne, July 14th, 1855.

Stone Coal!

THE subscriber informs Blacksmiths and others that he has opened a Coal Yard on the Canal bank, immediately west of the City Mills, where he offers for sale 2,000 bushels of

PITTSBURGH COAL

first quality, at the lowest rates; also, 2d quality also very cheap. A full supply will be constantly kept on hand.

F. W. BUSCHMAN.

Fort Wayne, July 27, 1855 1 6m

A. L. HANNA,

(successor to *F. S. Avolino.*)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 89 Columbia Street,

KEEPS constantly on hand a complete assortment of BOOTS and SHOES for *Ladies, Gents, Misses and Misses* wear, being the LARGEST, CHEAPEST, and Best Assorted Stock of any establishment in this vicinity.

Custom Work.

He has made arrangements with PETER KLINE, the *Premium Boot Maker* of this County, for the manufacture of

Fine French Calf Boots & Shoes

for Customers only, and is confident that he can give good satisfaction in that line, both as to fit and wear.

Fort Wayne, April 14 1855

IF you would see yourself as others see you buy one of these splendid LOOKING GLASSES at GIFFORD'S

June 30 1855.

Country Merchants & Grocers,

INSTEAD of going to Toledo or Cincinnati to purchase Groceries, you will find it much to your interest to purchase of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS Wholesale Grocers, No. 85, Columbia street, Fort Wayne. By so doing you will save the expense of going further, and, in many cases, the entire cost of freight.

Williams & Huestis having made their purchases with direct reference to the country trade, are selling at a very small advance above the Eastern and Cincinnati prices.

☞ Don't forget the place No. 85 Columbia street.

FORT WAYNE

STEAM BOILER WORKS,

N. McLACHLAN & Co.,

Proprietors, Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE above extensive establishment having just been put on operation is prepared to do all kinds of BOILER WORK, such as

High and Low Pressure Boilers,

of all sizes and descriptions.

LARD TANKS, SMOKE STACKS, WATER TANKS, &c., &c.

In a thorough and workmanlike manner.

From the twenty years experience of N. McLachlan in the above business, the last three of which were with Messrs Cowles and Clark, Mount Vernon, we feel confident that we can make it the interest of those wishing any thing in our line, to give us a call.

Old boilers bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

Repairs promptly attended to.

Fort Wayne, May 4th, 1855 y44

Notice.

JUST received by R. W. OAKLEY & SON a splendid assortment of

CHANDELIERS,

Pendants, Hall Lights, Brackets, &c., &c.

Those wishing to secure a nice article are requested to call and examine our stock.

GAS FITTING

Done in the neatest manner.

We will fit up any house without soiling or damage in the least. All are invited to examine our work and goods. November 24th, 1855.

HARDWARE.

I AM now receiving one of the largest and best assorted stocks of heavy Hardware ever before opened at this market, consisting in part of Iron, Nails, Glass, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.

Fort Wayne, September 29.

J. D. WERDEN & Co.,

City Drug Store

CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE, IND.,

HAVE just received a large and beautifully selected stock of

LUBINS

MUCH ADMIRED FRENCH EXTRACTS,

for the Handkerchief and Toilet, surpassing all other for elegance and durability of perfume.

Jules Haule's and Roussel's

Renowned Preparations for the Hair and Toilet.

French and American CARICATURES and FANCY TOILET, and SHAVING SOAPS in endless variety.

An extensive assortment of

HAIR BRUSHES

of a quality to suit the most fastidious.

Tooth, Nail, and Clothes Brushes.

The celebrated

INDIAN RUBBER DRESSING COMBS,

Under the Patent of Goodyear & Co.

BUFFALO AND ENGLISH HORN COMBS, &c., &c., &c.

☞ Cheap ☜ 47

175 Pieces New Style CALICOES beautiful patterns.

100 pieces Mouslins de Laine Lawns, Lawn Robes, De Laine Robes, Ginghams, &c. &c.

For sale by J. W. TOWALET & Co.

PIANO FORTE WARE ROOM.

C. I. HILL, having opened rooms for the sale of

PIANO FORTES,

AND OTHER

Musical Instruments,

would say to the public that he is now receiving a fine stock of Boardman & Gray's celebrated Pianos, with and without the

DULCE CAMPANA ATTACHMENT.

This attachment combines more richness and beauty of tone than was ever before attained in the Piano Forte. I a particular qualities are clearness in brilliancy and delicacy of tone, which fill upon the ear with a surpassing softness, like the chaming peals of Eolian bells.

Messrs Boardman & Gray's Pianos, besides their other excellences, are warranted to be of great durability and wear longer than any others made.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of

Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

He is daily expecting a consignment of Stoddart's superior Piano Fortes. 6m 17.

ALLEN COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agent for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the *New Labor saving* Machines so much needed by our farmers. Already desired a niche can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st 1852.

Composition Cement Roofing.

THE subscriber has made arrangement and procured the necessary materials for covering buildings with the popular Composition and Gravel Roofing. This system of Roofing has given universal satisfaction wherever it has been introduced, and is rapidly superseding all other. Its great advantages are durability, cheapness, lightness, and perfect safety from fire recommend it to all persons erecting good buildings. Though fully equal to tin in every respect, the cost is less than one half—but little more in fact than pine shingles.

For specimens the public are invited to examine the new 3 story Cabinet Shop of J. M. Miller, and Cooper's new Car Factory, south of A. Hamilton

HENRY CHAMBERLAIN.

Oct 10. y18

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Kettles, Long's No 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by JONES, BASS & CO.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 19 1855. 1125.

Steam Elevators,

Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane,

FORT WAYNE.

PLATT & Co having bought the Washtenaw and Mill lately occupied by Lindsey & McCulloch, are prepared to do a

Commission & Forwarding Business,

and will promptly attend to all goods and produce entrusted to them.

Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.

The highest price paid for Grain and all kinds of produce.

For Fort Wayne, Jan. 19th, 1855. y26

1855 COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO. 1855

COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

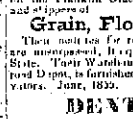
Receive and Forward Goods by the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, and Wabash & Erie Canal.

AGENTS for the EUREKA LINE on the Wabash & Erie Canal for the sale of E. & T. Fairbank's Scales; for the sale of Dupont's Powder; and also, for the Franklin Glass Works. Buyers, receivers and shippers of

Grain, Flour & Produce.

Their facilities for receiving and shipping goods are unsurpassed, located, by any house in the State. Their Warehouses on the Canal, at the Rolling Mill Depot, is furnished with superior Steam Elevators. June, 1855.

DENTISTRY.



DR. KNAPP, having opened an office in Fort Wayne, is prepared to waitupon all who may favor him with their patronage.

His new style of attaching teeth to the plate with raised and double backings, is universally admitted to be a great improvement. They secure a more natural shape, are susceptible of a much higher finish, impart twice the strength, and perfectly correct the defect of the teeth becoming detached from the plate, so common with the flat backings.

Teeth fitted with care and fidelity.

Special attention will be given to all diseases of the mouth which appropriately come under the care of surgeon dentistry.

I. KNAPP M. D.

Fort Wayne, April 7th, 1855 1y40

DRY GOODS.

2000 Pieces Fall Prints. 20 pieces Wool Delaines.
150 " " Delaines. 60 " Red Flannell.
25 " Persian Cords. 20 " white "
45 " Blk Alpacas. 15 " orange "
50 " Colored " 4 cases Mon's Ginghams

By the yard or piece at J. & C. OREFS.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S

STEAM MARBLE Free & Lime Stone Works, On the Canal, near the Rockhill House, FORT WAYNE, IND.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!

20 PIECES two and three ply Carpets of beautiful colors and patterns

5 pieces Stair Carpets and Rugs—Matting, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.

OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and width, 4-4 5-4 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

August 10 h, 1855.

Fort Wayne Machine Shop & Foundry.

THE subscribers having formed a co partnership for the manufacture of

RAIL ROAD CARS, CAR WHEELS, MILL GEARING, MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS, STOVES, PLOWS AND CASTING

of every description, are prepared to execute work in the finest and most approved styles.

Our Works, recently erected, *adjacent to the Depot Grounds* of the several Rail Roads, are large and extensive, and having a direct connection with the Canal, we are prepared to execute and deliver the best work on the most expeditious manner—Repairing and setting up of all kinds of Machinery promptly executed.

We invite the call of Rail Road Contractors, Bridge Builders, and others, to giving any work of the kind above specified, before going elsewhere, as our location and facilities for business enable us to do work on the most favorable terms, and to deliver it without delay.

JONES BASS & CO.

Hezekiah Jones, Fort Wayne.
Sam'l W. Greene S.
Seth S. Bass.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 19th 1855. 1y22

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for any amount of WHITE or BLACK OAK BARK delivered either at our Store on *Columbia street,* under the Telegraph office, or at our Tannery on the Feeder Canal:

White Oak, per Cord..... $3 00
Black " " 4 00

Fort Wayne, March 1st, 1855 H. C. GREY & CO.

BARK! BARK

WE will pay the following prices for BARK delivered on the Canal, or Feeder, or St. Joseph River, at a convenient place for loading within five miles of this city.

White Oak Bark, per Cord..... $2 00
Black " " 3 00

Fort Wayne, March 1st. H. C. GREY & Co.

10000 Hides Wanted.

FOR which we will pay 3½ cents per lb green, and 8 cents per lb for prime dry Hides.

H. C. GREY & Co.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be found a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes Hats & Caps,

And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

Oct 15. y 15

BOSTICK & BOLMAN

BEG leave to inform their friends and old customers, that they have now on hand their entire stock of FALL and WINTER

CLOTHING,

Consisting of every variety of Coats, Pants, Vests and Under Clothing, finer and better than was ever brought to this market. They have also a general assortment of

Piece Goods

Which they will make to measure on the most reasonable terms and warrant to fit every time.

They have also a large stock of

Caticoes, De Laines, & Muslins,

and Dress Goods of every description that they will sell low for cash or wholesale or retail.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 6th. No. 92 Columbia Street.

NEW HARDWARE

H. DURRIE,

No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place of

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,

CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,

Axes Chopping Spring, Axes, Bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times in *shape, and warranted quality.*

Building Materials

of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use. y24

FARMER'S GOODS,

comprising every kind of Cutting, from a Tilter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes Forks, &c., &c.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found.

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons

SOLAR LAMPS,

And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Sets, Curtain Cornices and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.

Fort Wayne, Aug 31st, 1853.

I HAVE just received and offer for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No. 123 and 125, Columbia st.

R. W. TAYLOR.

Dec. 12, 1853

Elegant Confections.

PRESERVED GINGER, Citrons, Fine Rose Gum Drops, for sale by J. D. WERDEN & Co

German Books.

FOR Sale at the Farmer's Depot, Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Book, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kraussel's History of the German Nation Luther's Works, Klinger's edition, 51 volumes, price $50 Wittenberger's edition, $15, Inspir edition, $26—Hirsshberger Bible, late edition, $4; Brockhaus Convers. Sons Lexicon, late edition, 15 volumes.—And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice.

April 28.

HENRY WILLIAMS. A. C. HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne,

Constantly keep on hand

Groceries of all Kinds,

Such as Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Buggy and Door Mats, Tubs, Buckets, Wash Boards.

AXES, NAILS, GLASS,

Sash, Stone, and Earthenware, Glassware, Flour, Cheese, Cotton Batting, Cotton Yarn, Dyestuffs, Hatchets, Shovels, Lead, Powder, Gun Caps, Forks, Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Wrapping Twine, Candle Wicking, &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Will save money by purchasing their Groceries of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, as they sell at a very small advance above Eastern and Cincinnati market

FARMERS

will at all times receive the highest cash price for all kinds of produce.

Fort Wayne, January 6th, 1853

10,000 GALLONS STONEWARE at the Lafayette No 8

REMOVED.

The undersigned, proprietor of the

Boston Dry Goods Store,

has removed to the CHEKERED STORE ADDITION, Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office where he has fitted up rooms in the most elegant style and will continue the

Wholesale & Retail DRY GOODS BUSINESS,

in all of its branches, and on the most favorable terms. Grateful for the liberal patronage he has received from the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, at the old stand, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same at the new, and flatters himself, by giving his whole attention to the Dry Goods Trade, that he can make it, for the interest of all, to call and examine his goods before purchasing elsewhere.

WM. T. ABBOTT.

P. S. Remember the place, *The Checkered Store,* No. 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office.

Fort Wayne, August 10th, 1855.

Summit City Factory,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE are prepared to manufacture WOOL ON THE SHARE and CASH, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.

Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of

WOOLEN GOODS,

as we are determined to sell a *Good Article* as low as can be purchased in the East. We have also, a

Select of Machinery,

and an assortment of

Machine Cards, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c.,

which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.

H. RUDISILL & SON.

January 20th, 1855. 1y29

1850 1850

J. S. HILL. A. S. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal Advances made on Produce* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Hasbell & Co., *Toledo.* Ayres & Tuttle, *New York*
Smith Robinson & Co. " Rose, Page & Co. "
Collins, Brown & Co. " Kimberley, Parks & Co. *Pittsburgh*
Peckham & Scott. " C. D. Kennedy & Co. *Cincinnati*
Field & King. " John Burch. *Do*
Kirk & Lawson, *Piqua, Ohio.* H. B. Mayo. *Do*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1849.

REAL PREMIUM
DAGUERREOTYPES

Sweet copy, for more dear to me,
Lifelike, undying as love art.
Thou art the treasure hoard any expression to be
Save her who placed the next my heart.—

MR. A. M. DON D. returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity for their liberal patronage, and respectfully invites them to call, examine specimens of his pictures, and see the perfection to which the Daguerreian art has arrived.

His Pictures exhibited at the late State Fair, at Lafayette, were universally admitted to be far superior to any collection of pictures there, for which he was awarded a Premium and Diploma.

Those who want perfect copies of themselves or friends are respectfully invited to call and see the

Real Premium Pictures

(not those styled so only by the advertiser) at Mr McDonald's Rooms, No. 3 Phœnix Block, Calhoun street.

Instructions given in the Art, and Apparatus and Materials furnished on the lowest terms.

We, the undersigned, who attended the late State Fair at Lafayette, take pleasure in certifying that Mr. A. McDonald's Daguerreotypes were unanimously admitted to be far superior to any other exhibited at the Fair.

Mrs Samuel Edsall, Wm Rockhill,
Mrs. T. N. Hood, E. G. Nelson,
Miss Louisa Hamilton, A. J. Avery,
Miss Dora Edsall, Joshua Holmes,
Dr. E. Pierce, C. W. Nuttehurst,
T. N. Hood, James Story,
Mrs Mary Koop, E. P. Rudisill,
John Stapleford, Obancey Oakley,
James Vandagriff, Wm. Hamilton.

EMBROIDERY, &c.,

100 pieces Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Muslin and Lace Collars, Under Sleeves, Under Handkis, Cambric Handkis Curtain Muslins, Jaconet, Swiss, Mull and Cross bared Muslins, Bishop and Victoria Lawns, &c. &c For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co

T. THE BEST YOUNG HYSON in the country. J. & C. OREF.

TIME out Y. H. & BLK TEA, at OREFS.

WM. M'LEAN. P. L. WEAVER.

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines, *Congress Street, near Lafayette,*

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old once. y24

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

1853 FORT WAYNE 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C. WOWLER. 30 EPH STORY.

STORY & WOWLER,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.

Railroad, Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shares, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

G. H. B. REED,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies.

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be